

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.3940, 0.4836, 0.4542)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.3940, 0.4836, 0.4542)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E4C00
RGB	110, 76, 0
RGB Percent	43%, 30%, 0%
CMY	0.5686, 0.7020, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 1.00, 0.57
HSL	41°, 100%, 22%
HSV	41°, 100%, 43%
XYZ	9.0158, 8.4839, 1.1627
YIQ	77.5020, 44.6600, -16.4280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

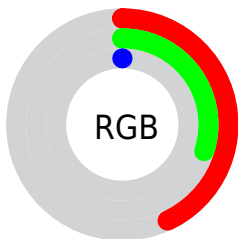
Format	Color
RYB	49, 110, 0
Decimal	7228416
CIELab	34.97, 8.33, 43.84
CIELCh	35, 44.623, 79.245
Yxy	8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285418496 (0xFF6E4C00)
YUV	77.5020, -38.2085, 28.5007
Hunter-Lab	29.1271, 4.2790, 18.0223

Details

The Yxy color **8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **2.2715, 0.1639, 0.1099**, and the grayscale version is **7.5875, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.0313, 0.4447, 0.4321**, and **1.9029, 0.5057, 0.4367** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.4837, 0.4831, 0.4546**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **8.9897, 0.4689, 0.4525**.

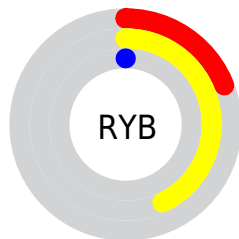
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (30%)

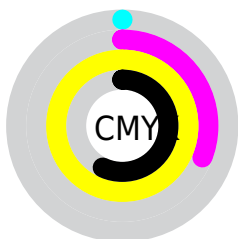
Blue (0%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (0%)

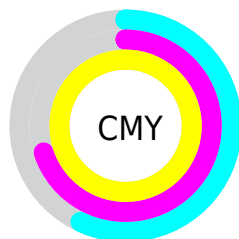


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)


Magenta (70%)


Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.4839, 0.4831,
0.4546


 8.4839, 0.4831,
0.4546


 179.4797, 0.3823,
0.3862


 4.4061, 0.5218,
0.4782

 22.9018, 0.4444,
0.4314


 1.9032, 0.5326,
0.4674

 34.0106, 0.4301,
0.4217

 0.5503, 0.5689,
0.4311

 48.2320, 0.4184,
0.4133


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 65.9502, 0.4086,
0.4062


 87.5497, 0.4004,
0.4000


 113.4148, 0.3935,


0.3948


 143.9301, 0.3875,
0.3902


 8.4839, 0.4831,
0.4546

 8.4839, 0.4831,
0.4546


 8.4837, 0.4831,
0.4546

 8.9897, 0.4689,
0.4525

 9.5298, 0.4538,
0.4479

 10.1135, 0.4365,
0.4392

 10.7433, 0.4178,
0.4271

 11.4213, 0.3985,
0.4124

■ 12.1494, 0.3793,
0.3961

■ 12.9294, 0.3609,
0.3790

■ 13.7629, 0.3435,
0.3619

■ 14.6514, 0.3274,
0.3451

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.4839, 0.5241, 0.3796



8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546



8.4839, 0.4009, 0.5193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546



8.4839, 0.1552, 0.3092



8.4839, 0.2903, 0.1988

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546



2.2715, 0.1639, 0.1099

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.4839, 0.2032, 0.1761



8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546



8.4839, 0.1375, 0.2217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546



8.4839, 0.2124, 0.4357



8.4839, 0.1535, 0.1814



8.4839, 0.4032, 0.2458

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546



8.4839, 0.3360, 0.5341



8.4839, 0.1535, 0.1814



8.4839, 0.2572, 0.1883

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.4843, 0.4831, 0.4546



22.5880, 0.3624, 0.3804



3.4363, 0.5585, 0.2850



5.1550, 0.3680, 0.3858



57.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290



6.3724, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.4843, 0.4831, 0.4546



14.6787, 0.4852, 0.4530



13.3196, 0.3887, 0.5295



3.7507, 0.3259, 0.3435



10.1372, 0.4838, 0.4540



48.9148, 0.4883, 0.4505

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.2715, 0.1639, 0.1099



3.7899, 0.1626, 0.1054



1.2769, 0.1617, 0.0664



3.4532, 0.2996, 0.3141



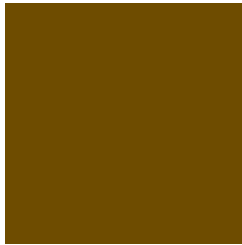
2.6791, 0.1634, 0.1083



11.9722, 0.1608, 0.0989

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546

Protanopia

8.5290, 0.4339, 0.4841

Deuteranopia

8.4520, 0.4702, 0.4648



Tritanopia

8.5390, 0.3862, 0.3181

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546

Protanomaly

8.3987, 0.4528, 0.4732

Deuteranomaly

8.4336, 0.4759, 0.4604

Tritanomaly

8.4232, 0.4375, 0.3840

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546

Achromatopsia

7.6185, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.7117, 0.3864, 0.4002

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 76, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 76, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 76, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 76, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 76, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 76, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 76, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 76, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 76, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 76, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.4839, 0.4831, 0.4546 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 76, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 76,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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