

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(78.9960, 0.3503, 0.3520)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(78.9960, 0.3503, 0.3520)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE0CA
RGB	255, 224, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 79%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1216, 0.2079
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	25°, 100%, 90%
HSV	25°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	78.5664, 78.8356, 66.9452
YIQ	230.7610, 25.5380, -0.2700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

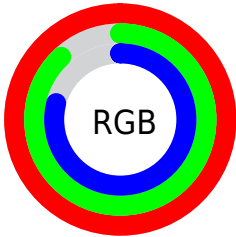
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 240, 202
Decimal	16769226
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.16, 7.35, 14.69
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 16.430, 63.416
Yxy	78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959306 (0xFFFFE0CA)
YUV	230.7610, -14.1792, 21.2576
Hunter-Lab	88.7894, 2.5664, 17.4493

# Details

The Yxy color **78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78.0507, 0.2800, 0.3055**, and the grayscale version is **79.8122, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **42.5198, 0.3589, 0.3564** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.0529, 0.3727, 0.3629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.5125, 0.3307, 0.3403**.

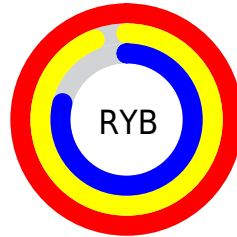
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

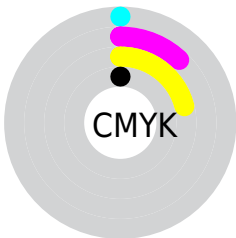
Blue (79%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (79%)

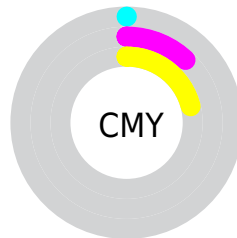


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 78.8356, 0.3502,  
0.3514

 78.8356, 0.3502,  
0.3514


491.0000, 0.3330,  
0.3414

 58.7607, 0.3541,  
0.3536


131.7274, 0.3443,  
0.3480

 42.4205, 0.3589,  
0.3562

165.3130, 0.3419,  
0.3467

 29.4307, 0.3649,  
0.3595


204.1710, 0.3399,  
0.3455

 19.4069, 0.3727,  
0.3637

248.6857, 0.3382,  
0.3445

 11.9646, 0.3832,  
0.3691

299.2416, 0.3367,  
0.3436

 6.7196, 0.3981,  
0.3765

356.2230, 0.3353,

 3.2874, 0.4205,

0.3428

0.3867

420.0144, 0.3341,  
0.3421

■ 1.2835, 0.4777,  
0.4186

■ 0.1284, 0.7013,  
0.2987

■ 78.8356, 0.3502,  
0.3514

■ 78.8356, 0.3502,  
0.3514

■ 70.0529, 0.3727,  
0.3629

■ 88.5125, 0.3307,  
0.3403

■ 62.1497, 0.3983,  
0.3742

■ 99.1230, 0.3139,  
0.3298

■ 55.0923, 0.4269,  
0.3847

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 48.8495, 0.4579,  
0.3933

■ 43.3877, 0.4898,  
0.3987

■ 38.6704, 0.5207,  
0.3996

■ 34.6571, 0.5480,  
0.3951

■ 31.5362, 0.5687,  
0.3867

# Harmonies

## Analogous

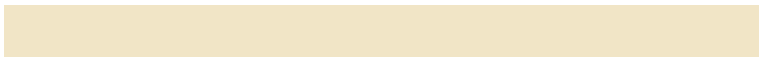
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.8356, 0.3489, 0.3362



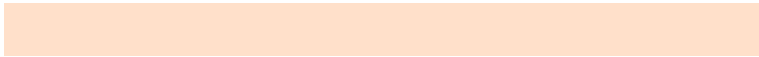
78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514



78.8356, 0.3412, 0.3612

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514



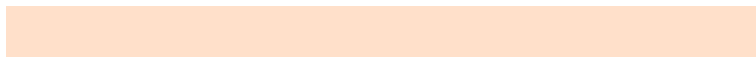
78.8356, 0.2882, 0.3380



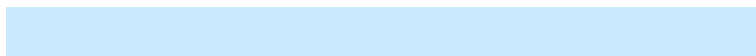
78.8356, 0.3001, 0.2979

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



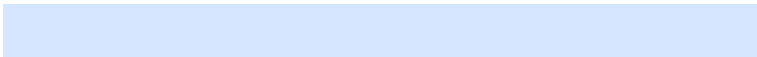
78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514



78.0507, 0.2800, 0.3055

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.8356, 0.2845, 0.2975



78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514



78.8356, 0.2779, 0.3200

# Square

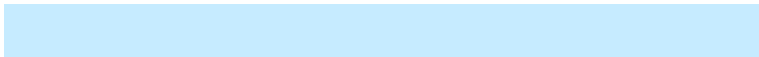
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514



78.8356, 0.3052, 0.3538



78.8356, 0.2765, 0.3053



78.8356, 0.3195, 0.3060



# Rectangle

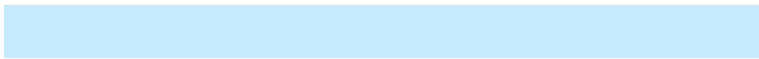
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514



78.8356, 0.3307, 0.3631



78.8356, 0.2765, 0.3053



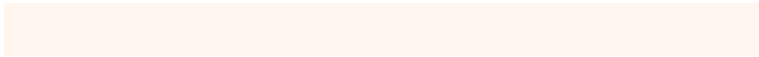
78.8356, 0.2942, 0.2968

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.8312, 0.3502, 0.3514



93.4758, 0.3223, 0.3352



69.4247, 0.3304, 0.2972



19.8601, 0.3234, 0.3359



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.8312, 0.3502, 0.3514



75.0258, 0.3593, 0.3562



93.7080, 0.3452, 0.3761



19.2257, 0.3284, 0.3389



16.7563, 0.5658, 0.3890

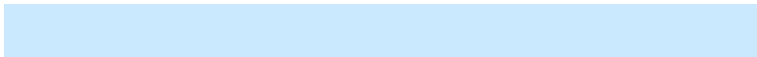


1.8410, 0.5453, 0.4052

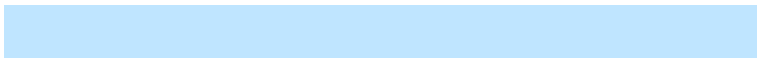


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.0507, 0.2800, 0.3055



74.1125, 0.2733, 0.3001



64.5415, 0.2781, 0.2770



19.1434, 0.2979, 0.3189



15.3314, 0.1852, 0.1867

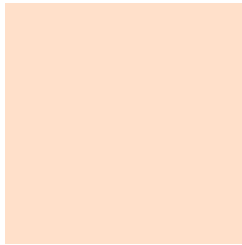


1.7085, 0.1901, 0.2044



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

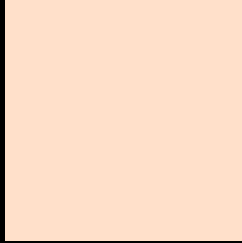
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

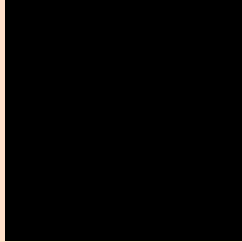
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

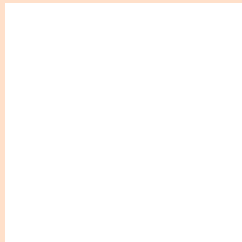
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514.

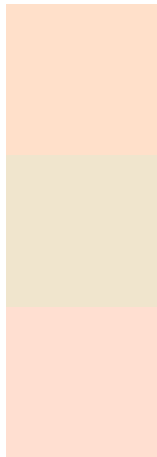


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514

### Protanopia

78.9717, 0.3362, 0.3541

### Deuteranopia

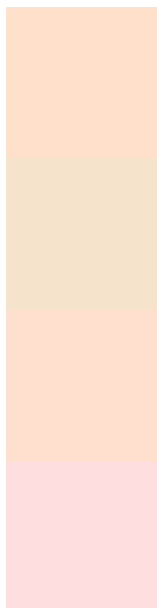
78.6388, 0.3454, 0.3432



## Tritanopia

78.9711, 0.3276, 0.3152

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514

## Protanomaly

78.7103, 0.3408, 0.3529

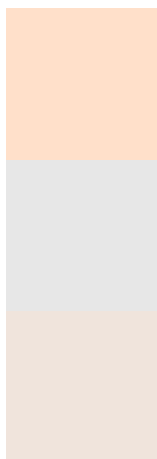
## Deuteranomaly

78.4916, 0.3475, 0.3463

## Tritanomaly

78.8303, 0.3358, 0.3281

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514

## Achromatopsia

79.9103, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

79.1794, 0.3263, 0.3373

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 78.8356, 0.3502, 0.3514 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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