

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(78.1867, 0.2891, 0.3186)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(78.1867, 0.2891, 0.3186)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEEAF3
RGB	206, 234, 243
RGB Percent	81%, 92%, 95%
CMY	0.1923, 0.0823, 0.0471
CMYK	0.15, 0.04, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	195°, 61%, 88%
HSV	195°, 15%, 95%
XYZ	71.0442, 78.4385, 96.1750
YIQ	226.6540, -19.5770, -3.1370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

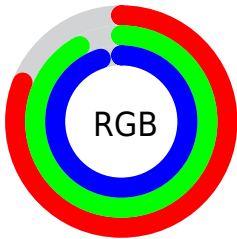
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	206, 222, 243
Decimal	13560563
CIE Lab	90.98, -7.35, -7.45
CIE LCh	91, 10.465, 225.372
Yxy	78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291750643 (0xFFCEEAF3)
YUV	226.6540, 8.0586, -18.1136
Hunter-Lab	88.5655, -11.8031, -2.3883

# Details

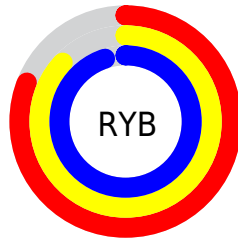
The Yxy color **78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **72.0725, 0.3399, 0.3385**, and the grayscale version is **76.4998, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **42.0080, 0.2835, 0.3163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.9332, 0.2741, 0.3122**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.5992, 0.3046, 0.3258**.

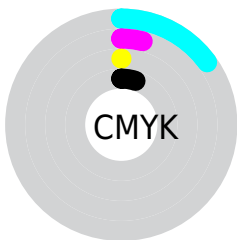
# Distribution



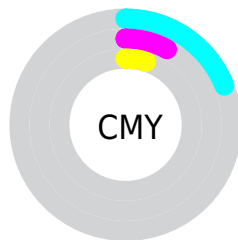
- Red (81%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.4385, 0.2892,  
0.3193

■ 78.4385, 0.2892,  
0.3193

489.6547, 0.2999,  
0.3238

■ 58.4343, 0.2868,  
0.3183

131.1681, 0.2929,  
0.3209

■ 42.1579, 0.2839,  
0.3170

164.6622, 0.2943,  
0.3215

■ 29.2249, 0.2802,  
0.3153

203.4218, 0.2955,  
0.3220

■ 19.2510, 0.2755,  
0.3132

247.8312, 0.2966,  
0.3225

■ 11.8518, 0.2692,  
0.3102

298.2748, 0.2976,  
0.3229

■ 6.6429, 0.2603,  
0.3060

355.1370, 0.2984,

■ 3.2398, 0.2469,

0.3232

0.2993

418.8022, 0.2992,  
0.3235

■ 1.2582, 0.2244,  
0.2872

■ 0.1085, 0.0000,  
0.1451

■ 78.4385, 0.2892,  
0.3193

■ 78.4385, 0.2892,  
0.3193

■ 71.9332, 0.2741,  
0.3122

■ 85.5992, 0.3046,  
0.3258

■ 66.0479, 0.2597,  
0.3044

■ 93.4295, 0.3201,  
0.3317

■ 60.7582, 0.2462,  
0.2962

■ 97.1459, 0.3199,  
0.3374

■ 56.0340, 0.2341,  
0.2876

■ 99.2500, 0.3197,  
0.3405

■ 51.8423, 0.2236,  
0.2787

■ 48.1458, 0.2150,  
0.2696

■ 44.9015, 0.2084,  
0.2605

■ 42.0562, 0.2038,  
0.2515

■ 40.8031, 0.2020,  
0.2472

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.4385, 0.2937, 0.3302



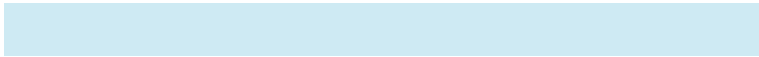
78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193



78.4385, 0.2908, 0.3113

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193



78.4385, 0.3220, 0.3174



78.4385, 0.3272, 0.3505

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193



72.0725, 0.3399, 0.3385

# Split Complementary

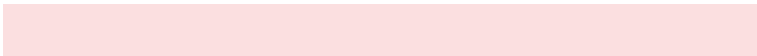
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.4385, 0.3350, 0.3465



78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193



78.4385, 0.3320, 0.3274

# Square

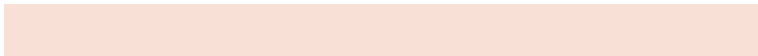
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



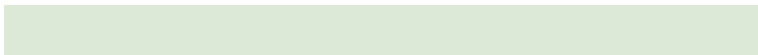
78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193



78.4385, 0.3096, 0.3104



78.4385, 0.3368, 0.3380



78.4385, 0.3155, 0.3486



# Rectangle

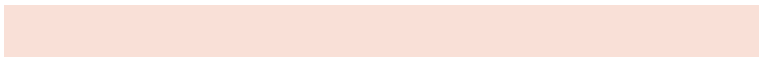
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193



78.4385, 0.2952, 0.3086



78.4385, 0.3368, 0.3380



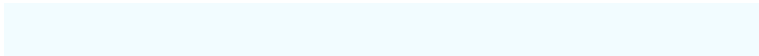
78.4385, 0.3303, 0.3498

# Sweetspot

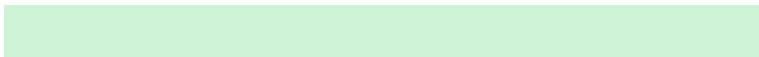
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.4417, 0.2892, 0.3193



95.7068, 0.3050, 0.3260



82.0937, 0.3057, 0.3601



20.3593, 0.3039, 0.3255



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

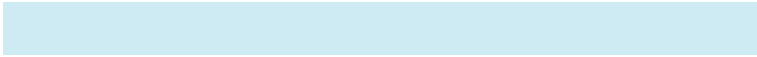


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

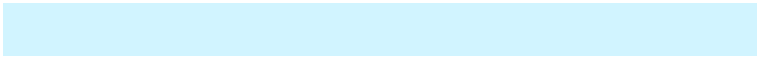


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.4417, 0.2892, 0.3193



85.4201, 0.2849, 0.3174



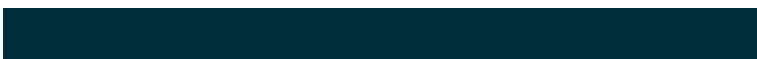
68.6150, 0.2884, 0.2993



18.0378, 0.2980, 0.3231



22.6187, 0.2024, 0.2487



2.1467, 0.2055, 0.2599



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.1190, 0.3208, 0.3001



73.4345, 0.3225, 0.2946



81.8472, 0.3371, 0.3571



16.6956, 0.3175, 0.3112



12.3827, 0.3936, 0.1942

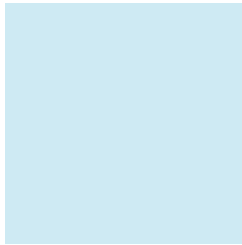


1.1043, 0.3825, 0.1881



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

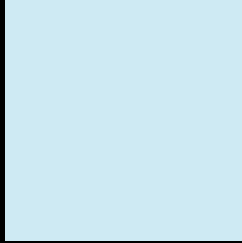
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

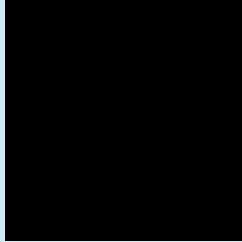
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

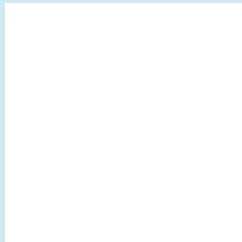
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193.

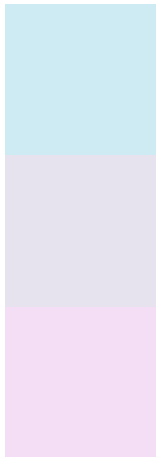


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193

**Protanopia**

77.9932, 0.3071, 0.3165

**Deuteranopia**

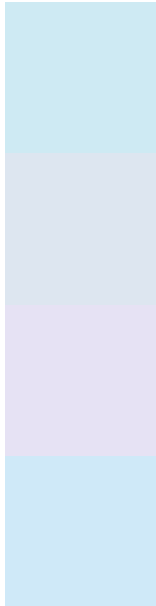
77.8898, 0.3124, 0.3058



## Tritanopia

78.5083, 0.2853, 0.3098

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193

## Protanomaly

78.2571, 0.3005, 0.3184

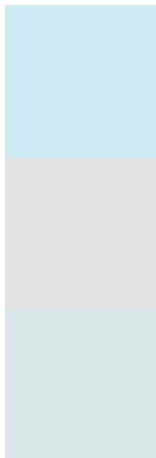
## Deuteranomaly

77.7474, 0.3040, 0.3104

## Tritanomaly

78.3205, 0.2869, 0.3129

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193

## Achromatopsia

76.8151, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

77.5369, 0.3034, 0.3258

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 234, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 234, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 234, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 234, 243) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 234, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 234, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 234, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 234, 243); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 234, 243);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 234,  
243) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 78.4385, 0.2892, 0.3193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 234, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
234, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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