

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.5032, 0.1894, 0.1037)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.5032, 0.1894, 0.1037)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5233CC
RGB	82, 51, 204
RGB Percent	32%, 20%, 80%
CMY	0.6785, 0.7999, 0.2001
CMYK	0.60, 0.75, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	252°, 60%, 50%
HSV	252°, 75%, 80%
XYZ	15.5578, 8.5211, 57.9336
YIQ	77.7110, -30.6370, 54.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

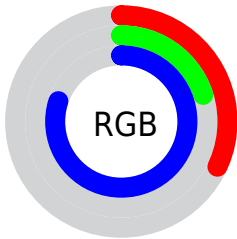
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 51, 204
Decimal	5387212
CIE _{Lab}	35.05, 53.49, -74.05
CIE _{LCh}	35, 91.351, 305.839
Yxy	8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283577292 (0xFF5233CC)
YUV	77.7110, 62.2605, 3.7615
Hunter-Lab	29.1909, 44.0503, -97.2360

Details

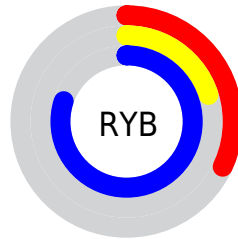
The Yxy color **8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. The color can be described as dark muted blue. A complement of this color would be **52.2992, 0.3832, 0.5084**, and the grayscale version is **7.4482, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22.4567, 0.2224, 0.1460**, and **2.1381, 0.1500, 0.0600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **6.4672, 0.1750, 0.0832**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5297, 0.2069, 0.1308**.

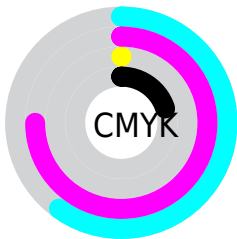
Distribution



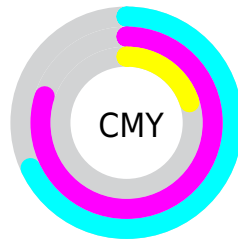
- Red (32%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.5211, 0.1897,
0.1039


 8.5211, 0.1897,
0.1039


179.7640, 0.2637,
0.2155

 4.4302, 0.1689,
0.0804


 22.9738, 0.2189,
0.1421


 1.9170, 0.1420,
0.0545

 34.1044, 0.2293,
0.1573


 0.5586, 0.1079,
0.0264

 48.3504, 0.2377,
0.1705

 0.0000, 0.0667,
0.0000

 66.0961, 0.2448,
0.1819

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 87.7259, 0.2507,
0.1919

 113.6242, 0.2557,

0.2007

144.1754, 0.2600,
0.2085

■ 8.5211, 0.1897,
0.1039

■ 8.5211, 0.1897,
0.1039

■ 6.4672, 0.1750,
0.0832

■ 11.5297, 0.2069,
0.1308

■ 5.2443, 0.1639,
0.0699

■ 15.5943, 0.2255,
0.1620

■ 4.8352, 0.1596,
0.0653

■ 20.8039, 0.2443,
0.1952

■ 27.2375, 0.2623,
0.2284

■ 34.9671, 0.2789,
0.2603

■ 44.0592, 0.2938,
0.2899

■ 54.5756, 0.3069,
0.3167

■ 66.5742, 0.3182,
0.3406

■ 80.1098, 0.3279,
0.3617

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.5211, 0.0959, 0.0891



8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039



8.5211, 0.3752, 0.1506

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039



8.5211, 0.6035, 0.3965



8.5211, 0.0722, 0.3754

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039



52.2992, 0.3832, 0.5084

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.5211, 0.1588, 0.6969



8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039



8.5211, 0.4551, 0.5449

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039



8.5211, 0.6823, 0.3006



8.5211, 0.2919, 0.7081



8.5211, 0.0478, 0.1723

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039



8.5211, 0.5331, 0.1984



8.5211, 0.2919, 0.7081



8.5211, 0.0932, 0.4873

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.5213, 0.1897, 0.1039



61.7593, 0.2831, 0.2686



35.0974, 0.2185, 0.2812



12.3832, 0.2788, 0.2602



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.5213, 0.1897, 0.1039



9.3120, 0.1677, 0.0741



14.0068, 0.2656, 0.1420



10.9515, 0.3013, 0.3053



3.0762, 0.1606, 0.0658



0.1915, 0.1796, 0.0763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.2220, 0.3610, 0.1956



26.5588, 0.3737, 0.1871



45.9483, 0.3241, 0.5494



11.3633, 0.3168, 0.3107



9.7518, 0.3793, 0.1863



0.5132, 0.3658, 0.1789

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

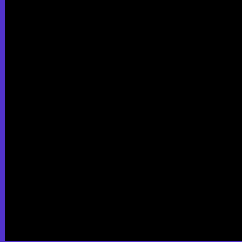
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039

Protanopia

8.3820, 0.1751, 0.1502

Deuteranopia

8.4802, 0.1870, 0.1933



Tritanopia

8.4825, 0.2331, 0.3084

Trichromacy



Original Color
8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039

Protanomaly
7.8276, 0.1735, 0.1246

Deuteranomaly
7.7577, 0.1796, 0.1435

Tritanomaly
7.6246, 0.2071, 0.1892

Monochromacy



Original Color
8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039

Achromatopsia
7.6185, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly
7.2517, 0.2468, 0.2004

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 51, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 51, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 51, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 51, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 51, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 51, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 51, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 51, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 51, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 51,  
204) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.5211, 0.1897, 0.1039 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 51, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 51,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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