

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(80.0108, 0.2994, 0.3760)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.0108, 0.2994, 0.3760)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAF5CC
RGB	186, 245, 204
RGB Percent	73%, 96%, 80%
CMY	0.2702, 0.0393, 0.1999
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.17, 0.04
HSL	138°, 75%, 85%
HSV	138°, 24%, 96%
XYZ	63.8186, 80.1036, 69.2327
YIQ	222.6850, -22.0030, -25.2590

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

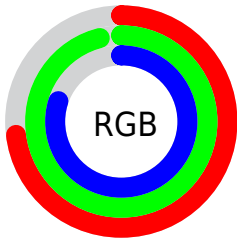
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	186, 231, 245
Decimal	12252620
CIELab	91.73, -26.53, 13.76
CIELCh	92, 29.886, 152.580
Yxy	80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290442700 (0xFFBAF5CC)
YUV	222.6850, -9.2117, -32.1727
Hunter-Lab	89.5006, -29.3463, 16.7870

# Details

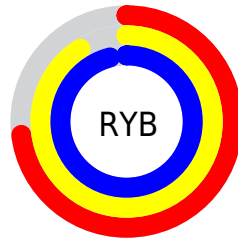
The Yxy color **80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **60.1156, 0.3292, 0.2864**, and the grayscale version is **73.6495, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.7947, 0.3054, 0.3290**, and **43.5027, 0.2960, 0.3877** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.5215, 0.2943, 0.3991**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.3080, 0.3049, 0.3547**.

# Distribution



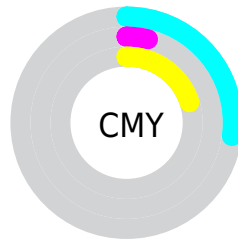
- Red (73%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (20%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.1036, 0.2994,  
0.3758

 80.1036, 0.2994,  
0.3758


495.2819, 0.3058,  
0.3538

 59.8036, 0.2979,  
0.3809


 133.5114, 0.3017,  
0.3681

 43.2604, 0.2960,  
0.3873


167.3880, 0.3025,  
0.3651

 30.0894, 0.2935,  
0.3955


206.5589, 0.3033,  
0.3625

 19.9065, 0.2901,  
0.4062

251.4085, 0.3039,  
0.3603

 12.3271, 0.2854,  
0.4211

302.3212, 0.3045,  
0.3584

 6.9669, 0.2783,  
0.4431

359.6814, 0.3050,

 3.4414, 0.2665,

0.3567

0.4783

423.8735, 0.3054,  
0.3551

■ 1.3663, 0.2440,  
0.5681

■ 0.1917, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 80.1036, 0.2994,  
0.3758

■ 80.1036, 0.2994,  
0.3758

■ 76.5215, 0.2943,  
0.3991

■ 84.3080, 0.3049,  
0.3547

■ 73.5220, 0.2899,  
0.4243

■ 89.1522, 0.3105,  
0.3360

■ 71.0762, 0.2864,  
0.4508

■ 93.7761, 0.3132,  
0.3194

■ 69.1487, 0.2842,  
0.4780

■ 67.6998, 0.2836,  
0.5044

■ 66.6839, 0.2846,  
0.5290

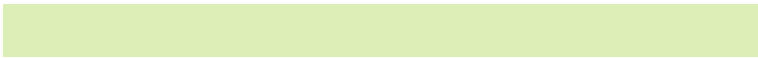
■ 66.0457, 0.2873,  
0.5505

■ 65.7981, 0.2893,  
0.5615

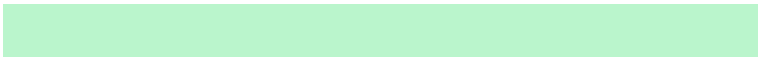
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.1036, 0.3342, 0.3909



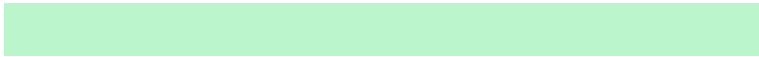
80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



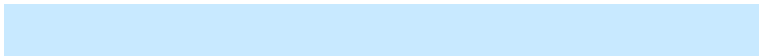
80.1036, 0.2693, 0.3459

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



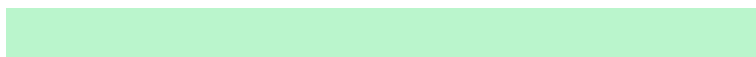
80.1036, 0.2618, 0.2731



80.1036, 0.3784, 0.3398

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



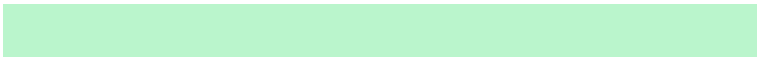
60.1156, 0.3292, 0.2864

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.1036, 0.3568, 0.3114



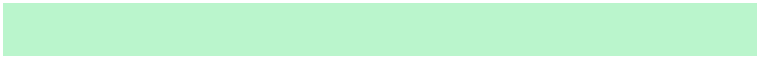
80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



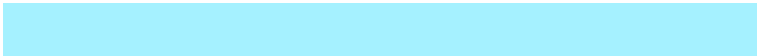
80.1036, 0.2886, 0.2742

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



80.1036, 0.2486, 0.2862



80.1036, 0.3234, 0.2880

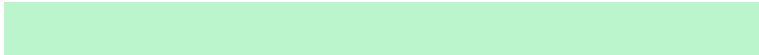


80.1036, 0.3810, 0.3672



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



80.1036, 0.2556, 0.3232



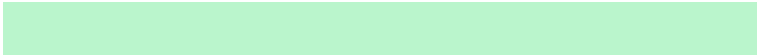
80.1036, 0.3234, 0.2880



80.1036, 0.3731, 0.3301

# Sweetspot

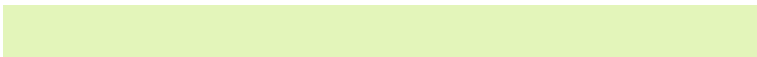
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.1070, 0.2994, 0.3758



95.9962, 0.3088, 0.3413



85.2277, 0.3368, 0.3916



20.4768, 0.3084, 0.3424



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

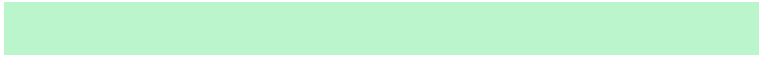


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

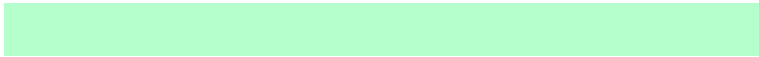


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.1070, 0.2994, 0.3758



85.6881, 0.2968, 0.3872



81.6416, 0.2834, 0.3420



18.5551, 0.3074, 0.3459



35.4730, 0.2885, 0.5586



3.1353, 0.2816, 0.5338



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.1156, 0.3292, 0.2864



60.1824, 0.3335, 0.2772



58.6373, 0.3531, 0.3165



16.6774, 0.3185, 0.3127



12.0562, 0.4163, 0.2067

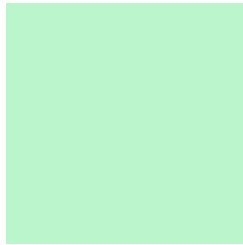


1.0779, 0.4014, 0.1985



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

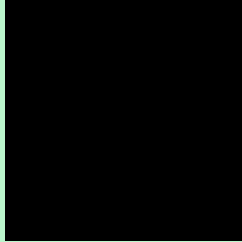
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

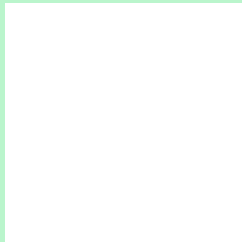
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758.

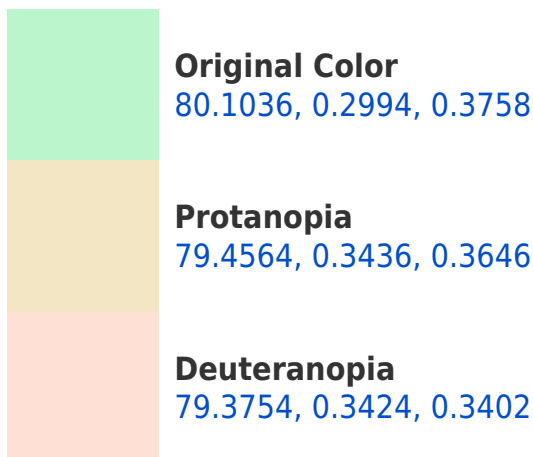


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

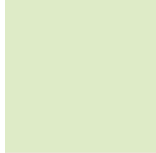
79.7941, 0.2780, 0.3097

# Trichromacy



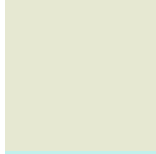
## Original Color

80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



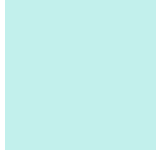
## Protanomaly

79.0698, 0.3265, 0.3681



## Deuteranomaly

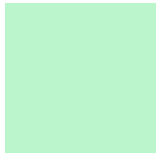
79.1894, 0.3254, 0.3524



## Tritanomaly

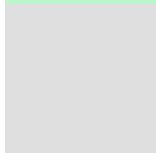
79.8456, 0.2862, 0.3333

# Monochromacy



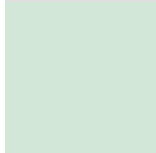
## Original Color

80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758



## Achromatopsia

73.7910, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

75.8113, 0.3079, 0.3455

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 245, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 245, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 245, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 245, 204) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 245, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 245, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 245, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 245, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 245, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 245,  
204) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.1036, 0.2994, 0.3758 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 245, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
245, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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