

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(80.2215, 0.3401, 0.3444)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.2215, 0.3401, 0.3444)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# **Color**

**Yxy(80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBE3D4
RGB	251, 227, 212
RGB Percent	98%, 89%, 83%
CMY	0.0158, 0.1097, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.16, 0.02
HSL	23°, 83%, 91%
HSV	23°, 16%, 98%
XYZ	79.1294, 80.2009, 73.6087
YIQ	232.4660, 19.1190, 0.4230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

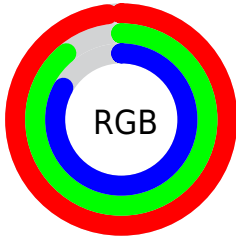
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">251, 236, 212</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16507860</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.77, 5.82, 10.29</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">92, 11.820, 60.505</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294697940</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFBE3D4</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">232.4660, -10.0897, 16.2543</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.5550, 0.9987, 13.9557</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **80.9373, 0.2885, 0.3132**, and the grayscale version is **81.1302, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.4087, 0.3461, 0.3487** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.9661, 0.3609, 0.3548**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.3966, 0.3216, 0.3343**.

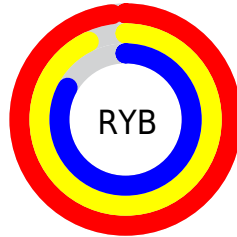
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (89%)

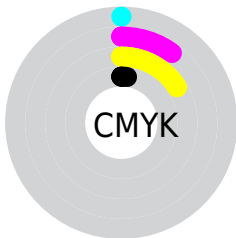
Blue (83%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (83%)

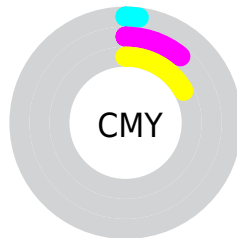


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80.2009, 0.3397,  
0.3443

 80.2009, 0.3397,  
0.3443


495.6096, 0.3274,  
0.3375

 59.8837, 0.3425,  
0.3458

133.6482, 0.3354,  
0.3420

 43.3249, 0.3459,  
0.3476


167.5470, 0.3338,  
0.3411

 30.1401, 0.3502,  
0.3499


206.7418, 0.3324,  
0.3403

 19.9450, 0.3558,  
0.3528

251.6170, 0.3311,  
0.3396

 12.3550, 0.3633,  
0.3567

302.5570, 0.3300,  
0.3389

 6.9860, 0.3740,  
0.3619

359.9462, 0.3290,

 3.4533, 0.3903,

0.3384

0.3695

424.1689, 0.3281,  
0.3379

1.3727, 0.4206,  
0.3837

0.1965, 0.6260,  
0.3740

80.2009, 0.3397,  
0.3443

80.2009, 0.3397,  
0.3443

70.9661, 0.3609,  
0.3548

90.3966, 0.3216,  
0.3343

62.6525, 0.3853,  
0.3655

99.2433, 0.3102,  
0.3290

55.2334, 0.4132,  
0.3758

48.6767, 0.4441,  
0.3847

■ 42.9478, 0.4770,  
0.3913

■ 38.0097, 0.5103,  
0.3941

■ 33.8216, 0.5412,  
0.3920

■ 30.3375, 0.5670,  
0.3845

■ 28.9846, 0.5770,  
0.3800

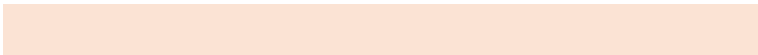
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.2009, 0.3380, 0.3332



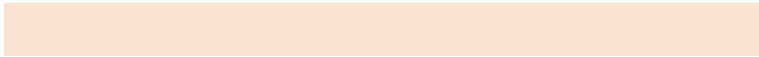
80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443



80.2009, 0.3340, 0.3516

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443



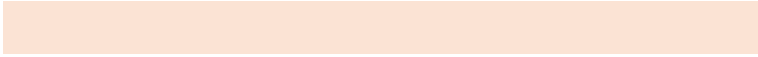
80.2009, 0.2962, 0.3367



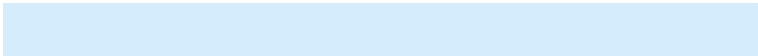
80.2009, 0.3025, 0.3062

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443



80.9373, 0.2885, 0.3132

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.2009, 0.2916, 0.3066



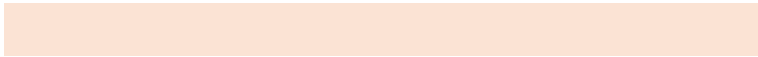
80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443



80.2009, 0.2881, 0.3239

# Square

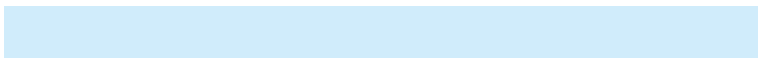
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443



80.2009, 0.3088, 0.3474



80.2009, 0.2864, 0.3130



80.2009, 0.3163, 0.3116



# Rectangle

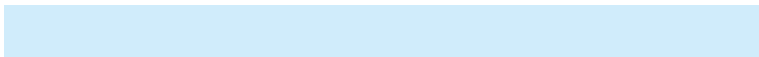
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443



80.2009, 0.3269, 0.3532



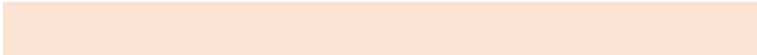
80.2009, 0.2864, 0.3130



80.2009, 0.2984, 0.3057

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.2045, 0.3397, 0.3443



94.3048, 0.3207, 0.3338



73.6582, 0.3248, 0.3049



20.0182, 0.3219, 0.3345



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

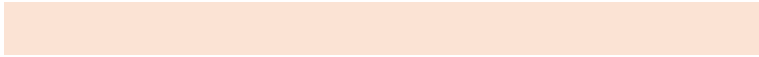


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

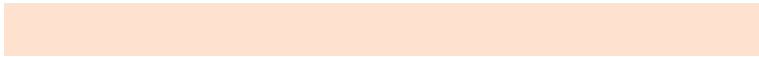


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.2045, 0.3397, 0.3443



79.7043, 0.3467, 0.3479



91.4274, 0.3367, 0.3633



18.3209, 0.3284, 0.3382



15.5005, 0.5741, 0.3824

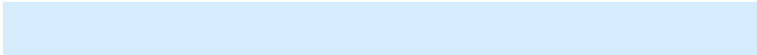


1.6339, 0.5519, 0.4000

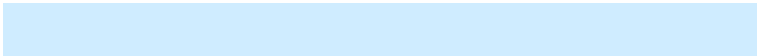


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.9373, 0.2885, 0.3132



80.6105, 0.2830, 0.3093



70.3638, 0.2876, 0.2922



18.4205, 0.2980, 0.3196



16.1621, 0.1882, 0.1975

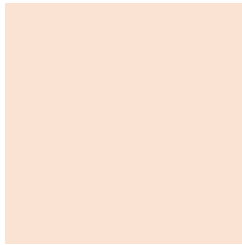


1.7021, 0.1930, 0.2148



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

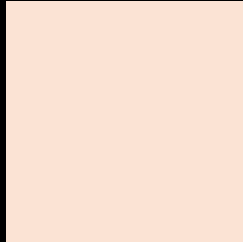
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

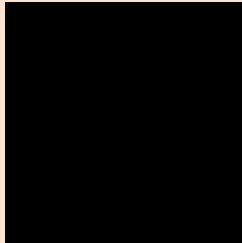
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443.

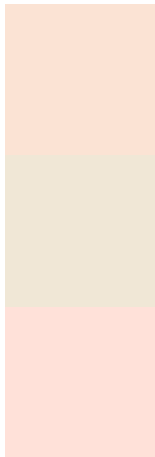


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443

### Protanopia

80.5321, 0.3300, 0.3467

### Deuteranopia

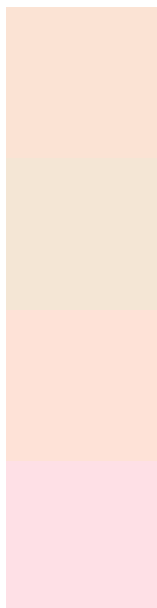
80.1202, 0.3395, 0.3371



## Tritanopia

80.3266, 0.3240, 0.3123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443

## Protanomaly

80.6308, 0.3336, 0.3465

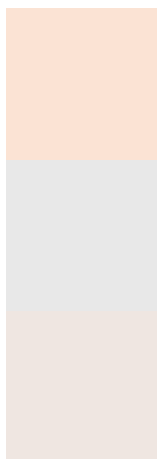
## Deuteranomaly

80.3698, 0.3400, 0.3402

## Tritanomaly

80.0953, 0.3300, 0.3231

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443

## Achromatopsia

80.6952, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

80.3806, 0.3221, 0.3342

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 227, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 227, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 227, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 227, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 227, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 227, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 227, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 227, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 227, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 227,  
212) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.2009, 0.3397, 0.3443 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 227, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
227, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor