

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(77.7964, 0.2992, 0.3056)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(77.7964, 0.2992, 0.3056)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E2F9
RGB	227, 226, 249
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 98%
CMY	0.1096, 0.1138, 0.0235
CMYK	0.09, 0.09, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	243°, 66%, 93%
HSV	243°, 9%, 98%
XYZ	75.9875, 77.5632, 100.5882
YIQ	228.9210, -6.7870, 7.3650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

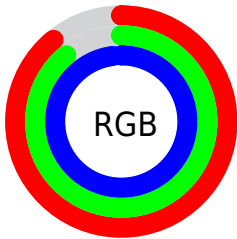
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 226, 249
Decimal	14934777
CIE Lab	90.58, 4.66, -11.03
CIE LCh	91, 11.972, 292.906
Yxy	77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293124857 (0xFFE3E2F9)
YUV	228.9210, 9.8989, -1.6847
Hunter-Lab	88.0700, -0.1111, -6.0685

# Details

The Yxy color `77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `93.1854, 0.3258, 0.3518`, and the grayscale version is `78.2309, 0.3127, 0.3290`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290`, and `41.7467, 0.2958, 0.2997` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `61.3956, 0.2822, 0.2762`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `96.2360, 0.3138, 0.3308`.

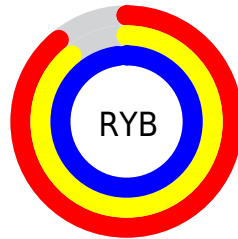
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (89%)

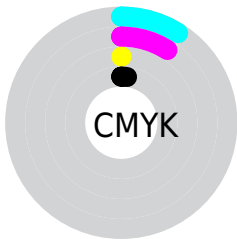
Blue (98%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (98%)

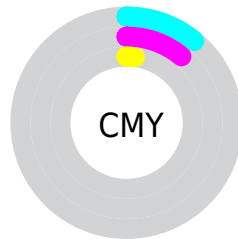


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.5632, 0.2990,  
0.3052

■ 77.5632, 0.2990,  
0.3052

486.6821, 0.3053,  
0.3160

■ 57.7152, 0.2976,  
0.3028

129.9342, 0.3012,  
0.3089

■ 41.5798, 0.2958,  
0.2999

163.2260, 0.3020,  
0.3103

■ 28.7724, 0.2936,  
0.2962

201.7679, 0.3028,  
0.3116

■ 18.9087, 0.2907,  
0.2914

245.9442, 0.3034,  
0.3127

■ 11.6043, 0.2868,  
0.2851

296.1394, 0.3040,  
0.3137

■ 6.4749, 0.2813,  
0.2762

352.7379, 0.3045,

■ 3.1359, 0.2728,

0.3145

0.2630

416.1240, 0.3049,  
0.3153

■ 1.2031, 0.2581,  
0.2409

■ 0.0642, 0.1619,  
0.0595

■ 77.5632, 0.2990,  
0.3052

■ 77.5632, 0.2990,  
0.3052

■ 61.3956, 0.2822,  
0.2762

■ 96.2360, 0.3138,  
0.3308

■ 47.6173, 0.2634,  
0.2441

■ 99.6196, 0.3162,  
0.3347

■ 36.1179, 0.2430,  
0.2095

■ 26.7747, 0.2218,  
0.1740

■ 19.4531, 0.2011,  
0.1396

■ 14.0037, 0.1823,  
0.1090

■ 10.2563, 0.1672,  
0.0847

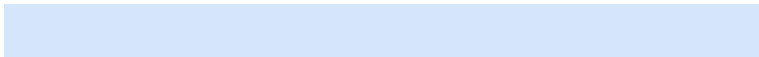
■ 8.0098, 0.1567,  
0.0688

■ 6.9693, 0.1513,  
0.0610

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.5632, 0.2892, 0.3072



77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052



77.5632, 0.3127, 0.3093

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052



77.5632, 0.3407, 0.3420



77.5632, 0.2987, 0.3400

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052



93.1854, 0.3258, 0.3518

# Split Complementary

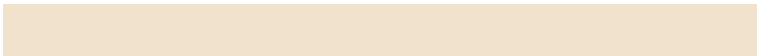
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.5632, 0.3123, 0.3499



77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052



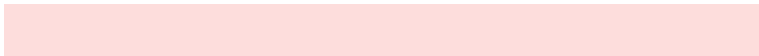
77.5632, 0.3366, 0.3508

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052



77.5632, 0.3370, 0.3302



77.5632, 0.3262, 0.3538



77.5632, 0.2890, 0.3271



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052



77.5632, 0.3222, 0.3149



77.5632, 0.3262, 0.3538



77.5632, 0.3030, 0.3438

# Sweetspot

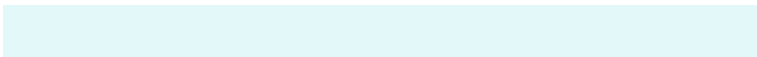
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.5665, 0.2990, 0.3052



93.8587, 0.3085, 0.3216



90.2850, 0.2984, 0.3282



19.7472, 0.3073, 0.3196



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.5665, 0.2990, 0.3052



78.6671, 0.2962, 0.3003



79.4481, 0.3065, 0.3057



16.6816, 0.2986, 0.3045



3.7179, 0.1514, 0.0608



0.3575, 0.1548, 0.0626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.2987, 0.3145, 0.3073



83.3068, 0.3148, 0.3031



91.1998, 0.3185, 0.3523



17.5098, 0.3145, 0.3067



14.0717, 0.3330, 0.1608

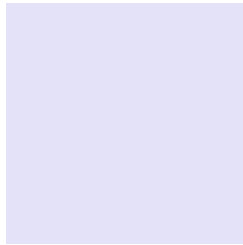


1.3075, 0.3314, 0.1599



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

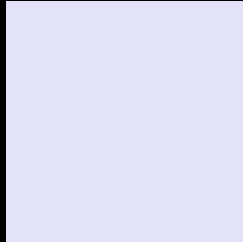
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

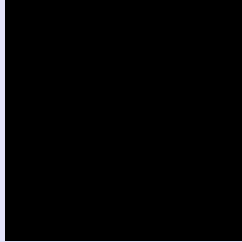
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052

### Protanopia

77.4010, 0.2983, 0.3052

### Deuteranopia

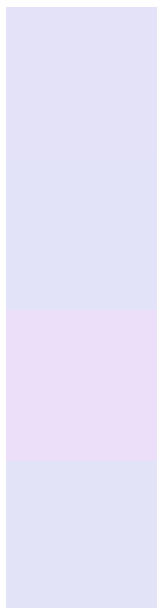
77.6699, 0.3071, 0.3008



## Tritanopia

77.6995, 0.3007, 0.3103

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052

## Protanomaly

77.4010, 0.2983, 0.3052

## Deuteranomaly

77.3396, 0.3037, 0.3015

## Tritanomaly

77.7607, 0.3001, 0.3093

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052

## Achromatopsia

78.3538, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

78.0369, 0.3077, 0.3206

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 226, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 226, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 226, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 226, 249) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 226, 249) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 226, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 226, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 226, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 226, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 226,  
249) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 77.5632, 0.2990, 0.3052$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 226, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
226, 249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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