

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.8991, 0.1520, 0.2722)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.8991, 0.1520, 0.2722)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006477
RGB	0, 100, 119
RGB Percent	0%, 39%, 47%
CMY	0.9991, 0.6079, 0.5333
CMYK	1.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	190°, 100%, 23%
HSV	190°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	7.8889, 10.4463, 19.0531
YIQ	72.2660, -65.6990, -15.2910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

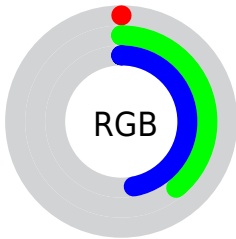
Format	Color
RYB	0, 54, 119
Decimal	25719
CIELab	38.63, -17.38, -17.67
CIELCh	39, 24.786, 225.483
Yxy	10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215799 (0xFF006477)
YUV	72.2660, 23.0399, -63.3773
Hunter-Lab	32.3207, -12.9925, -12.3270

Details

The Yxy color **10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **4.3962, 0.6186, 0.3466**, and the grayscale version is **6.5085, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6100, 0.2363, 0.2939**, and **3.0011, 0.2038, 0.2538** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4381, 0.2109, 0.2793**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8938, 0.2151, 0.2849**.

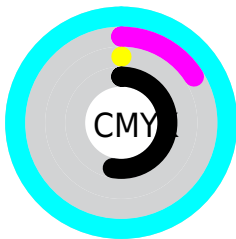
Distribution



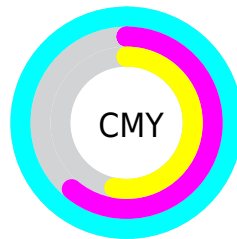
- Red (0%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (53%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 10.4463, 0.2110,
0.2794


 10.4463, 0.2110,
0.2794

 193.8284, 0.2720,
0.3115


 5.6959, 0.1913,
0.2674

 26.6316, 0.2362,
0.2936

 2.6610, 0.1629,
0.2484


 38.8353, 0.2447,
0.2980

 0.9574, 0.1100,
0.2175

 54.2922, 0.2515,
0.3015

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 73.3867, 0.2571,
0.3043

 96.5031, 0.2617,
0.3066

 124.0260, 0.2657,

0.3085

156.3396, 0.2691,
0.3101

10.4463, 0.2110,
0.2794

10.4463, 0.2110,
0.2794

10.4381, 0.2109,
0.2793

10.8938, 0.2151,
0.2849

11.3875, 0.2202,
0.2903

11.9535, 0.2271,
0.2958

12.5995, 0.2358,
0.3012

13.3318, 0.2460,
0.3065

■ 14.1561, 0.2577,
0.3116

■ 15.0778, 0.2704,
0.3164

■ 16.1015, 0.2841,
0.3210

■ 17.2316, 0.2984,
0.3252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4463, 0.2280, 0.3306



10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794



10.4463, 0.2178, 0.2483

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794



10.4463, 0.3542, 0.2785



10.4463, 0.3752, 0.4300

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794



4.3962, 0.6186, 0.3466

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4463, 0.4147, 0.4035



10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794



10.4463, 0.4038, 0.3179

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794



10.4463, 0.2959, 0.2506



10.4463, 0.4263, 0.3622



10.4463, 0.3211, 0.4269

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794



10.4463, 0.2350, 0.2399



10.4463, 0.4263, 0.3622



10.4463, 0.3907, 0.4238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4467, 0.2110, 0.2794



26.8348, 0.2692, 0.3160



13.2389, 0.2952, 0.5826



6.2226, 0.2647, 0.3144



62.0916, 0.3127, 0.3290



7.8288, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4467, 0.2110, 0.2794



18.5262, 0.2106, 0.2780



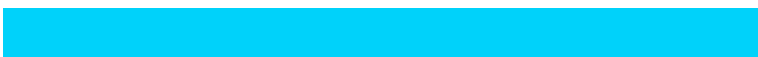
2.9751, 0.1666, 0.1193



4.0603, 0.2995, 0.3255



11.0785, 0.2109, 0.2791



52.9452, 0.2101, 0.2762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.8469, 0.3640, 0.1780



8.6526, 0.3653, 0.1786



9.2906, 0.4939, 0.4458



3.7484, 0.3159, 0.3114



5.1424, 0.3643, 0.1780



24.9542, 0.3670, 0.1795

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

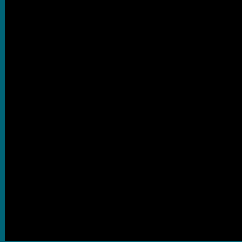
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794.

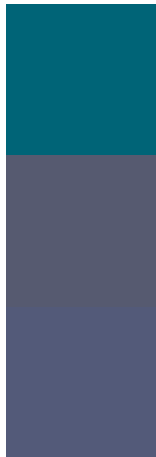


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794

Protanopia

10.4606, 0.2765, 0.2776

Deuteranopia

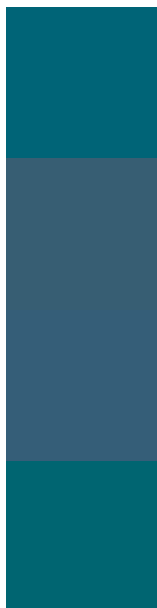
10.5318, 0.2619, 0.2583



Tritanopia

10.4115, 0.2186, 0.3070

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794

Protanomaly

10.0554, 0.2381, 0.2760

Deuteranomaly

10.1184, 0.2318, 0.2646

Tritanomaly

10.4996, 0.2158, 0.2968

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794

Achromatopsia

6.4803, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

7.3367, 0.2495, 0.3078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 100, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 100, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 100, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 100, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 100, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 100, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 100, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 100, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 100, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 100,  
119) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 10.4463, 0.2110, 0.2794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 100, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 100,  
119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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