

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(78.1869, 0.2896, 0.3556)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(78.1869, 0.2896, 0.3556)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B7F1DA
RGB	183, 241, 218
RGB Percent	72%, 95%, 85%
CMY	0.2826, 0.0548, 0.1451
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.10, 0.05
HSL	156°, 68%, 83%
HSV	156°, 24%, 95%
XYZ	63.6270, 78.0398, 78.0398
YIQ	221.0360, -27.1850, -19.4490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

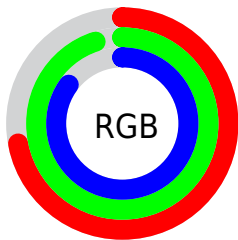
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">183, 219, 241</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12055002</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">90.80, -22.94, 5.15</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">91, 23.515, 167.349</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290245082</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFB7F1DA</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">221.0360, -1.4967, -33.3576</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.3401, -26.0305, 9.4612</a>

# Details

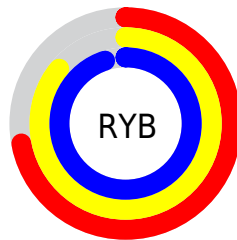
The Yxy color **78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **56.9986, 0.3435, 0.3043**, and the grayscale version is **72.3513, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.2653, 0.3035, 0.3290**, and **42.0094, 0.2845, 0.3620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.8518, 0.2810, 0.3680**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.7690, 0.2989, 0.3435**.

# Distribution



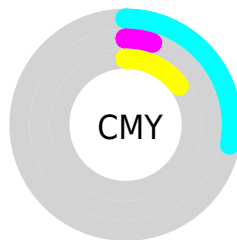
- Red (72%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 78.0398, 0.2896,  
0.3552

 78.0398, 0.2896,  
0.3552


488.3020, 0.3003,  
0.3430

 58.1067, 0.2872,  
0.3580


 130.6062, 0.2933,  
0.3510

 41.8944, 0.2842,  
0.3615

164.0083, 0.2947,  
0.3493

 29.0186, 0.2804,  
0.3659


202.6688, 0.2960,  
0.3479

 19.0949, 0.2754,  
0.3717

246.9722, 0.2971,  
0.3467

 11.7389, 0.2687,  
0.3797

297.3028, 0.2980,  
0.3456

 6.5661, 0.2590,  
0.3914


354.0451, 0.2988,


 3.1923, 0.2438,


0.3446


0.4099


417.5833, 0.2996,  
0.3438


 1.2329, 0.2094,  
0.4482


 0.0884, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 78.0398, 0.2896,  
0.3552


 78.0398, 0.2896,  
0.3552

 74.8518, 0.2810,  
0.3680


 81.7690, 0.2989,  
0.3435


 72.1691, 0.2735,  
0.3817


 86.0542, 0.3086,  
0.3330


 69.9664, 0.2674,  
0.3964


 90.8756, 0.3184,  
0.3236


 68.2122, 0.2629,  
0.4116

 91.4015, 0.3133,  
0.3156

 66.8712, 0.2603,  
0.4272

 65.9023, 0.2599,  
0.4428

 65.2558, 0.2614,  
0.4580

 64.9816, 0.2630,  
0.4668

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.0398, 0.3165, 0.3735



78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



78.0398, 0.2695, 0.3294

# Triad

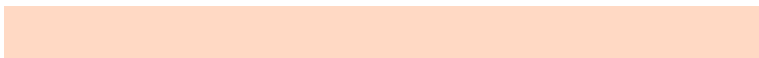
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



78.0398, 0.2816, 0.2831



78.0398, 0.3677, 0.3493

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



56.9986, 0.3435, 0.3043

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.0398, 0.3577, 0.3262



78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



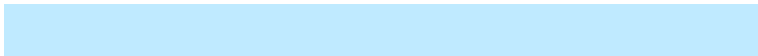
78.0398, 0.3070, 0.2892

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



78.0398, 0.2650, 0.2884



78.0398, 0.3350, 0.3046

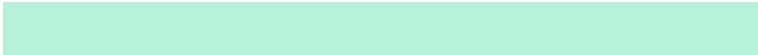


78.0398, 0.3622, 0.3686

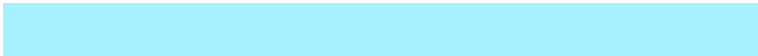


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



78.0398, 0.2622, 0.3124



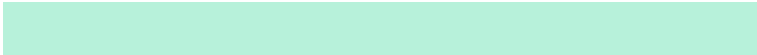
78.0398, 0.3350, 0.3046



78.0398, 0.3661, 0.3418

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.0430, 0.2896, 0.3552



96.3231, 0.3058, 0.3360



79.4838, 0.3248, 0.3942



20.5525, 0.3052, 0.3366



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

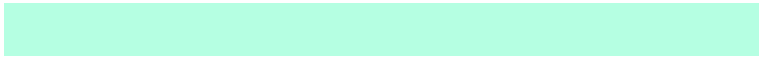


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.0430, 0.2896, 0.3552



86.8241, 0.2852, 0.3614



75.9485, 0.2766, 0.3224



17.8167, 0.3034, 0.3385



35.2593, 0.2623, 0.4644



2.9528, 0.2568, 0.4445



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.9986, 0.3435, 0.3043



58.9989, 0.3519, 0.2989



58.4056, 0.3617, 0.3355



15.8626, 0.3231, 0.3197



10.6188, 0.5392, 0.2744

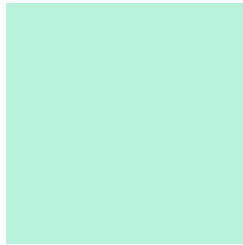


0.9025, 0.5043, 0.2552



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

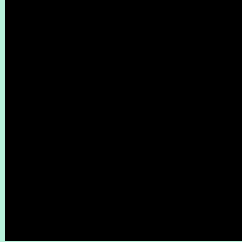
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

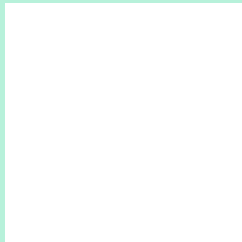
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552.

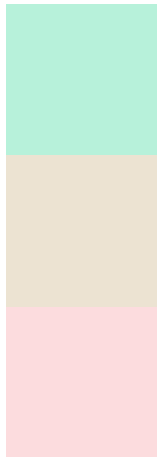


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552

### Protanopia

77.4242, 0.3302, 0.3470

### Deuteranopia

77.1558, 0.3345, 0.3270



## Tritanopia

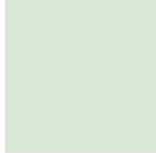
78.1581, 0.2733, 0.3083

# Trichromacy



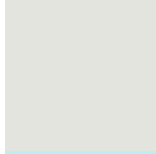
## Original Color

78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



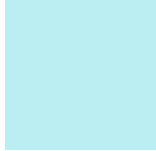
## Protanomaly

77.2690, 0.3145, 0.3497



## Deuteranomaly

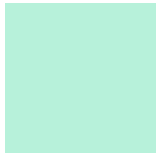
77.0382, 0.3165, 0.3365



## Tritanomaly

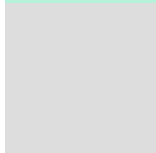
78.1247, 0.2787, 0.3245

# Monochromacy



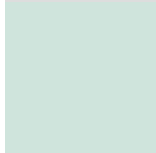
## Original Color

78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552



## Achromatopsia

72.3055, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

73.9195, 0.3035, 0.3379

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(183, 241, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(183, 241, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(183, 241, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(183, 241, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

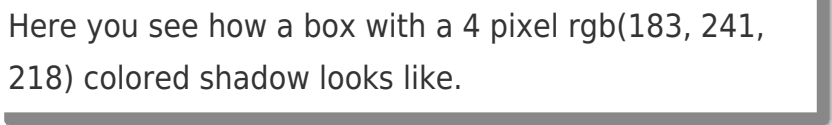
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(183, 241, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(183, 241, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(183, 241, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(183, 241, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 241, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(183, 241,  
218) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 78.0398, 0.2896, 0.3552$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(183, 241, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(183,  
241, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor