

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.0991, 0.0860, 0.8117)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.0991, 0.0860, 0.8117)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006A00
RGB	0, 106, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5843, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.58
HSL	120°, 100%, 21%
HSV	120°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	5.1541, 10.3081, 1.7180
YIQ	62.2220, -29.1500, -55.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 106, 106
Decimal	27136
CIELab	38.39, -45.19, 43.61
CIELCh	38, 62.800, 136.016
Yxy	10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217216 (0xFF006A00)
YUV	62.2220, -30.6754, -54.5687
Hunter-Lab	32.1062, -27.5311, 19.3017

Details

The Yxy color **10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **4.1048, 0.3209, 0.1542**, and the grayscale version is **4.9000, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2151, 0.3147, 0.5216**, and **2.9263, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3085, 0.3000, 0.6000**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4002, 0.3007, 0.5851**.

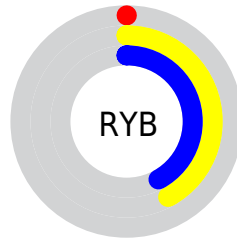
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (42%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (42%)

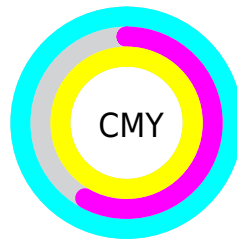


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (58%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.3081, 0.3000,
0.6000


 10.3081, 0.3000,
0.6000


 192.8571, 0.3200,
0.4221

 5.6037, 0.2843,
0.6711

 26.3734, 0.3146,
0.5220


 2.6056, 0.2420,
0.7580


 38.5031, 0.3173,
0.4969

 0.9295, 0.0000,
1.0000

 53.8767, 0.3187,
0.4774


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 72.8787, 0.3195,
0.4618


 95.8932, 0.3199,
0.4491


 123.3049, 0.3201,

0.4385


 155.4981, 0.3201,
0.4297


 10.3081, 0.3000,
0.6000


 10.3081, 0.3000,
0.6000


 10.3085, 0.3000,
0.6000

 10.4002, 0.3007,
0.5851

 10.5251, 0.3016,
0.5663

 10.7156, 0.3028,
0.5406

 10.9793, 0.3042,
0.5099

 11.3225, 0.3058,
0.4766

■ 11.7509, 0.3074,
0.4428

■ 12.2695, 0.3089,
0.4103

■ 12.8833, 0.3103,
0.3802

■ 13.5966, 0.3116,
0.3531

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.3081, 0.4207, 0.5573



10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000



10.3081, 0.1901, 0.4935

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000



10.3081, 0.1166, 0.1500



10.3081, 0.5431, 0.2874

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000



4.1048, 0.3209, 0.1542

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.3081, 0.4125, 0.2170



10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000



10.3081, 0.1679, 0.1426

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000



10.3081, 0.1014, 0.1978



10.3081, 0.2672, 0.1657



10.3081, 0.5793, 0.3653

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000



10.3081, 0.1385, 0.3690



10.3081, 0.2672, 0.1657



10.3081, 0.5072, 0.2628

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.3085, 0.3000, 0.6000



21.4508, 0.3088, 0.4129



13.3728, 0.4193, 0.5053



4.9570, 0.3083, 0.4226



55.4222, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.9254, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.3085, 0.3000, 0.6000



18.0910, 0.3000, 0.6000



10.5656, 0.2701, 0.4922



3.4448, 0.3117, 0.3504



12.7926, 0.3000, 0.6000



65.1839, 0.3000, 0.6000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.1048, 0.3209, 0.1542



7.2038, 0.3209, 0.1542



3.3214, 0.4854, 0.2448



3.1639, 0.3137, 0.3085



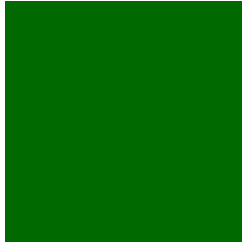
5.0940, 0.3209, 0.1542



25.9561, 0.3209, 0.1542

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

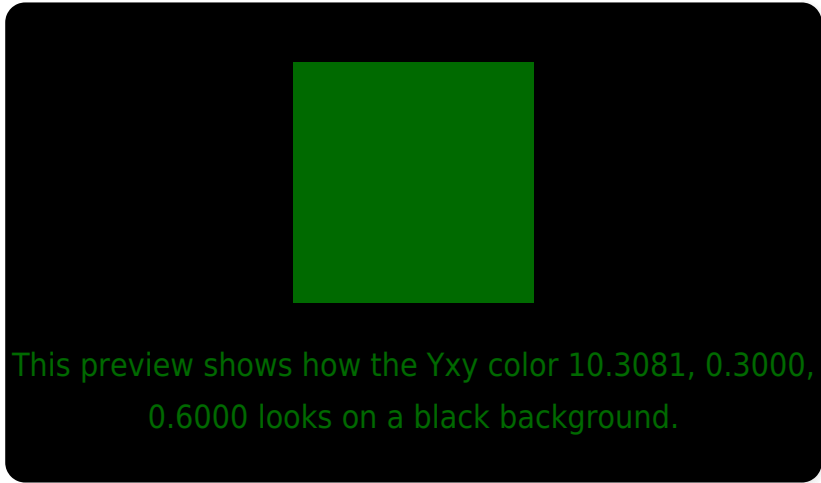
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000

Protanopia

10.3070, 0.4384, 0.4901

Deuteranopia

10.2948, 0.4538, 0.4483



Tritanopia

10.5207, 0.2385, 0.3077

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000

Protanomaly

9.4896, 0.3668, 0.5470

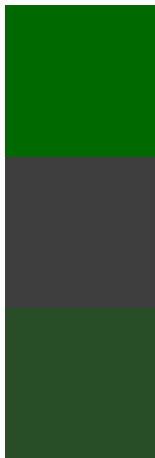
Deuteranomaly

9.2797, 0.3767, 0.5180

Tritanomaly

10.1670, 0.2665, 0.4319

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000

Achromatopsia

4.8172, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.0266, 0.3061, 0.4697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.3081, 0.3000, 0.6000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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