

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(77.9511, 0.3137, 0.3177)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(77.9511, 0.3137, 0.3177)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDE1EC
RGB	237, 225, 236
RGB Percent	93%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.0708, 0.1176, 0.0745
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	305°, 25%, 91%
HSV	305°, 5%, 93%
XYZ	76.9792, 77.9111, 90.3445
YIQ	229.8420, 3.6210, 5.9650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

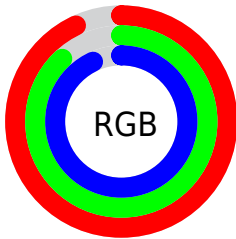
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 225, 236
Decimal	15589868
CIE Lab	90.74, 5.98, -3.90
CIE LCh	91, 7.144, 326.885
Yxy	77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293779948 (0xFFEDE1EC)
YUV	229.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776
Hunter-Lab	88.2673, 1.2048, 1.1018

# Details

The Yxy color `77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `82.0401, 0.3115, 0.3406`, and the grayscale version is `78.9810, 0.3127, 0.3290`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290`, and `41.8685, 0.3142, 0.3157` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `65.8699, 0.3165, 0.2947`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `91.7379, 0.3116, 0.3399`.

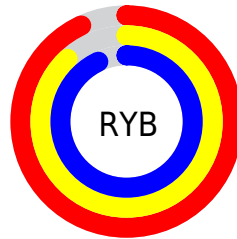
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (88%)

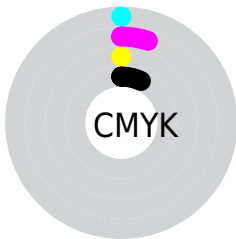
Blue (93%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (93%)

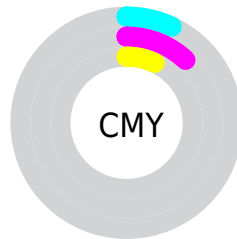


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 77.9111, 0.3139,  
0.3177

 77.9111, 0.3139,  
0.3177


487.8649, 0.3134,  
0.3228

 58.0010, 0.3140,  
0.3166


130.4248, 0.3137,  
0.3195

 41.8094, 0.3141,  
0.3151


163.7971, 0.3137,  
0.3202

 28.9521, 0.3143,  
0.3134


202.4257, 0.3136,  
0.3207

 19.0446, 0.3145,  
0.3111

246.6948, 0.3135,  
0.3213

 11.7025, 0.3148,  
0.3080

296.9888, 0.3135,  
0.3217

 6.5414, 0.3152,  
0.3037

353.6923, 0.3135,

 3.1770, 0.3157,

0.3221

0.2972

417.1895, 0.3134,  
0.3225

■ 1.2248, 0.3165,  
0.2861

■ 0.0818, 0.3353,  
0.1226

■ 77.9111, 0.3139,  
0.3177

■ 77.9111, 0.3139,  
0.3177

■ 65.8699, 0.3165,  
0.2947

■ 91.7379, 0.3116,  
0.3399

■ 55.5316, 0.3193,  
0.2713

■ 95.7926, 0.3103,  
0.3442

■ 46.8217, 0.3223,  
0.2483

■ 95.9041, 0.3092,  
0.3423

■ 39.6563, 0.3255,  
0.2265

■ 96.0169, 0.3082,  
0.3404

33.9443, 0.3288,  
0.2070

96.1307, 0.3071,  
0.3385

29.5846, 0.3321,  
0.1906

96.2457, 0.3060,  
0.3367

26.4635, 0.3353,  
0.1782

96.3619, 0.3050,  
0.3348

24.4487, 0.3382,  
0.1702

96.4792, 0.3039,  
0.3329

23.3775, 0.3409,  
0.1666

96.5977, 0.3029,  
0.3311

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.9111, 0.3056, 0.3148



77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177



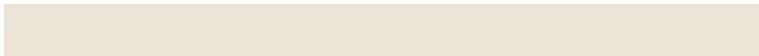
77.9111, 0.3220, 0.3235

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177



77.9111, 0.3263, 0.3425



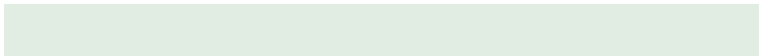
77.9111, 0.2980, 0.3269

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177



82.0401, 0.3115, 0.3406

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.9111, 0.3034, 0.3346



77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177



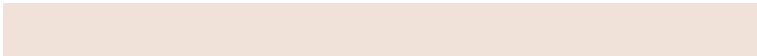
77.9111, 0.3198, 0.3436

# Square

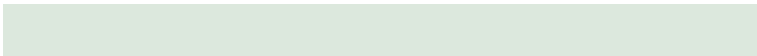
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177



77.9111, 0.3292, 0.3377



77.9111, 0.3114, 0.3407



77.9111, 0.2965, 0.3200



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177



77.9111, 0.3262, 0.3283



77.9111, 0.3114, 0.3407



77.9111, 0.2994, 0.3295

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.9145, 0.3139, 0.3177



96.7632, 0.3132, 0.3245



76.1122, 0.3056, 0.3164



20.7452, 0.3132, 0.3247



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.9145, 0.3139, 0.3177



90.5462, 0.3141, 0.3155



77.5816, 0.3177, 0.3237



16.0352, 0.3143, 0.3141



12.6111, 0.3418, 0.1656



0.9964, 0.3385, 0.1639



# Inverse Universe

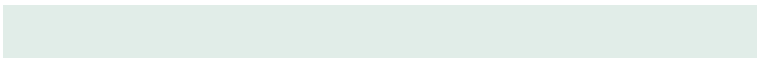
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.9145, 0.3139, 0.3177



90.5462, 0.3141, 0.3155



82.3650, 0.3080, 0.3344



16.0352, 0.3143, 0.3141



12.6111, 0.3418, 0.1656

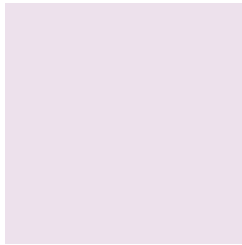


0.9964, 0.3385, 0.1639



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

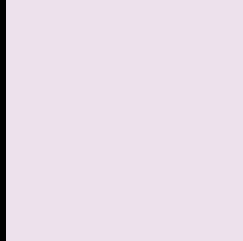
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

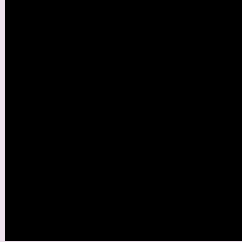
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

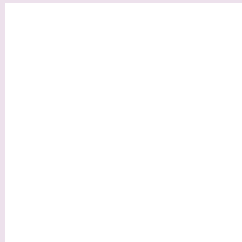
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177.

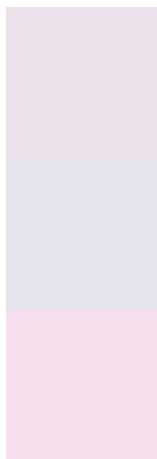


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177

### Protanopia

77.8756, 0.3084, 0.3186

### Deuteranopia

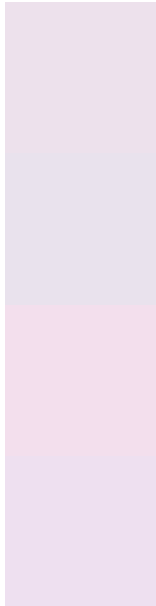
78.1311, 0.3205, 0.3139



## Tritanopia

77.8993, 0.3108, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177

## Protanomaly

77.8308, 0.3105, 0.3176

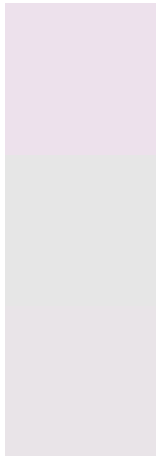
## Deuteranomaly

77.9445, 0.3176, 0.3148

## Tritanomaly

77.7797, 0.3121, 0.3126

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177

## Achromatopsia

79.1298, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

78.6366, 0.3136, 0.3248

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 225, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 225, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 225, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 225, 236) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 225, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 225, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 225, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 225, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 225, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 225,  
236) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 77.9111, 0.3139, 0.3177$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 225, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
225, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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