

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(77.9025, 0.3174, 0.3303)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(77.9025, 0.3174, 0.3303)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E9E3E2
RGB	233, 227, 226
RGB Percent	91%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0865, 0.1097, 0.1138
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	9°, 14%, 90%
HSV	9°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	74.7850, 77.7528, 83.0054
YIQ	228.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

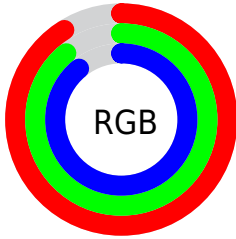
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	233, 227, 226
Decimal	15328226
CIE Lab	90.67, 1.82, 1.21
CIE LCh	91, 2.187, 33.459
Yxy	77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293518306 (0xFFE9E3E2)
YUV	228.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886
Hunter-Lab	88.1775, -2.9217, 5.9120

# Details

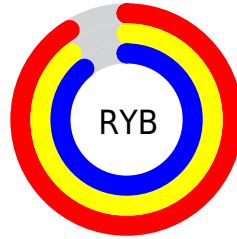
The Yxy color `77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `79.7049, 0.3081, 0.3279`, and the grayscale version is `78.1112, 0.3127, 0.3290`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290`, and `41.7924, 0.3181, 0.3304` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `66.3405, 0.3358, 0.3340`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `90.5926, 0.3025, 0.3265`.

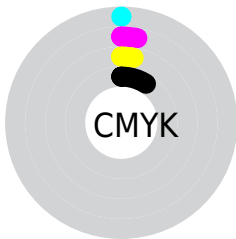
# Distribution



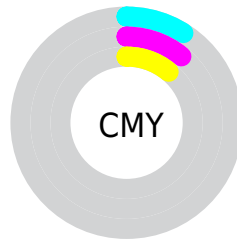
- Red (91%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.7528, 0.3175,  
0.3301

■ 77.7528, 0.3175,  
0.3301

487.3269, 0.3153,  
0.3296

■ 57.8709, 0.3180,  
0.3302

130.2016, 0.3167,  
0.3299

■ 41.7049, 0.3186,  
0.3303

163.5373, 0.3165,  
0.3299

■ 28.8703, 0.3194,  
0.3305

202.1264, 0.3162,  
0.3298

■ 18.9827, 0.3204,  
0.3307

246.3533, 0.3160,  
0.3298

■ 11.6578, 0.3217,  
0.3310

296.6025, 0.3158,  
0.3297

■ 6.5111, 0.3237,  
0.3314

353.2582, 0.3156,

■ 3.1583, 0.3267,

0.3297

0.3321

416.7048, 0.3155,  
0.3296

1.2149, 0.3319,  
0.3331

0.0738, 0.6084,  
0.3916

77.7528, 0.3175,  
0.3301

77.7528, 0.3175,  
0.3301

66.3405, 0.3358,  
0.3340

90.5926, 0.3025,  
0.3265

56.2965, 0.3581,  
0.3381

96.0541, 0.2993,  
0.3290

47.5724, 0.3852,  
0.3424

40.1131, 0.4177,  
0.3464

■ 33.8595, 0.4556,  
0.3499

■ 28.7479, 0.4979,  
0.3521

■ 24.7085, 0.5416,  
0.3521

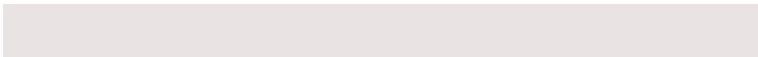
■ 21.6640, 0.5818,  
0.3495

■ 19.5261, 0.6128,  
0.3442

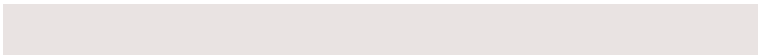
# Harmonies

## Analogous

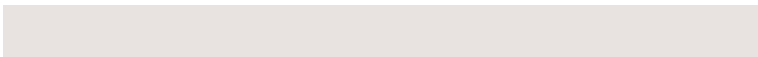
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.7528, 0.3160, 0.3278



77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301



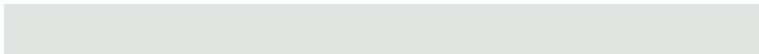
77.7528, 0.3177, 0.3321

# Triad

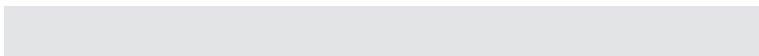
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301



77.7528, 0.3118, 0.3322



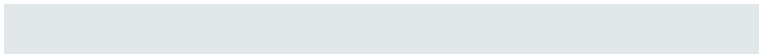
77.7528, 0.3089, 0.3247

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



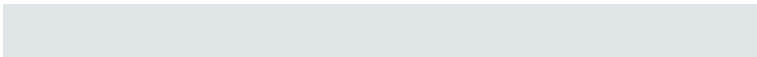
77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301



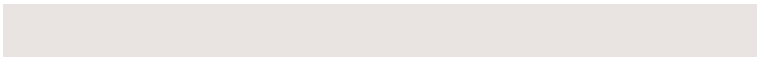
79.7049, 0.3081, 0.3279

# Split Complementary

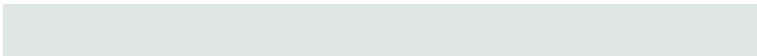
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.7528, 0.3078, 0.3259



77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301



77.7528, 0.3094, 0.3302

# Square

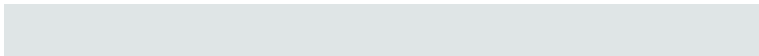
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



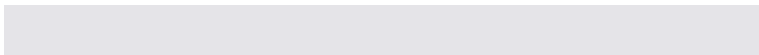
77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301



77.7528, 0.3144, 0.3334



77.7528, 0.3080, 0.3279



77.7528, 0.3111, 0.3247

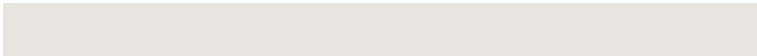


# Rectangle

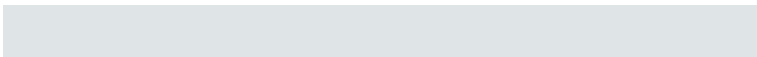
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



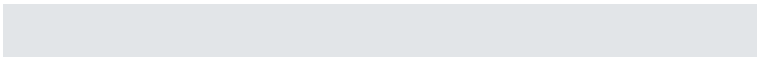
77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301



77.7528, 0.3171, 0.3330



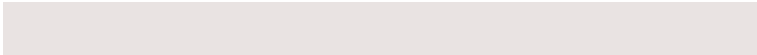
77.7528, 0.3080, 0.3279



77.7528, 0.3084, 0.3250

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.7562, 0.3175, 0.3301



98.4609, 0.3143, 0.3294



77.5255, 0.3137, 0.3227



21.0909, 0.3142, 0.3294



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

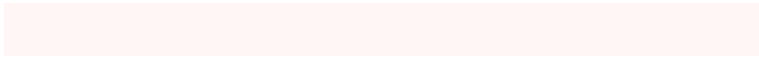


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.7562, 0.3175, 0.3301



93.9499, 0.3192, 0.3305



79.6163, 0.3173, 0.3336



16.6173, 0.3204, 0.3308



10.6169, 0.6257, 0.3414

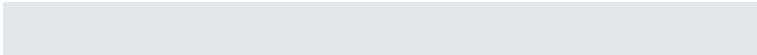


0.9457, 0.6026, 0.3597

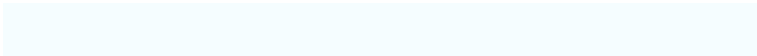


# Inverse Universe

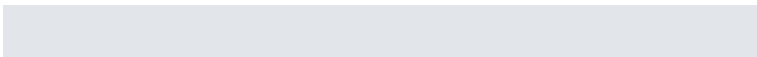
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.7049, 0.3081, 0.3279



97.1473, 0.3065, 0.3275



77.8285, 0.3082, 0.3244



17.2878, 0.3054, 0.3272



26.4425, 0.2114, 0.2809

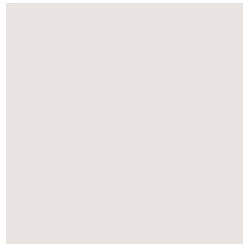


2.1806, 0.2134, 0.2882



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

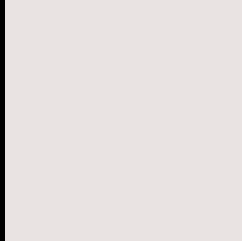
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

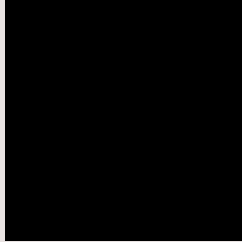
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

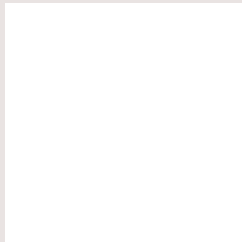
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301.

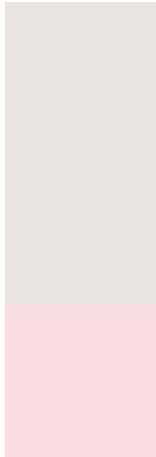


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301

### Protanopia

77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301

### Deuteranopia

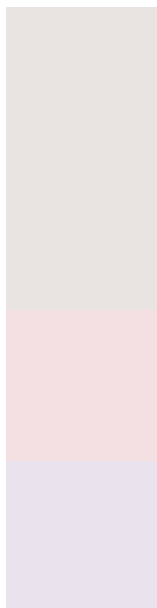
77.5829, 0.3295, 0.3230



## Tritanopia

77.9234, 0.3087, 0.3116

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301

## Protanomaly

77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301

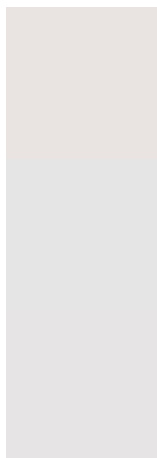
## Deuteranomaly

77.5545, 0.3250, 0.3249

## Tritanomaly

77.9413, 0.3118, 0.3187

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301

## Achromatopsia

78.3538, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

77.9112, 0.3141, 0.3290

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 227, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 227, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 227, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227,  
226) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $Yxy\ 77.7528, 0.3175, 0.3301$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
227, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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