

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.3800, 0.1228, 0.1112)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.3800, 0.1228, 0.1112)
contains.

Yxy(10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0155CB
RGB	1, 85, 203
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 80%
CMY	0.9979, 0.6668, 0.2039
CMYK	1.00, 0.58, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	215°, 99%, 40%
HSV	215°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	14.0341, 10.8088, 57.8564
YIQ	73.3360, -87.9420, 18.8900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

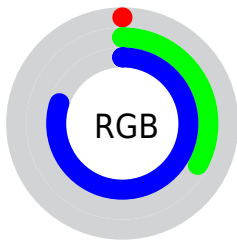
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 60, 203
Decimal	87499
CIE _{Lab}	39.26, 26.10, -66.72
CIE _{LCh}	39, 71.644, 291.362
Yxy	10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278277579 (0xFF0155CB)
YUV	73.3360, 63.9244, -63.4387
Hunter-Lab	32.8767, 18.6619, -81.3247

Details

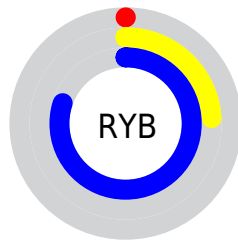
The Yxy color **10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **25.7937, 0.5169, 0.4276**, and the grayscale version is **6.5944, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.9795, 0.2028, 0.1719**, and **3.7940, 0.1608, 0.0988** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7564, 0.1695, 0.1302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9846, 0.1773, 0.1500**.

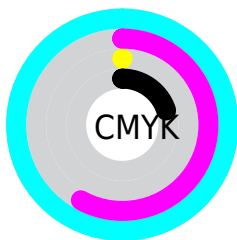
Distribution



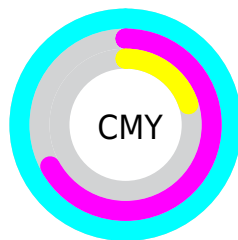
- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8088, 0.1697,
0.1307

■ 10.8088, 0.1697,
0.1307

■ 196.3511, 0.2507,
0.2333

■ 5.9384, 0.1484,
0.1071

■ 27.3061, 0.2005,
0.1672

■ 2.8077, 0.1216,
0.0795

■ 39.7017, 0.2118,
0.1814

■ 1.0322, 0.0884,
0.0488

■ 55.3746, 0.2211,
0.1934

■ 0.0000, 0.0485,
0.0000

■ 74.7091, 0.2290,
0.2037

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 98.0896, 0.2356,
0.2126

125.9005, 0.2414,

0.2204

158.5262, 0.2463,
0.2273

■ 10.8088, 0.1697,
0.1307

■ 10.8088, 0.1697,
0.1307

■ 10.7564, 0.1695,
0.1302

■ 12.9846, 0.1773,
0.1500

■ 15.6487, 0.1874,
0.1712

■ 18.8677, 0.2001,
0.1935

■ 22.6835, 0.2148,
0.2162

■ 27.1326, 0.2309,
0.2385

■ 32.2483, 0.2477,
0.2598

■ 38.0609, 0.2648,
0.2798

■ 44.5987, 0.2816,
0.2981

■ 51.8883, 0.2977,
0.3146

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8088, 0.1089, 0.1316



10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307



10.8088, 0.2866, 0.1601

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307



10.8088, 0.5969, 0.3747



10.8088, 0.1578, 0.4785

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307



25.7937, 0.5169, 0.4276

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8088, 0.2680, 0.6297



10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307



10.8088, 0.5204, 0.4796

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307



10.8088, 0.5846, 0.2932



10.8088, 0.4001, 0.5962



10.8088, 0.0983, 0.2773

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307



10.8088, 0.3959, 0.1963



10.8088, 0.4001, 0.5962



10.8088, 0.1904, 0.5480

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8090, 0.1697, 0.1307



63.0361, 0.2636, 0.2785



43.9672, 0.2662, 0.4782



12.5785, 0.2564, 0.2701



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8090, 0.1697, 0.1307



17.5982, 0.1689, 0.1279



4.4179, 0.1520, 0.0612



11.5999, 0.2983, 0.3151



7.0151, 0.1702, 0.1327



0.5107, 0.1810, 0.1717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.3659, 0.5316, 0.2704



22.3077, 0.5356, 0.2724



53.6059, 0.4076, 0.5144



11.2900, 0.3226, 0.3194



8.5112, 0.5289, 0.2687



0.4541, 0.4786, 0.2410

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

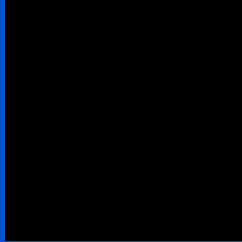
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8152, 0.1698, 0.1308

Protanopia

10.8189, 0.1744, 0.1479

Deuteranopia

10.7931, 0.1858, 0.1890



Tritanopia

10.8046, 0.2202, 0.3126

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8152, 0.1698, 0.1308

Protanomaly

10.8745, 0.1728, 0.1421

Deuteranomaly

10.6565, 0.1786, 0.1630

Tritanomaly

10.3489, 0.1945, 0.2202

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8152, 0.1698, 0.1308

Achromatopsia

6.6626, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.2682, 0.2169, 0.2184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 85, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 85, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 85, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 85, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 85, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 85, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 85, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 85, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 85, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 85, 203)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.8088, 0.1697, 0.1307 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 85, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 85,  
203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor