

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(80.6535, 0.2815, 0.3099)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.6535, 0.2815, 0.3099)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCEDFF
RGB	204, 237, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.0706, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 90%
HSV	201°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	73.2370, 80.6257, 106.3042
YIQ	229.1850, -25.4460, -1.3980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

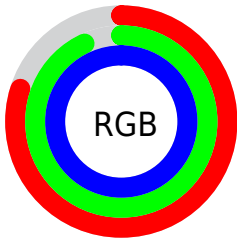
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 224, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13430271</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.96, -6.98, -12.26</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 14.108, 240.360</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291620351</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFCCEDFF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">229.1850, 12.7268, -22.0872</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.7918, -11.5456, -7.3389</a>

# Details

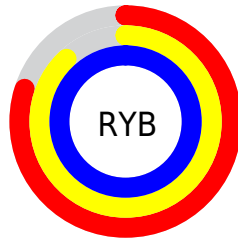
The Yxy color **80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **77.8634, 0.3491, 0.3474**, and the grayscale version is **78.4195, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.5145, 0.2747, 0.3056** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.2348, 0.2660, 0.2989**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.8745, 0.2972, 0.3199**.

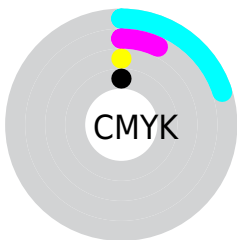
# Distribution



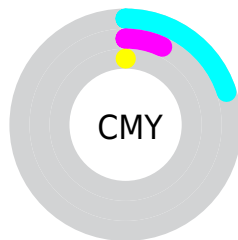
- Red (80%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80.6257, 0.2815,  
0.3099

80.6257, 0.2815,  
0.3099

497.0390, 0.2955,  
0.3187

60.2334, 0.2784,  
0.3079

134.2451, 0.2863,  
0.3129

43.6068, 0.2746,  
0.3055

168.2409, 0.2882,  
0.3141

30.3615, 0.2699,  
0.3024

207.5401, 0.2898,  
0.3151

20.1131, 0.2638,  
0.2983

252.5269, 0.2912,  
0.3160

12.4773, 0.2557,  
0.2929

303.5858, 0.2925,  
0.3168

7.0696, 0.2446,  
0.2852

361.1012, 0.2936,

3.5057, 0.2281,

0.3175

0.2735

425.4575, 0.2946,  
0.3181

■ 1.4011, 0.2015,  
0.2536

■ 0.2175, 0.0269,  
0.1607

■ 80.6257, 0.2815,  
0.3099

■ 80.6257, 0.2815,  
0.3099

■ 72.2348, 0.2660,  
0.2989

■ 89.8745, 0.2972,  
0.3199

■ 64.6596, 0.2509,  
0.2870

99.9997, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 57.8683, 0.2367,  
0.2743

■ 51.8229, 0.2238,  
0.2611

■ 46.4814, 0.2125,  
0.2474

■ 41.7960, 0.2032,  
0.2336

■ 37.7104, 0.1960,  
0.2200

■ 34.1356, 0.1908,  
0.2067

■ 34.1334, 0.1907,  
0.2067

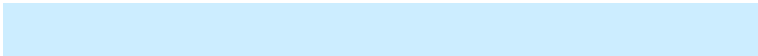
# Harmonies

## Analogous

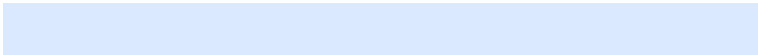
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.6257, 0.2835, 0.3229



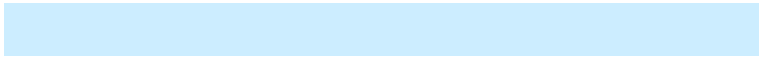
80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099



80.6257, 0.2876, 0.3024

# Triad

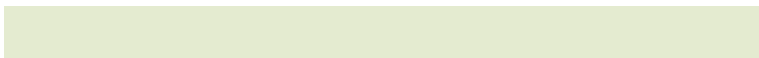
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099



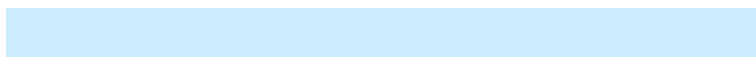
80.6257, 0.3325, 0.3198



80.6257, 0.3245, 0.3576

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099



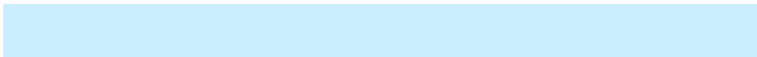
77.8634, 0.3491, 0.3474

# Split Complementary

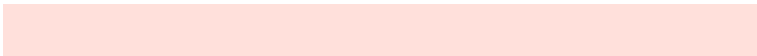
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6257, 0.3381, 0.3559



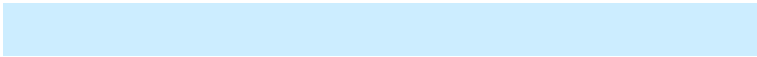
80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099



80.6257, 0.3429, 0.3338

# Square

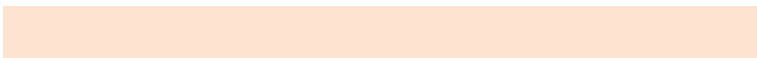
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



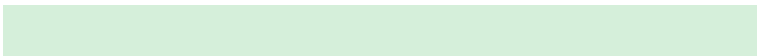
80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099



80.6257, 0.3168, 0.3083



80.6257, 0.3449, 0.3471

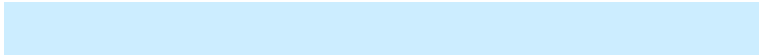


80.6257, 0.3080, 0.3511



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



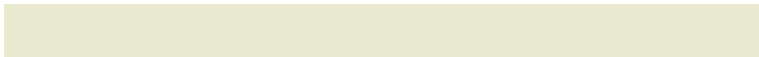
80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099



80.6257, 0.2956, 0.3013



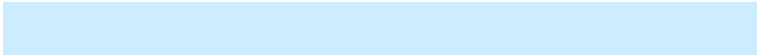
80.6257, 0.3449, 0.3471



80.6257, 0.3296, 0.3580

# Sweetspot

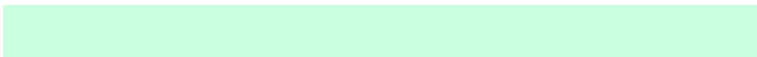
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6290, 0.2815, 0.3099



93.8162, 0.3034, 0.3237



89.6218, 0.3003, 0.3645



19.9406, 0.3024, 0.3231



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

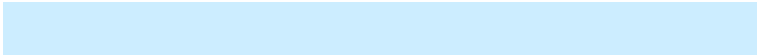


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

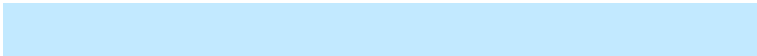


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6290, 0.2815, 0.3099



77.1693, 0.2752, 0.3056



66.9755, 0.2797, 0.2821



19.3394, 0.2980, 0.3204



18.1278, 0.1914, 0.2089



1.9708, 0.1956, 0.2241



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.5650, 0.3278, 0.2961



65.6609, 0.3315, 0.2892



92.3532, 0.3443, 0.3719



18.1851, 0.3192, 0.3137



12.5580, 0.4354, 0.2172

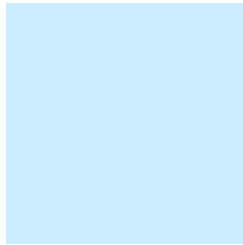


1.2435, 0.4188, 0.2081



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

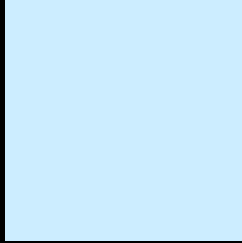
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

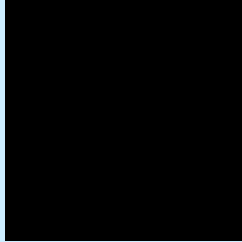
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

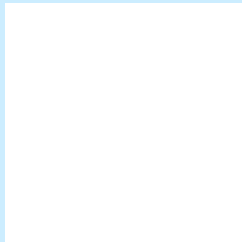
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099

### Protanopia

80.3817, 0.2997, 0.3075

### Deuteranopia

80.3135, 0.3046, 0.3001



## Tritanopia

80.7675, 0.2821, 0.3099

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099

**Protanomaly**

80.6783, 0.2934, 0.3093

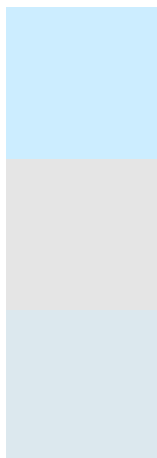
**Deuteranomaly**

80.3076, 0.2960, 0.3035

**Tritanomaly**

80.7675, 0.2821, 0.3099

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099

**Achromatopsia**

78.3538, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

79.1019, 0.3010, 0.3226

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 237, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 237, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 237, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 237, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 237, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 237, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 237, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 237, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 237, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 237,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.6257, 0.2815, 0.3099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 237, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
237, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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