

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(77.7561, 0.2757, 0.4325)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(77.7561, 0.2757, 0.4325)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CFFAE
RGB	108, 255, 174
RGB Percent	42%, 100%, 68%
CMY	0.5763, 0.0000, 0.3176
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.32, 0.00
HSL	147°, 100%, 71%
HSV	147°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	49.5892, 77.7641, 52.4481
YIQ	201.8130, -61.6110, -56.3550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

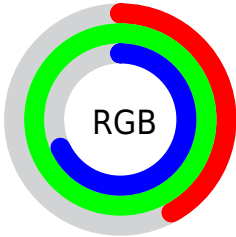
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">108, 209, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7143342</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.67, -57.27, 27.14</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 63.379, 154.647</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285333422 (0xFF6CFFAE)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">201.8130, -13.7118, -82.2740</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.1840, -53.9445, 26.4656</a>

# Details

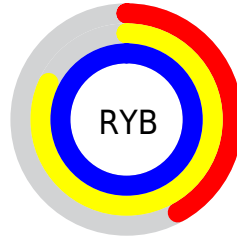
The Yxy color **77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **35.6698, 0.3886, 0.2485**, and the grayscale version is **59.0652, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.7792, 0.2772, 0.3570**, and **41.6201, 0.2654, 0.4599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.8748, 0.2733, 0.4544**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.1845, 0.2800, 0.4112**.

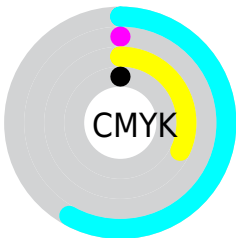
# Distribution



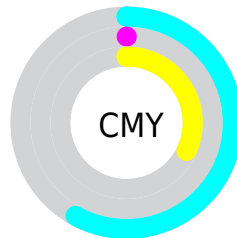
- Red (42%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.7641, 0.2758,  
0.4325

 77.7641, 0.2758,  
0.4325


487.3653, 0.2943,  
0.3819


 57.8802, 0.2712,  
0.4447


 130.2175, 0.2825,  
0.4144

 41.7124, 0.2654,  
0.4600


 163.5559, 0.2850,  
0.4076

 28.8761, 0.2577,  
0.4800


 202.1478, 0.2872,  
0.4017

 18.9871, 0.2473,  
0.5068

246.3777, 0.2890,  
0.3967

 11.6610, 0.2322,  
0.5445

296.6300, 0.2906,  
0.3923

 6.5133, 0.2089,  
0.6007


353.2891, 0.2920,


 3.1596, 0.1715,


0.3884


0.6973


416.7394, 0.2932,  
0.3850


 1.2156, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 0.0744, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 77.7641, 0.2758,  
0.4325


 77.7641, 0.2758,  
0.4325

 75.8748, 0.2733,  
0.4544


 80.1845, 0.2800,  
0.4112


 74.4634, 0.2726,  
0.4762

 83.1652, 0.2856,  
0.3910

 73.4816, 0.2740,  
0.4971

 86.7443, 0.2921,  
0.3722

 72.8621, 0.2772,  
0.5166

 90.9537, 0.2993,  
0.3551

 72.7454, 0.2781,  
0.5210

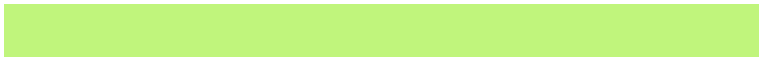
 95.8233, 0.3068,  
0.3396

99.9996, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.7641, 0.3470, 0.4663



77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



77.7641, 0.2185, 0.3581

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



77.7641, 0.2126, 0.2163



77.7641, 0.4558, 0.3475

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



35.6698, 0.3886, 0.2485

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.7641, 0.4115, 0.2942



77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



77.7641, 0.2652, 0.2225

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



77.7641, 0.1864, 0.2354



77.7641, 0.3382, 0.2502



77.7641, 0.4544, 0.4025



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



77.7641, 0.1948, 0.3063



77.7641, 0.3382, 0.2502



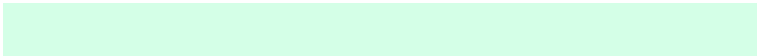
77.7641, 0.4458, 0.3292

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.7673, 0.2758, 0.4325



91.2409, 0.2998, 0.3540



83.7211, 0.3512, 0.4897



19.3354, 0.2983, 0.3573



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.7673, 0.2758, 0.4325



75.6544, 0.2730, 0.4574



81.3156, 0.2447, 0.3403



20.3037, 0.3054, 0.3424



38.0403, 0.2772, 0.5180



3.7255, 0.2711, 0.4960



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6698, 0.3886, 0.2485



29.9942, 0.4117, 0.2380



33.2988, 0.4792, 0.3200



18.1546, 0.3207, 0.3160



12.1368, 0.4748, 0.2389

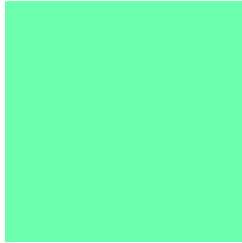


1.2038, 0.4524, 0.2266



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

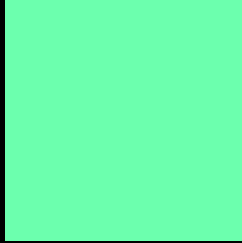
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

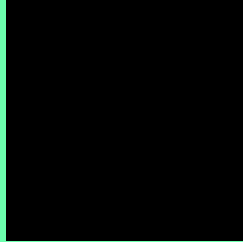
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

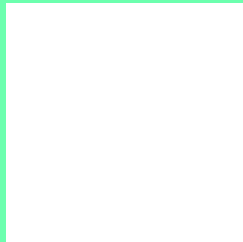
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325.

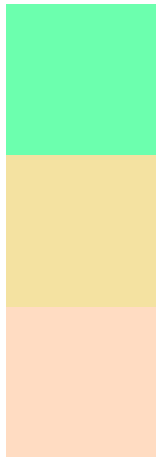


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325

### Protanopia

76.1990, 0.3698, 0.3972

### Deuteranopia

76.3414, 0.3567, 0.3557



## Tritanopia

77.3267, 0.2596, 0.3121

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



## Protanomaly

74.9236, 0.3279, 0.4117



## Deuteranomaly

74.4222, 0.3204, 0.3817



## Tritanomaly

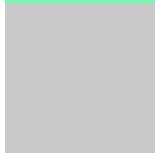
76.6354, 0.2647, 0.3515

# Monochromacy



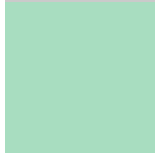
## Original Color

77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325



## Achromatopsia

59.0619, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

63.8435, 0.2947, 0.3652

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 255, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 255, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 255, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 255, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 255, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 255, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 255, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 255, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 255, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 255,  
174) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 77.7641, 0.2758, 0.4325 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 255, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
255, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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