

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(79.1655, 0.3160, 0.3314)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(79.1655, 0.3160, 0.3314)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8E6E3
RGB	232, 230, 227
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.0901, 0.0981, 0.1097
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	36°, 10%, 90%
HSV	36°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	75.4513, 79.2955, 84.0231
YIQ	230.2560, 2.1550, -0.5090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

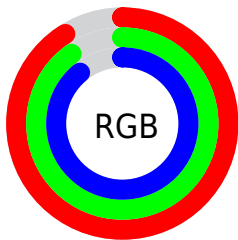
Format	Color
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	230, 232, 227
Decimal	15263459
CIE Lab	91.37, 0.17, 1.67
CIE LCh	91, 1.679, 84.173
Yxy	79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293453539 (0xFFE8E6E3)
YUV	230.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295
Hunter-Lab	89.0480, -4.5892, 6.3893

# Details

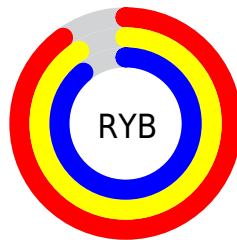
The Yxy color **79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.2411, 0.3095, 0.3259**, and the grayscale version is **79.3472, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **42.8686, 0.3161, 0.3331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.9801, 0.3324, 0.3470**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.0761, 0.3015, 0.3181**.

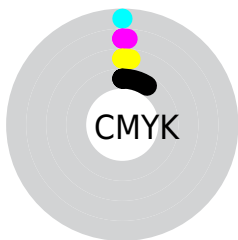
# Distribution



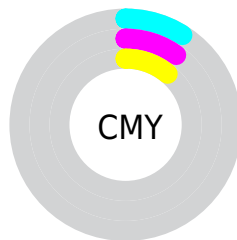
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 79.2955, 0.3160,  
0.3321

■ 79.2955, 0.3160,  
0.3321

492.5554, 0.3145,  
0.3307

■ 59.1388, 0.3163,  
0.3324

132.3748, 0.3155,  
0.3316

■ 42.7249, 0.3168,  
0.3328

166.0662, 0.3153,  
0.3314

■ 29.6693, 0.3173,  
0.3333

205.0379, 0.3151,  
0.3313

■ 19.5877, 0.3179,  
0.3339

249.6743, 0.3150,  
0.3311

■ 12.0957, 0.3189,  
0.3348

300.3599, 0.3148,  
0.3310

■ 6.8089, 0.3202,  
0.3360

357.4790, 0.3147,

■ 3.3429, 0.3221,

0.3309

0.3379

421.4161, 0.3146,  
0.3308

■ 1.3132, 0.3256,  
0.3411

■ 0.1514, 0.4260,  
0.4356

■ 79.2955, 0.3160,  
0.3321

■ 79.2955, 0.3160,  
0.3321

■ 72.9801, 0.3324,  
0.3470

■ 86.0761, 0.3015,  
0.3181

■ 67.1084, 0.3507,  
0.3626

■ 92.0774, 0.2987,  
0.3229

■ 61.6717, 0.3710,  
0.3785

■ 95.9012, 0.2988,  
0.3290

■ 56.6576, 0.3930,  
0.3942

■ 52.0527, 0.4163,  
0.4086

■ 47.8426, 0.4402,  
0.4209

■ 44.0116, 0.4635,  
0.4297

■ 40.5426, 0.4850,  
0.4340

■ 37.4153, 0.5034,  
0.4329

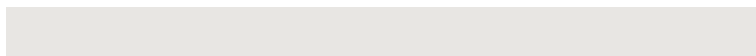
# Harmonies

## Analogous

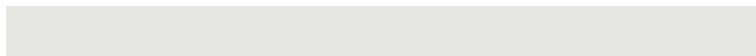
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.2955, 0.3166, 0.3310



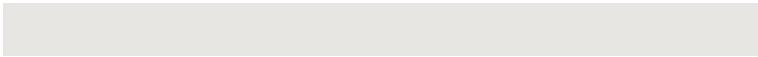
79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321



79.2955, 0.3145, 0.3324

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321



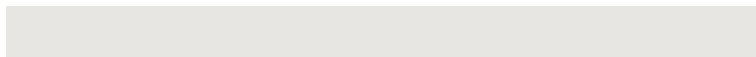
79.2955, 0.3093, 0.3287



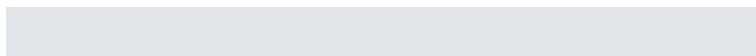
79.2955, 0.3128, 0.3262

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



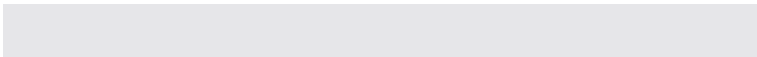
79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321



78.2411, 0.3095, 0.3259

# Split Complementary

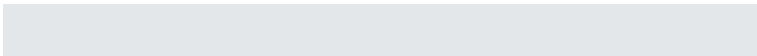
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.2955, 0.3109, 0.3256



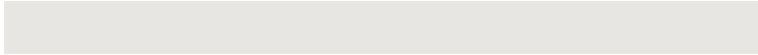
79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321



79.2955, 0.3089, 0.3271

# Square

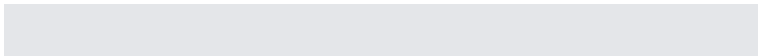
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



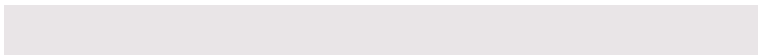
79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321



79.2955, 0.3107, 0.3305



79.2955, 0.3095, 0.3259



79.2955, 0.3147, 0.3276

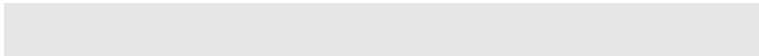


# Rectangle

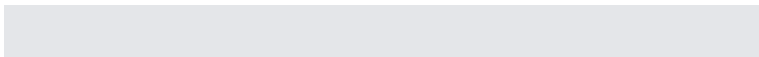
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



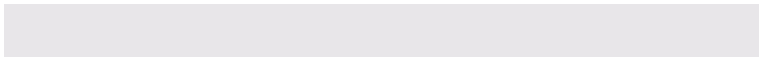
79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321



79.2955, 0.3133, 0.3321



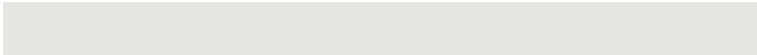
79.2955, 0.3095, 0.3259



79.2955, 0.3122, 0.3260

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.2989, 0.3160, 0.3321



99.1754, 0.3142, 0.3304



77.7799, 0.3148, 0.3268



21.2363, 0.3142, 0.3304



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

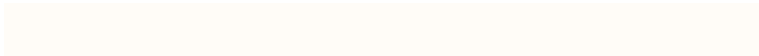


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.2989, 0.3160, 0.3321



97.5435, 0.3173, 0.3334



80.3706, 0.3156, 0.3342



16.5404, 0.3185, 0.3345



19.7779, 0.5136, 0.4304

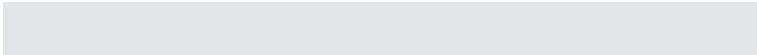


1.6430, 0.4961, 0.4443



# Inverse Universe

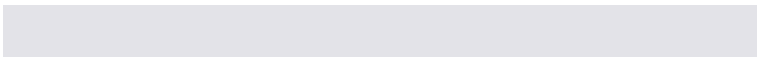
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.2411, 0.3095, 0.3259



95.7206, 0.3081, 0.3246



77.1869, 0.3098, 0.3237



16.1525, 0.3070, 0.3235



7.9686, 0.1692, 0.1290

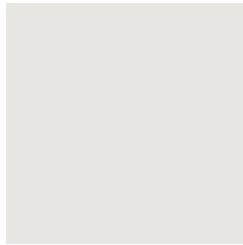


0.7677, 0.1772, 0.1578



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

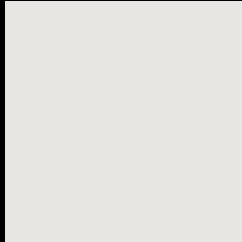
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

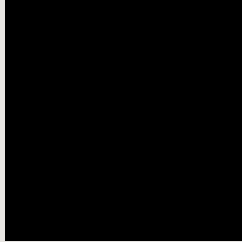
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

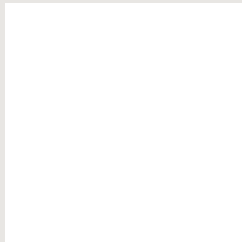
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321.

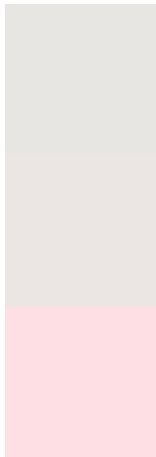


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321

### Protanopia

79.2468, 0.3181, 0.3311

### Deuteranopia

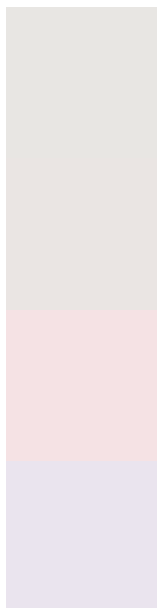
79.2594, 0.3308, 0.3240



## Tritanopia

79.1929, 0.3068, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321

## Protanomaly

79.0771, 0.3174, 0.3311

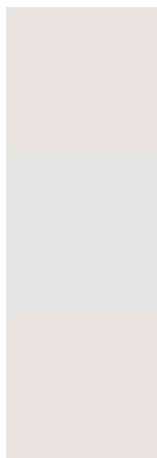
## Deuteranomaly

79.4066, 0.3247, 0.3270

## Tritanomaly

79.1523, 0.3105, 0.3187

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321

## Achromatopsia

79.1298, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

79.2397, 0.3140, 0.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 230, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 230, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 230, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 230, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 230, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 230, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 230, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 230, 227); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 230, 227); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 230, 227) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 79.2955, 0.3160, 0.3321 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 230, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
230, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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