

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.8938, 0.2179, 0.3045)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.8938, 0.2179, 0.3045)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005E66
RGB	0, 94, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 37%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6313, 0.6000
CMYK	1.00, 0.08, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	185°, 100%, 20%
HSV	185°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	6.3987, 8.9647, 13.9617
YIQ	66.8060, -58.5920, -17.4400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

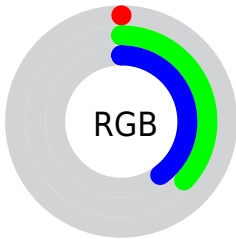
Format	Color
RYB	0, 49, 102
Decimal	24166
CIELab	35.92, -20.37, -11.34
CIELCh	36, 23.319, 209.104
Yxy	8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278214246 (0xFF005E66)
YUV	66.8060, 17.3506, -58.5889
Hunter-Lab	29.9411, -14.2495, -6.6885

Details

The Yxy color **8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **2.9977, 0.6290, 0.3388**, and the grayscale version is **5.5606, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.9284, 0.2432, 0.3138**, and **2.3089, 0.2137, 0.2891** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9663, 0.2183, 0.3057**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.1749, 0.2217, 0.3082**.

Distribution



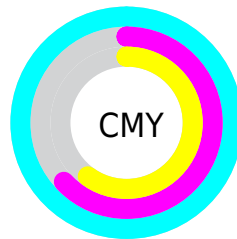
- Red (0%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.9647, 0.2182,
0.3057


 8.9647, 0.2182,
0.3057


183.1143, 0.2764,
0.3220


 4.7182, 0.1982,
0.2985

 23.8291, 0.2429,
0.3134


 2.0829, 0.1680,
0.2859


 35.2157, 0.2510,
0.3157

 0.6550, 0.0523,
0.2736

 49.7511, 0.2575,
0.3174


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 67.8198, 0.2627,
0.3187


 89.8060, 0.2670,
0.3198


 116.0943, 0.2707,


0.3206


 147.0689, 0.2738,
0.3213


 8.9647, 0.2182,
0.3057


 8.9647, 0.2182,
0.3057

 8.9663, 0.2183,
0.3057

 9.1749, 0.2217,
0.3082

 9.4062, 0.2260,
0.3107

 9.6841, 0.2320,
0.3132

 10.0135, 0.2396,
0.3158

 10.3986, 0.2488,
0.3182

■ 10.8434, 0.2595,
0.3206

■ 11.3513, 0.2715,
0.3229

■ 11.9256, 0.2845,
0.3251

■ 12.5693, 0.2984,
0.3271

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.9647, 0.2477, 0.3625



8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057



8.9647, 0.2121, 0.2631

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057



8.9647, 0.3221, 0.2621



8.9647, 0.3987, 0.4175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057



2.9977, 0.6290, 0.3388

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.9647, 0.4240, 0.3815



8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057



8.9647, 0.3784, 0.2957

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057



8.9647, 0.2678, 0.2429



8.9647, 0.4171, 0.3379



8.9647, 0.3513, 0.4320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057



8.9647, 0.2210, 0.2468



8.9647, 0.4171, 0.3379



8.9647, 0.4102, 0.4071

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.9663, 0.2183, 0.3057



19.8290, 0.2704, 0.3227



9.5164, 0.2977, 0.5917



4.6140, 0.2668, 0.3221



53.8236, 0.3127, 0.3290



5.4972, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.9663, 0.2183, 0.3057



15.6556, 0.2181, 0.3050



2.7753, 0.1739, 0.1460



3.1505, 0.2999, 0.3273



11.4922, 0.2182, 0.3054



59.3544, 0.2178, 0.3039

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.6327, 0.3404, 0.1649



6.3646, 0.3410, 0.1652



5.8301, 0.5145, 0.4297



2.8855, 0.3147, 0.3102



4.6637, 0.3407, 0.1651



24.2647, 0.3420, 0.1658

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

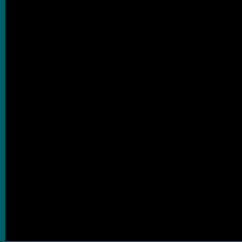
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057

Protanopia

9.0059, 0.2943, 0.3011

Deuteranopia

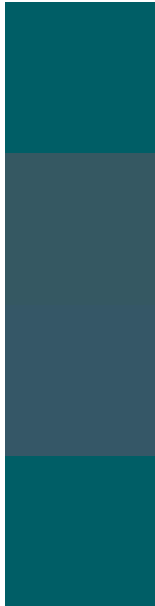
9.0250, 0.2815, 0.2773



Tritanopia

8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057

Trichromacy



Original Color
8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057

Protanomaly
8.6182, 0.2502, 0.3011

Deuteranomaly
8.5525, 0.2444, 0.2853

Tritanomaly
8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057

Monochromacy



Original Color
8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057

Achromatopsia
5.6128, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly
6.4005, 0.2542, 0.3192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 94, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 94, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 94, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 94, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 94, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 94, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 94, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 94, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 94, 102)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.9647, 0.2182, 0.3057 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 94, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 94,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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