

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.3290, 0.5085, 0.2575)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.3290, 0.5085, 0.2575)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	A3004C
RGB	163, 0, 76
RGB Percent	64%, 0%, 30%
CMY	0.3608, 0.9997, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.53, 0.36
HSL	332°, 100%, 32%
HSV	332°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	16.4067, 8.3083, 7.5753
YIQ	57.4010, 72.7520, 58.1920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

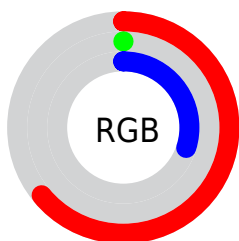
Format	Color
RYB	163, 0, 76
Decimal	10682444
CIELab	34.62, 60.22, 5.01
CIELCh	35, 60.429, 4.758
Yxy	8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288872524 (0xFFA3004C)
YUV	57.4010, 9.1693, 92.6103
Hunter-Lab	28.8241, 51.1601, 4.5948

Details

The Yxy color **8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. A complement of this color would be **26.8799, 0.2688, 0.4875**, and the grayscale version is **4.1340, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.4764, 0.4538, 0.2773**, and **3.0529, 0.5566, 0.2840** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.3063, 0.5082, 0.2573**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.8184, 0.4823, 0.2514**.

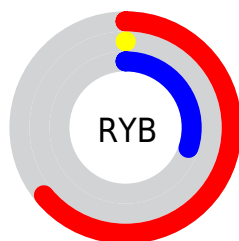
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (0%)

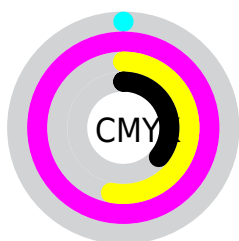
Blue (30%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (30%)

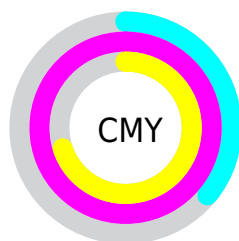


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.3083, 0.5081,
0.2573


 8.3083, 0.5081,
0.2573


178.1306, 0.3844,
0.3044


 4.2929, 0.5522,
0.2393


 22.5607, 0.4546,
0.2783


 1.8387, 0.6190,
0.2108

 33.5663, 0.4373,
0.2849


 0.5111, 0.7784,
0.1579

 47.6709, 0.4237,
0.2900

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 65.2587, 0.4128,
0.2940

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 86.7142, 0.4038,
0.2973

 112.4217, 0.3962,

0.3001

142.7657, 0.3899,
0.3024

8.3083, 0.5081,
0.2573

8.3083, 0.5081,
0.2573

8.3063, 0.5082,
0.2573

8.8184, 0.4823,
0.2514

9.6529, 0.4560,
0.2496

10.9418, 0.4299,
0.2528

12.7417, 0.4054,
0.2600

15.1009, 0.3834,
0.2699

■ 18.0622, 0.3641,
0.2814

■ 21.6638, 0.3476,
0.2936

■ 25.9412, 0.3338,
0.3059

■ 30.9268, 0.3222,
0.3178

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.3083, 0.3557, 0.1914



8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



8.3083, 0.5861, 0.3334

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



8.3083, 0.3436, 0.6053



8.3083, 0.1029, 0.1578

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



26.8799, 0.2688, 0.4875

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.3083, 0.0997, 0.2277



8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



8.3083, 0.2246, 0.5614

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



8.3083, 0.4699, 0.5301



8.3083, 0.1362, 0.3776



8.3083, 0.1399, 0.1375

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



8.3083, 0.5770, 0.3891



8.3083, 0.1362, 0.3776



8.3083, 0.0982, 0.1742

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.3088, 0.5081, 0.2573



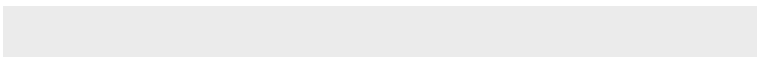
38.3776, 0.3486, 0.2929



4.6704, 0.2099, 0.0930



8.0125, 0.3549, 0.2879



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.3088, 0.5081, 0.2573



14.8388, 0.5124, 0.2596



7.9051, 0.6372, 0.3322



7.1383, 0.3215, 0.3186



6.4656, 0.5061, 0.2562



0.1454, 0.4241, 0.2110

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.3088, 0.5081, 0.2573



14.8388, 0.5124, 0.2596



26.9474, 0.2219, 0.3187



7.1383, 0.3215, 0.3186



6.4656, 0.5061, 0.2562



0.1454, 0.4241, 0.2110

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

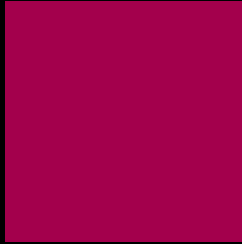
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573

Protanopia

8.8901, 0.2649, 0.2626

Deuteranopia

8.9112, 0.3645, 0.3588



Tritanopia

8.5994, 0.5905, 0.3298

Trichromacy



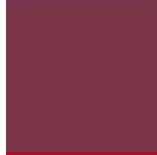
Original Color

8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



Protanomaly

6.6162, 0.3378, 0.2313



Deuteranomaly

7.0614, 0.4267, 0.2891



Tritanomaly

8.3524, 0.5695, 0.3040

Monochromacy



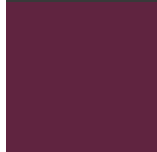
Original Color

8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573



Achromatopsia

4.0915, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

4.1187, 0.4036, 0.2605

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 0, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 0, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 0, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 0, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 0, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 0, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 0, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 0, 76)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.3083, 0.5081, 0.2573 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 0, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163, 0,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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