

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.3415, 0.0492, 0.2745)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(8.3415, 0.0492, 0.2745)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**$\text{Yxy}(12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006C7C
RGB	0, 108, 124
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 49%
CMY	0.9989, 0.5765, 0.5137
CMYK	1.00, 0.13, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	188°, 100%, 24%
HSV	188°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.0036, 12.1804, 20.9481
YIQ	77.5320, -69.5040, -17.9200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

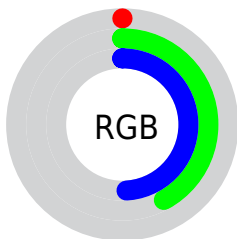
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 58, 124
Decimal	27772
CIELab	41.50, -19.92, -16.32
CIElCh	42, 25.753, 219.318
Yxy	12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217852 (0xFF006C7C)
YUV	77.5320, 22.9087, -67.9956
Hunter-Lab	34.9004, -15.0262, -11.1570

# Details

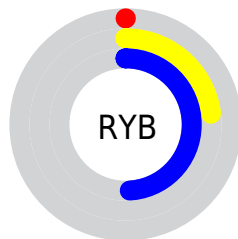
The Yxy color **12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **4.6661, 0.6239, 0.3423**, and the grayscale version is **7.5083, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.9356, 0.2372, 0.3002**, and **3.7397, 0.2083, 0.2700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.1711, 0.2136, 0.2890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.6039, 0.2173, 0.2935**.

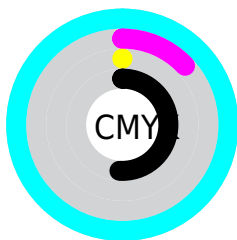
# Distribution



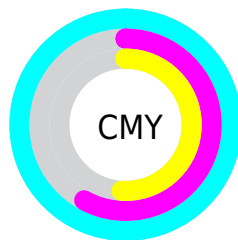
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



12.1804, 0.2137,  
0.2891

12.1804, 0.2137,  
0.2891

205.5960, 0.2720,  
0.3149

6.8667, 0.1954,  
0.2796

29.8232, 0.2374,  
0.3004

3.3788, 0.1695,  
0.2646

42.9211, 0.2455,  
0.3040

1.3326, 0.1297,  
0.2388

59.3825, 0.2521,  
0.3068

0.1662, 0.0000,  
0.1084

79.5918, 0.2575,  
0.3091

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

103.9334, 0.2620,  
0.3109

132.7917, 0.2658,

0.3124

166.5511, 0.2691,  
0.3137

12.1804, 0.2137,  
0.2891

12.1804, 0.2137,  
0.2891

12.1711, 0.2136,  
0.2890

12.6039, 0.2173,  
0.2935

13.0766, 0.2220,  
0.2978

13.6255, 0.2285,  
0.3022

14.2591, 0.2368,  
0.3065

14.9844, 0.2466,  
0.3108

■ 15.8077, 0.2580,  
0.3149

■ 16.7348, 0.2706,  
0.3188

■ 17.7710, 0.2841,  
0.3225

■ 18.9211, 0.2984,  
0.3259

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.1804, 0.2354, 0.3426



12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891



12.1804, 0.2156, 0.2538

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891



12.1804, 0.3419, 0.2723



12.1804, 0.3842, 0.4253

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891



4.6661, 0.6239, 0.3423

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.1804, 0.4184, 0.3951



12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891



12.1804, 0.3943, 0.3095

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891



12.1804, 0.2851, 0.2477



12.1804, 0.4230, 0.3529



12.1804, 0.3325, 0.4291



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891



12.1804, 0.2296, 0.2425



12.1804, 0.4230, 0.3529



12.1804, 0.3982, 0.4174

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.1808, 0.2137, 0.2891



29.2826, 0.2693, 0.3185



14.4532, 0.2967, 0.5876



6.7591, 0.2649, 0.3171



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.1808, 0.2137, 0.2891



21.2739, 0.2133, 0.2880



3.5480, 0.1690, 0.1279



4.4282, 0.2994, 0.3262



12.3685, 0.2136, 0.2890



58.1215, 0.2130, 0.2867



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.3746, 0.3551, 0.1732



9.4298, 0.3561, 0.1736



9.5360, 0.5030, 0.4385



4.0690, 0.3155, 0.3106



5.4555, 0.3553, 0.1731



25.9346, 0.3573, 0.1742



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

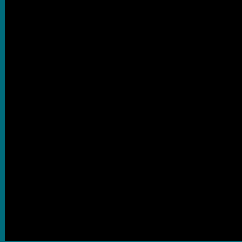
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

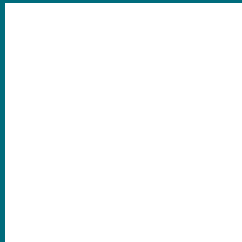
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891.

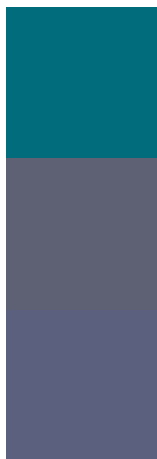


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891

### Protanopia

12.1900, 0.2835, 0.2870

### Deuteranopia

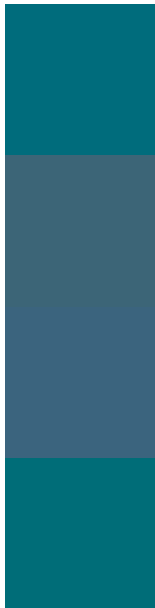
12.1734, 0.2680, 0.2625



## Tritanopia

12.2216, 0.2190, 0.3084

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891

## Protanomaly

11.5999, 0.2424, 0.2856

## Deuteranomaly

11.5505, 0.2349, 0.2679

## Tritanomaly

12.2933, 0.2170, 0.3011

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891

## Achromatopsia

7.6185, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

8.6491, 0.2507, 0.3119

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 108, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 108, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 108, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 108, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 108, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 108, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 108, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 108,  
124) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 12.1804, 0.2137, 0.2891 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 108, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 108,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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