

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538)
contains.

Yxy(8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E2A0E
RGB	158, 42, 14
RGB Percent	62%, 16%, 5%
CMY	0.3804, 0.8352, 0.9453
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.91, 0.38
HSL	12°, 84%, 34%
HSV	12°, 91%, 62%
XYZ	15.0072, 8.9567, 1.3519
YIQ	73.4920, 78.1240, 15.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

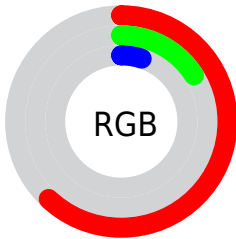
Format	Color
R _Y B	158, 49, 14
Decimal	10365454
CIE Lab	35.90, 46.53, 43.17
CIE LCh	36, 63.477, 42.854
Yxy	8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288555534 (0xFF9E2A0E)
YUV	73.4920, -29.3296, 74.1135
Hunter-Lab	29.9277, 37.1346, 18.2712

Details

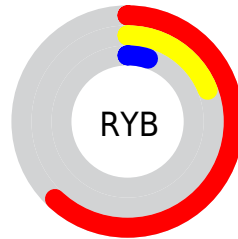
The Yxy color **8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993300**. A complement of this color would be **18.5119, 0.2107, 0.2722**, and the grayscale version is **6.7961, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.9183, 0.5260, 0.3642**, and **2.5967, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.2369, 0.6169, 0.3484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.0686, 0.5585, 0.3585**.

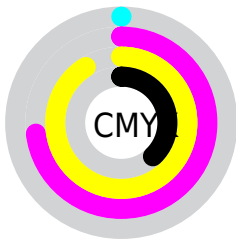
Distribution



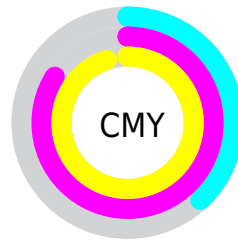
- Red (62%)
- Green (16%)
- Blue (5%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (5%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 8.9567, 0.5928,
0.3538


 8.9567, 0.5928,
0.3538


 183.0545, 0.4241,
0.3581


 4.7129, 0.6491,
0.3433

 23.8137, 0.5263,
0.3640


 2.0798, 0.6950,
0.3050

 35.1958, 0.5025,
0.3646


 0.6533, 0.7652,
0.2348

 49.7260, 0.4831,
0.3642

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 67.7889, 0.4670,
0.3632


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 89.7688, 0.4536,
0.3620


 116.0501, 0.4422,

0.3607


 147.0172, 0.4325,
0.3594

 8.9567, 0.5928,
0.3538


 8.9567, 0.5928,
0.3538


 8.2369, 0.6169,
0.3484

 10.0686, 0.5585,
0.3585

 11.5316, 0.5187,
0.3599

 13.3734, 0.4779,
0.3584

 15.6186, 0.4396,
0.3548

 18.2894, 0.4056,
0.3501

■ 21.4067, 0.3764,
0.3449

■ 24.9897, 0.3519,
0.3395

■ 29.0567, 0.3314,
0.3344

■ 33.6247, 0.3145,
0.3295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.9567, 0.5451, 0.2756



8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538



8.9567, 0.5450, 0.4506

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538



8.9567, 0.1930, 0.5245



8.9567, 0.1541, 0.1349

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538



18.5119, 0.2107, 0.2722

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.9567, 0.1064, 0.1455



8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538



8.9567, 0.1180, 0.3279

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538



8.9567, 0.3084, 0.6173



8.9567, 0.0941, 0.1992



8.9567, 0.2507, 0.1553

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538



8.9567, 0.4766, 0.5234



8.9567, 0.0941, 0.1992



8.9567, 0.1336, 0.1347

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.9572, 0.5928, 0.3538



41.1431, 0.3670, 0.3429



9.2365, 0.3669, 0.1843



8.8257, 0.3752, 0.3446



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.9572, 0.5928, 0.3538



14.7337, 0.6197, 0.3462



18.9739, 0.4764, 0.4516



6.8450, 0.3279, 0.3334



6.6434, 0.6156, 0.3494



0.1688, 0.5535, 0.3987

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.5119, 0.2107, 0.2722



31.8725, 0.2069, 0.2648



5.7486, 0.1700, 0.1230



7.2898, 0.2988, 0.3245



14.2358, 0.2074, 0.2667



0.3061, 0.2151, 0.2942

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

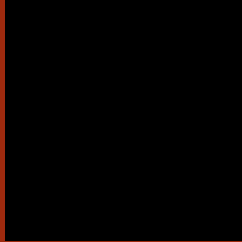
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538

Protanopia

9.2126, 0.4206, 0.4653

Deuteranopia

9.0730, 0.4688, 0.4660



Tritanopia

8.9821, 0.5624, 0.3275

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538

Protanomaly

8.3564, 0.4945, 0.4160

Deuteranomaly

8.4609, 0.5237, 0.4165

Tritanomaly

8.9874, 0.5772, 0.3389

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538

Achromatopsia

6.6626, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

6.6362, 0.4284, 0.3531

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 42, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 42, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 42, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 42, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 42, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 42, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 42, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 42, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 42, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 42,  
14) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 8.9567, 0.5928, 0.3538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 42, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158, 42,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor