

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(79.8683, 0.3065, 0.4607)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(79.8683, 0.3065, 0.4607)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93FF93
RGB	147, 255, 147
RGB Percent	58%, 100%, 58%
CMY	0.4237, 0.0000, 0.4236
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.42, 0.00
HSL	120°, 100%, 79%
HSV	120°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	53.0524, 79.8296, 40.2091
YIQ	210.3960, -29.7000, -56.4840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

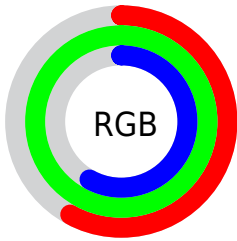
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">147, 255, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9699219</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.61, -52.15, 42.04</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 66.987, 141.125</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287889299 (0xFF93FF93)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">210.3960, -31.2542, -55.5983</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.3474, -50.3688, 35.8609</a>

# Details

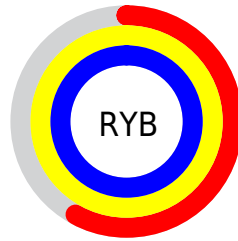
The Yxy color **79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **49.3331, 0.3176, 0.2248**, and the grayscale version is **64.9366, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7634, 0.3118, 0.3866**, and **42.8645, 0.3020, 0.4958** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.0108, 0.3048, 0.4974**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.3397, 0.3082, 0.4255**.

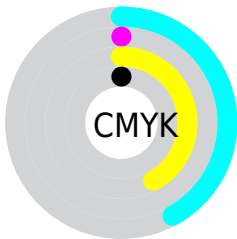
# Distribution



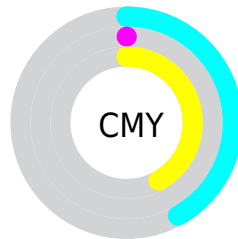
- Red (58%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 79.8296, 0.3065,  
0.4612

 79.8296, 0.3065,  
0.4612


494.3584, 0.3121,  
0.3969

 59.5781, 0.3045,  
0.4765

 133.1261, 0.3090,  
0.4384

 43.0787, 0.3016,  
0.4956


 166.9400, 0.3098,  
0.4296

 29.9469, 0.2973,  
0.5201


206.0434, 0.3104,  
0.4221

 19.7983, 0.2905,  
0.5523

250.8209, 0.3109,  
0.4157

 12.2485, 0.2793,  
0.5961

301.6567, 0.3113,  
0.4101

 6.9131, 0.2594,  
0.6577


358.9353, 0.3116,


 3.4078, 0.2288,


0.4051


0.7712


423.0411, 0.3119,  
0.4008


 1.3482, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 0.1781, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 79.8296, 0.3065,  
0.4612


 79.8296, 0.3065,  
0.4612

 77.0108, 0.3048,  
0.4974


 83.3397, 0.3082,  
0.4255


 74.8491, 0.3032,  
0.5316

 87.5962, 0.3098,  
0.3919

 73.2878, 0.3018,  
0.5608

 92.6340, 0.3112,  
0.3616

 72.2665, 0.3008,  
0.5826

 98.4894, 0.3124,  
0.3348

■ 71.7119, 0.3002,  
0.5954

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 71.5201, 0.3000,  
0.6000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.8296, 0.3806, 0.4701



79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



79.8296, 0.2381, 0.3975

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



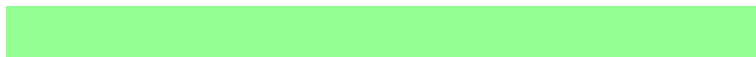
79.8296, 0.1928, 0.2170



79.8296, 0.4472, 0.3220

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



49.3331, 0.3176, 0.2248

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.8296, 0.3834, 0.2703



79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



79.8296, 0.2351, 0.2124

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



79.8296, 0.1785, 0.2498



79.8296, 0.3030, 0.2316

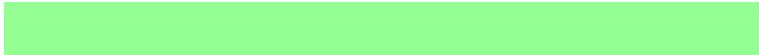


79.8296, 0.4675, 0.3791



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



79.8296, 0.2049, 0.3409



79.8296, 0.3030, 0.2316



79.8296, 0.4298, 0.3038

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.8254, 0.3065, 0.4612



92.2922, 0.3111, 0.3634



94.8853, 0.3761, 0.4338



19.5040, 0.3108, 0.3699



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

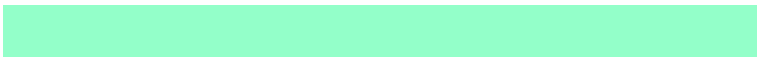
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.8254, 0.3065, 0.4612



77.3564, 0.3050, 0.4925



81.9354, 0.2801, 0.3935



20.1683, 0.3116, 0.3536



37.3708, 0.3000, 0.6000



3.6387, 0.3000, 0.5999



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.3331, 0.3176, 0.2248



43.1325, 0.3185, 0.2062



46.3309, 0.3671, 0.2734



18.3003, 0.3138, 0.3056



14.8794, 0.3210, 0.1542

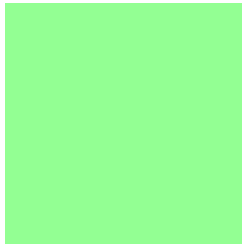


1.4488, 0.3210, 0.1542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

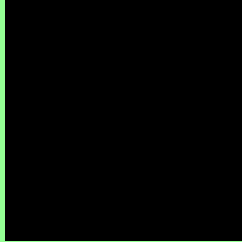
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

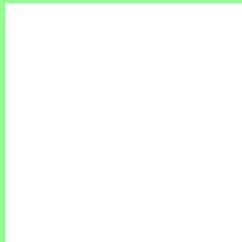
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612.

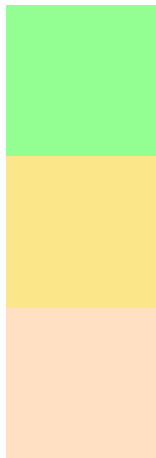


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612

### Protanopia

78.9090, 0.3891, 0.4229

### Deuteranopia

78.4664, 0.3558, 0.3596



## Tritanopia

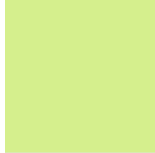
79.1434, 0.2703, 0.3115

# Trichromacy



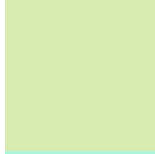
## Original Color

79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



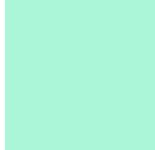
## Protanomaly

77.8022, 0.3550, 0.4376



## Deuteranomaly

77.1899, 0.3363, 0.3935



## Tritanomaly

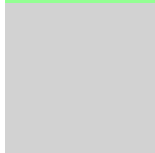
78.9206, 0.2841, 0.3625

# Monochromacy



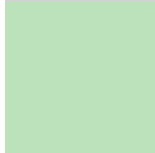
## Original Color

79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612



## Achromatopsia

64.4480, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

68.5454, 0.3105, 0.3757

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 255, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 255, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 255, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 255, 147) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 255, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 255, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 255, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 255, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 255, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 255,  
147) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 79.8296, 0.3065, 0.4612 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 255, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
255, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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