

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.5827, 0.5891, 0.4109)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.5827, 0.5891, 0.4109)
contains.

Yxy(8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

$Y_{xy}(8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D3A00
RGB	141, 58, 0
RGB Percent	55%, 23%, 0%
CMY	0.4471, 0.7725, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 1.00, 0.45
HSL	25°, 100%, 28%
HSV	25°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	12.4970, 8.6888, 1.0192
YIQ	76.2050, 68.0860, -0.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

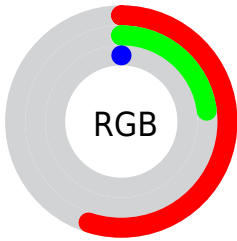
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 99, 0
Decimal	9255424
CIE _{Lab}	35.38, 32.79, 46.43
CIE _{LCh}	35, 56.844, 54.770
Yxy	8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287445504 (0xFF8D3A00)
YUV	76.2050, -37.5691, 56.8252
Hunter-Lab	29.4768, 24.0924, 18.5837

Details

The Yxy color **8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **8.1116, 0.1865, 0.1915**, and the grayscale version is **7.3291, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.3906, 0.5042, 0.3922**, and **1.9910, 0.6253, 0.3417** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.6875, 0.5628, 0.3913**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.6269, 0.5374, 0.3970**.

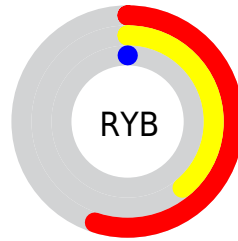
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (23%)

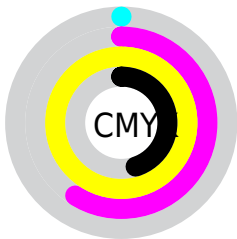
Blue (0%)



Red (55%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (0%)

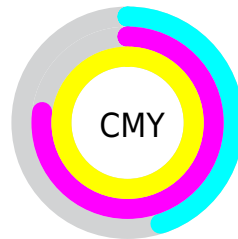


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)


Magenta (77%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.6888, 0.5628,
0.3913


 8.6888, 0.5628,
0.3913


 181.0391, 0.4135,
0.3718


 4.5388, 0.6120,
0.3880

 23.2981, 0.5049,
0.3920


 1.9793, 0.6458,
0.3542


 34.5262, 0.4838,
0.3893


 0.5954, 0.7135,
0.2865

 48.8824, 0.4664,
0.3861

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 66.7511, 0.4521,
0.3828


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 88.5167, 0.4401,
0.3797


 114.5637, 0.4298,


0.3768

 145.2763, 0.4211,
0.3742

 8.6888, 0.5628,
0.3913

 8.6888, 0.5628,
0.3913


 8.6875, 0.5628,
0.3913

 9.6269, 0.5374,
0.3970

 10.7265, 0.5092,
0.3991

 12.0044, 0.4788,
0.3965

 13.4700, 0.4481,
0.3902

 15.1317, 0.4188,
0.3814

■ 16.9972, 0.3919,
0.3711

■ 19.0740, 0.3679,
0.3603

■ 21.3688, 0.3469,
0.3494

■ 23.8884, 0.3285,
0.3389

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6888, 0.5556, 0.3118



8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913



8.6888, 0.4960, 0.4868

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913



8.6888, 0.1704, 0.4346



8.6888, 0.1954, 0.1513

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913



8.1116, 0.1865, 0.1915

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.6888, 0.1325, 0.1497



8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913



8.6888, 0.1174, 0.2737

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913



8.6888, 0.2695, 0.5743



8.6888, 0.1080, 0.1837



8.6888, 0.3068, 0.1824

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913



8.6888, 0.4253, 0.5481



8.6888, 0.1080, 0.1837



8.6888, 0.1695, 0.1474

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.6893, 0.5628, 0.3913



33.9029, 0.3694, 0.3610



6.3125, 0.4505, 0.2255



7.2577, 0.3780, 0.3650



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.6893, 0.5628, 0.3913



15.2436, 0.5664, 0.3885



20.8145, 0.4376, 0.4907



5.7656, 0.3272, 0.3381



7.9520, 0.5622, 0.3918



0.1177, 0.4931, 0.4467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1116, 0.1865, 0.1915



14.1866, 0.1857, 0.1884



2.2405, 0.1525, 0.0688



5.7493, 0.2990, 0.3197



7.4268, 0.1867, 0.1920



0.1145, 0.2053, 0.2589

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

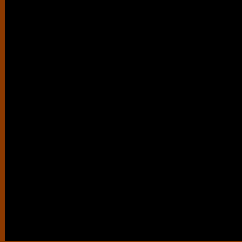
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913

Protanopia

8.8052, 0.4315, 0.4768

Deuteranopia

8.8015, 0.4675, 0.4670



Tritanopia

8.6845, 0.4940, 0.3247

Trichromacy



Original Color
8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913

Protanomaly
8.4966, 0.4828, 0.4436

Deuteranomaly
8.5567, 0.5061, 0.4363

Tritanomaly
8.6105, 0.5327, 0.3572

Monochromacy



Original Color
8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913

Achromatopsia
7.2272, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly
7.1790, 0.4198, 0.3806

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 58, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 58, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 58, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 58, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 58, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 58, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 58, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 58, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 58, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 58, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.6888, 0.5628, 0.3913 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 58, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 58,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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