

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.1737, 0.4236, 0.4162)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.1737, 0.4236, 0.4162)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	644D28
RGB	100, 77, 40
RGB Percent	39%, 30%, 16%
CMY	0.6078, 0.6981, 0.8431
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.60, 0.61
HSL	37°, 43%, 27%
HSV	37°, 60%, 39%
XYZ	8.2939, 8.1703, 3.1477
YIQ	79.6590, 25.5850, -6.6310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

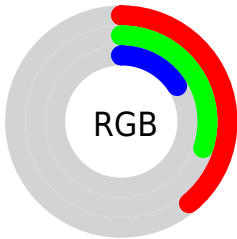
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 100, 40
Decimal	6573352
CIE _{Lab}	34.34, 4.81, 25.40
CIE _{LCh}	34, 25.854, 79.274
Yxy	8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284763432 (0xFF644D28)
YUV	79.6590, -19.5519, 17.8391
Hunter-Lab	28.5837, 1.7720, 13.4795

Details

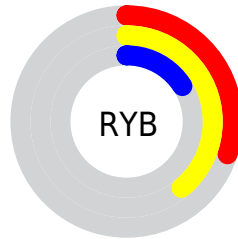
The Yxy color **8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **4.9295, 0.2189, 0.2178**, and the grayscale version is **7.9879, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.3659, 0.3937, 0.3952**, and **1.8178, 0.4869, 0.4516** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.5901, 0.4441, 0.4275**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.8006, 0.4016, 0.4033**.

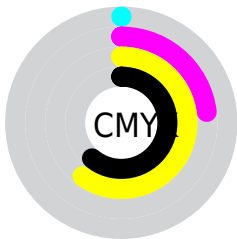
Distribution



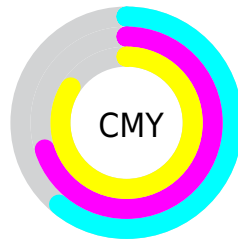
- Red (39%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (61%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.1703, 0.4229,
0.4166


 8.1703, 0.4229,
0.4166


177.0617, 0.3534,
0.3631


 4.2041, 0.4466,
0.4329

 22.2916, 0.3932,
0.3946


 1.7884, 0.5144,
0.4856


 33.2156, 0.3834,
0.3871

 0.4799, 0.5445,
0.4555

 47.2275, 0.3758,
0.3810

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 64.7119, 0.3696,
0.3761

 86.0531, 0.3645,
0.3720

 111.6356, 0.3602,

0.3686

141.8436, 0.3565,
0.3657

8.1703, 0.4229,
0.4166

8.1703, 0.4229,
0.4166

7.5901, 0.4441,
0.4275

8.8006, 0.4016,
0.4033

7.0568, 0.4645,
0.4352

9.4816, 0.3811,
0.3887

6.5688, 0.4829,
0.4387

10.2154, 0.3617,
0.3734

6.1176, 0.5011,
0.4404

11.0034, 0.3438,
0.3581

11.8472, 0.3275,
0.3432

■ 12.7481, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 13.7074, 0.2995,
0.3156

■ 14.7265, 0.2877,
0.3031

■ 15.8065, 0.2772,
0.2915

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.1703, 0.4415, 0.3710



8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



8.1703, 0.3750, 0.4450

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



8.1703, 0.2138, 0.3218



8.1703, 0.3014, 0.2447

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



4.9295, 0.2189, 0.2178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.1703, 0.2449, 0.2295



8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



8.1703, 0.1988, 0.2666

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



8.1703, 0.2544, 0.3888



8.1703, 0.2095, 0.2358



8.1703, 0.3675, 0.2774

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



8.1703, 0.3343, 0.4450



8.1703, 0.2095, 0.2358



8.1703, 0.2807, 0.2374

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.1707, 0.4229, 0.4166



19.4956, 0.3413, 0.3559



4.5985, 0.4104, 0.2719



4.7201, 0.3450, 0.3592



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.1707, 0.4229, 0.4166



12.9084, 0.4527, 0.4311



11.6513, 0.3829, 0.4667



3.1006, 0.3258, 0.3417



8.1003, 0.5027, 0.4391



40.5185, 0.5089, 0.4341

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.9295, 0.2189, 0.2178



6.6735, 0.1985, 0.1862



3.0193, 0.2133, 0.1538



2.9197, 0.2999, 0.3160



3.0348, 0.1692, 0.1289



14.2419, 0.1663, 0.1186

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

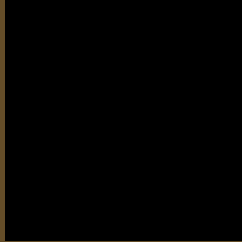
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166

Protanopia

8.1688, 0.3946, 0.4319

Deuteranopia

8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166



Tritanopia

8.1987, 0.3618, 0.3172

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166

Protanomaly

8.2246, 0.4036, 0.4265

Deuteranomaly

8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166

Tritanomaly

8.0925, 0.3868, 0.3535

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166

Achromatopsia

8.0220, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.9999, 0.3520, 0.3666

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 77, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 77, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 77, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 77, 40) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 77, 40) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 77, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 77, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 77, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 77, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 77,  
40) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.1703, 0.4229, 0.4166 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 77, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100, 77,  
40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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