

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73492F
RGB	115, 73, 47
RGB Percent	45%, 29%, 18%
CMY	0.5491, 0.7137, 0.8157
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.59, 0.55
HSL	23°, 42%, 32%
HSV	23°, 59%, 45%
XYZ	9.9641, 8.6152, 3.8270
YIQ	82.5940, 33.3780, 0.8180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

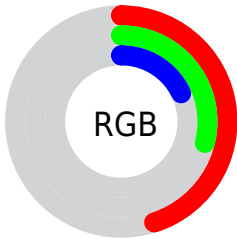
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 89, 47
Decimal	7555375
CIE Lab	35.23, 14.93, 22.82
CIE LCh	35, 27.269, 56.805
Yxy	8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285745455 (0xFF73492F)
YUV	82.5940, -17.5478, 28.4201
Hunter-Lab	29.3517, 9.2303, 12.8157

Details

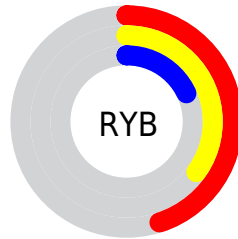
The Yxy color **8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **8.9811, 0.2281, 0.2615**, and the grayscale version is **8.5950, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.1622, 0.4072, 0.3722**, and **1.9687, 0.5356, 0.4129** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.6544, 0.4758, 0.3907**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.7078, 0.4154, 0.3762**.

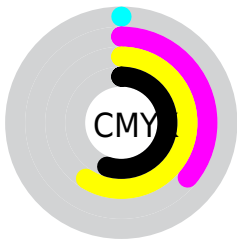
Distribution



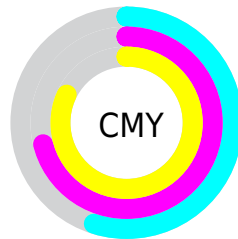
- Red (45%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (55%)





- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (82%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.6152, 0.4447,
0.3845


 8.6152, 0.4447,
0.3845


 180.4808, 0.3608,
0.3530


 4.4911, 0.4745,
0.3919

 23.1559, 0.4084,
0.3726


 1.9519, 0.5370,
0.4121


 34.3413, 0.3967,
0.3682

 0.5793, 0.6129,
0.3871

 48.6493, 0.3875,
0.3645

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 66.4641, 0.3800,
0.3615

 88.1703, 0.3739,
0.3589

 114.1522, 0.3689,

0.3566

144.7942, 0.3645,
0.3547

■ 8.6152, 0.4447,
0.3845

■ 8.6152, 0.4447,
0.3845

■ 7.6544, 0.4758,
0.3907

■ 9.7078, 0.4154,
0.3762

■ 6.8186, 0.5073,
0.3936

■ 10.9361, 0.3888,
0.3666

■ 6.1023, 0.5369,
0.3923

■ 12.3054, 0.3653,
0.3567

■ 5.4937, 0.5648,
0.3880

■ 13.8203, 0.3447,
0.3468

■ 5.4448, 0.5674,
0.3877

■ 15.4850, 0.3268,
0.3372

■ 17.3038, 0.3115,
0.3282

■ 19.2806, 0.2982,
0.3199

■ 21.4193, 0.2868,
0.3121

■ 23.7236, 0.2770,
0.3051

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.6152, 0.4343, 0.3339



8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845



8.6152, 0.4163, 0.4291

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845



8.6152, 0.2395, 0.3740



8.6152, 0.2554, 0.2284

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845



8.9811, 0.2281, 0.2615

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.6152, 0.2131, 0.2289



8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845



8.6152, 0.2042, 0.3049

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845



8.6152, 0.2966, 0.4329



8.6152, 0.1955, 0.2538



8.6152, 0.3179, 0.2490

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845



8.6152, 0.3817, 0.4478



8.6152, 0.1955, 0.2538



8.6152, 0.2387, 0.2261

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.6156, 0.4447, 0.3845



24.9422, 0.3434, 0.3461



6.4157, 0.3713, 0.2399



5.7891, 0.3480, 0.3485



60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.3239, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.6156, 0.4447, 0.3845



13.1253, 0.4876, 0.3922



14.1398, 0.4026, 0.4473



3.9094, 0.3267, 0.3372



6.1868, 0.5685, 0.3868



28.6030, 0.5777, 0.3795

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.9811, 0.2281, 0.2615



13.8043, 0.2123, 0.2423



4.6763, 0.2091, 0.1721



3.9311, 0.2995, 0.3207



6.5240, 0.1898, 0.2033



30.0979, 0.1878, 0.1960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845

Protanopia

8.6497, 0.3806, 0.4112

Deuteranopia

8.6140, 0.4142, 0.4069



Tritanopia

8.6702, 0.3965, 0.3184

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845

Protanomaly

8.5316, 0.4037, 0.3993

Deuteranomaly

8.6308, 0.4263, 0.3995

Tritanomaly

8.6011, 0.4143, 0.3424

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845

Achromatopsia

8.6500, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

8.4671, 0.3583, 0.3519

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 73, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 73, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 73, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 73, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 73, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 73, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 73, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 73, 47); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 73, 47);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 73,  
47) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.6152, 0.4447, 0.3845 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 73, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 73,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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