

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(80.1888, 0.2347, 0.3277)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.1888, 0.2347, 0.3277)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	57FEFF
RGB	87, 254, 255
RGB Percent	34%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.6582, 0.0039, 0.0000
CMYK	0.66, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 67%
HSV	180°, 66%, 100%
XYZ	57.4313, 80.1299, 107.0355
YIQ	204.1810, -99.8530, -35.0930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

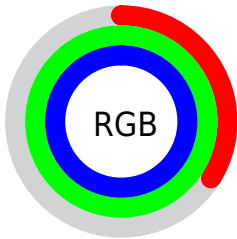
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	87, 171, 255
Decimal	5766911
CIELab	91.74, -41.70, -13.10
CIELCh	92, 43.711, 197.437
Yxy	80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283956991 (0xFF57FEFF)
YUV	204.1810, 25.0538, -102.7677
Hunter-Lab	89.5153, -42.1296, -8.2337

# Details

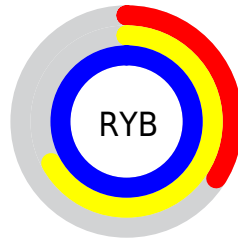
The Yxy color **80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **28.9542, 0.5304, 0.3305**, and the grayscale version is **60.4190, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **85.8079, 0.2588, 0.3288**, and **44.0097, 0.2242, 0.3272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.0163, 0.2296, 0.3274**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.6831, 0.2420, 0.3278**.

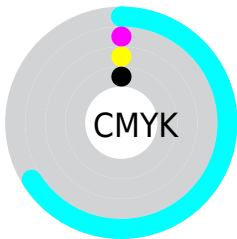
# Distribution



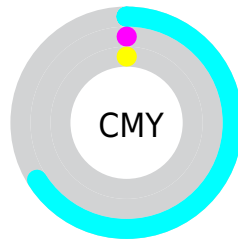
- Red (34%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.1299, 0.2348,  
0.3276

 80.1299, 0.2348,  
0.3276


495.3705, 0.2692,  
0.3293

 59.8253, 0.2273,  
0.3270


 133.5484, 0.2464,  
0.3284


 43.2778, 0.2183,  
0.3261


 167.4309, 0.2510,  
0.3286

 30.1031, 0.2072,  
0.3249


 206.6083, 0.2551,  
0.3288

 19.9169, 0.1933,  
0.3230

 251.4648, 0.2586,  
0.3290

 12.3346, 0.1754,  
0.3199

302.3849, 0.2617,  
0.3291

 6.9720, 0.1516,  
0.3147


359.7530, 0.2645,


 3.4446, 0.1192,


0.3292


0.3050


423.9534, 0.2670,  
0.3292


 1.3680, 0.0467,  
0.2933

 0.1930, 0.0000,  
0.1453


 80.1299, 0.2348,  
0.3276


 80.1299, 0.2348,  
0.3276

 79.0163, 0.2296,  
0.3274

 81.6831, 0.2420,  
0.3278

 78.2852, 0.2262,  
0.3272

 83.7078, 0.2512,  
0.3280

 77.8803, 0.2245,  
0.3270

 86.2433, 0.2621,  
0.3283

 77.7714, 0.2242,  
0.3269

 89.3222, 0.2747,  
0.3285

■ 92.9746, 0.2887,  
0.3287

■ 97.2283, 0.3036,  
0.3289

99.9992, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.1299, 0.2694, 0.3785



80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



80.1299, 0.2205, 0.2826

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



80.1299, 0.3012, 0.2592



80.1299, 0.4028, 0.3988

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



28.9542, 0.5304, 0.3305

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.1299, 0.4146, 0.3625



80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



80.1299, 0.3533, 0.2856

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



80.1299, 0.2562, 0.2480



80.1299, 0.3963, 0.3221



80.1299, 0.3665, 0.4201



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



80.1299, 0.2231, 0.2621



80.1299, 0.3963, 0.3221



80.1299, 0.4099, 0.3877

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.1329, 0.2348, 0.3276



91.3848, 0.2827, 0.3286



74.2372, 0.3027, 0.5424



19.3425, 0.2788, 0.3285



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.1329, 0.2348, 0.3276



78.7528, 0.2283, 0.3273



38.4083, 0.2089, 0.2194



20.4619, 0.2980, 0.3288



40.6502, 0.2242, 0.3269



3.9637, 0.2242, 0.3272



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2563, 0.3206, 0.1807



31.0000, 0.3216, 0.1651



51.1033, 0.4621, 0.4104



18.2984, 0.3139, 0.3057



14.8316, 0.3224, 0.1550

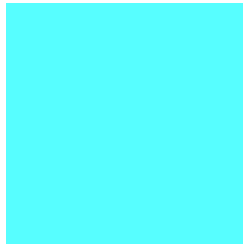


1.4447, 0.3222, 0.1549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

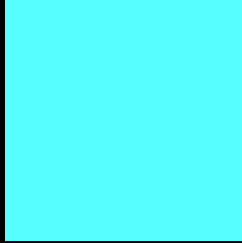
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

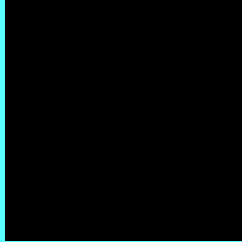
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

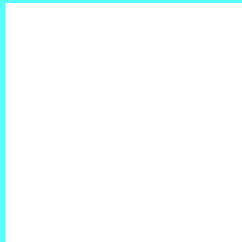
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276.

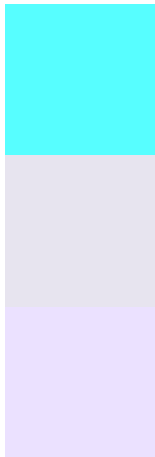


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276

### Protanopia

78.7077, 0.3078, 0.3176

### Deuteranopia

78.7326, 0.3006, 0.2987



## Tritanopia

79.0491, 0.2623, 0.3144

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



## Protanomaly

76.7447, 0.2725, 0.3200



## Deuteranomaly

77.0347, 0.2683, 0.3080



## Tritanomaly

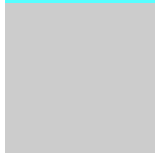
78.6205, 0.2498, 0.3186

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276



## Achromatopsia

60.3827, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

65.2516, 0.2729, 0.3277

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 254, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 254, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 254, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 254,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.1299, 0.2348, 0.3276 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 254,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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