

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(77.7523, 0.3460, 0.3395)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(77.7523, 0.3460, 0.3395)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFDDD2
RGB	255, 221, 210
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1334, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	15°, 100%, 91%
HSV	15°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	78.7441, 77.6260, 71.8075
YIQ	229.9120, 23.7950, 3.7870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

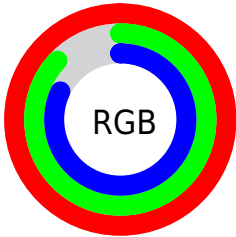
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 225, 210
Decimal	16768466
CIE Lab	90.61, 10.08, 9.72
CIE LCh	91, 14.004, 43.961
Yxy	77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958546 (0xFFFFDDD2)
YUV	229.9120, -9.8166, 22.0022
Hunter-Lab	88.1056, 5.3489, 13.3516

# Details

The Yxy color **77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **85.6341, 0.2854, 0.3175**, and the grayscale version is **79.1163, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **41.6785, 0.3523, 0.3421** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.8473, 0.3686, 0.3470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.7623, 0.3254, 0.3337**.

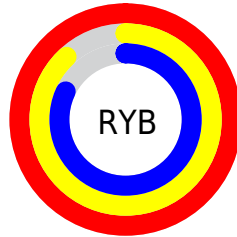
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (87%)

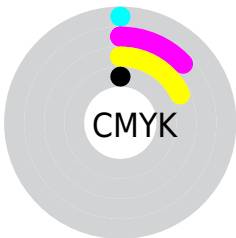
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (82%)

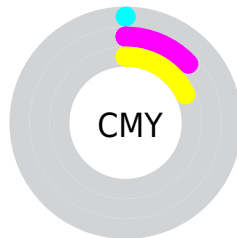


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)


Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.6260, 0.3451,  
0.3402

 77.6260, 0.3451,  
0.3402


486.8957, 0.3302,  
0.3353

 57.7668, 0.3485,  
0.3413


130.0228, 0.3399,  
0.3385

 41.6212, 0.3527,  
0.3426


163.3291, 0.3379,  
0.3379

 28.8048, 0.3580,  
0.3441


201.8867, 0.3362,  
0.3373

 18.9332, 0.3649,  
0.3461

246.0798, 0.3347,  
0.3368

 11.6220, 0.3742,  
0.3487

296.2928, 0.3333,  
0.3364

 6.4869, 0.3876,  
0.3521

352.9102, 0.3322,

 3.1433, 0.4082,

0.3360

0.3567

416.3164, 0.3311,  
0.3356

■ 1.2070, 0.4499,  
0.3676

■ 0.0674, 0.8214,  
0.1786

■ 77.6260, 0.3451,  
0.3402

■ 77.6260, 0.3451,  
0.3402

■ 66.8473, 0.3686,  
0.3470

■ 89.7623, 0.3254,  
0.3337

■ 57.3976, 0.3965,  
0.3539

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 49.2183, 0.4291,  
0.3602

■ 42.2539, 0.4660,  
0.3653

■ 36.4448, 0.5058,  
0.3682

■ 31.7262, 0.5453,  
0.3676

■ 28.0260, 0.5804,  
0.3629

■ 25.2613, 0.6069,  
0.3543

■ 24.7315, 0.6121,  
0.3522

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6260, 0.3382, 0.3260



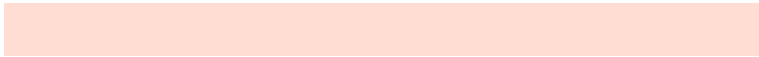
77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402



77.6260, 0.3430, 0.3519

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402



77.6260, 0.3007, 0.3459



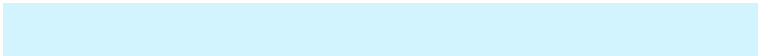
77.6260, 0.2926, 0.3012

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



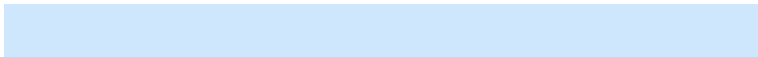
77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402



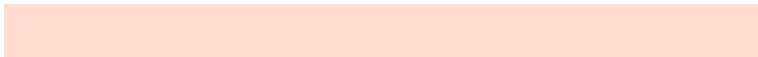
85.6341, 0.2854, 0.3175

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.6260, 0.2832, 0.3056



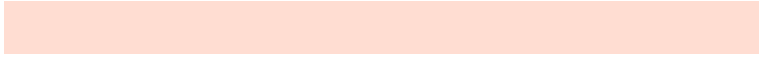
77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402



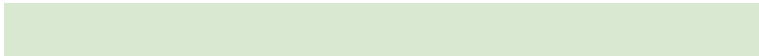
77.6260, 0.2878, 0.3313

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402



77.6260, 0.3171, 0.3558



77.6260, 0.2814, 0.3164



77.6260, 0.3076, 0.3039

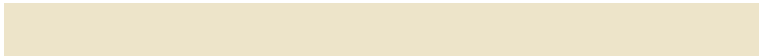


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402



77.6260, 0.3369, 0.3567



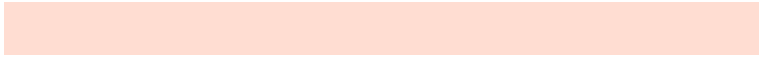
77.6260, 0.2814, 0.3164



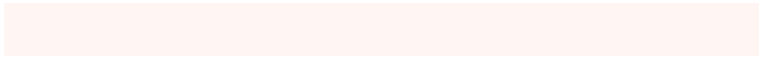
77.6260, 0.2887, 0.3018

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.6193, 0.3451, 0.3402



93.2099, 0.3208, 0.3320



73.9174, 0.3220, 0.2949



19.7527, 0.3220, 0.3325



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.6193, 0.3451, 0.3402



73.8553, 0.3525, 0.3425



90.0152, 0.3413, 0.3618



18.7070, 0.3288, 0.3349



13.1164, 0.6093, 0.3544

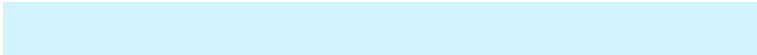


1.4393, 0.5877, 0.3715

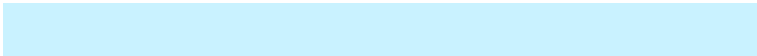


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.6341, 0.2854, 0.3175



83.1623, 0.2804, 0.3151



73.1664, 0.2842, 0.2939



19.6860, 0.2980, 0.3231



23.8921, 0.2022, 0.2478

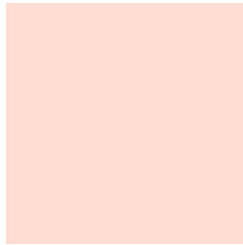


2.4968, 0.2051, 0.2582



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

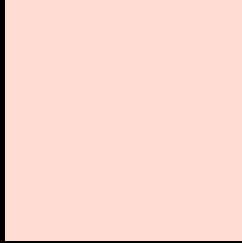
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

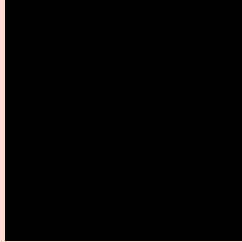
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

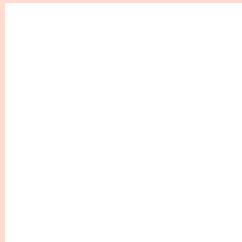
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402.

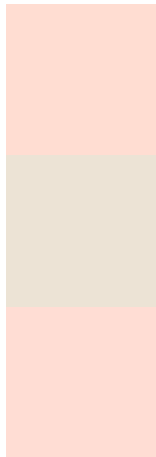


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402

### Protanopia

77.5751, 0.3282, 0.3438

### Deuteranopia

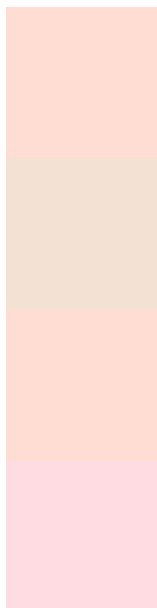
77.7264, 0.3436, 0.3382



## Tritanopia

77.8635, 0.3285, 0.3141

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402

## Protanomaly

77.6586, 0.3342, 0.3425

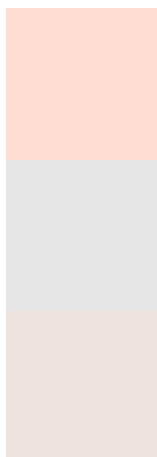
## Deuteranomaly

77.6761, 0.3443, 0.3392

## Tritanomaly

77.8826, 0.3346, 0.3241

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402

## Achromatopsia

79.1298, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

78.6166, 0.3237, 0.3332

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 221, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 221, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 221, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 221, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 221, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 221, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 221, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 221, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 221,  
210) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 77.6260, 0.3451, 0.3402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 221, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
221, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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