

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(80.7043, 0.3289, 0.4858)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.7043, 0.3289, 0.4858)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A5FF79
RGB	165, 255, 121
RGB Percent	65%, 100%, 47%
CMY	0.3529, 0.0000, 0.5254
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.53, 0.00
HSL	100°, 100%, 74%
HSV	100°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	54.7322, 80.8998, 30.8285
YIQ	212.8140, -10.6260, -60.7540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

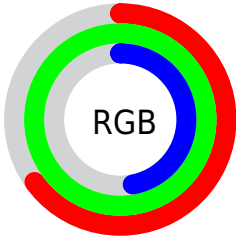
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	121, 255, 211
Decimal	10878841
CIELab	92.09, -49.91, 55.03
CIElCh	92, 74.293, 132.210
Yxy	80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289068921 (0xFFA5FF79)
YUV	212.8140, -45.2643, -41.9329
Hunter-Lab	89.9443, -48.7831, 42.6393

# Details

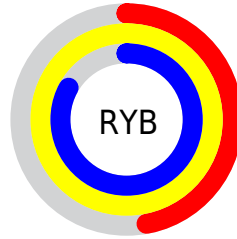
The Yxy color **80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF66**. A complement of this color would be **34.7532, 0.2796, 0.1878**, and the grayscale version is **66.7278, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.5019, 0.3387, 0.4124**, and **43.9816, 0.3271, 0.5253** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.6415, 0.3288, 0.5168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.5746, 0.3273, 0.4536**.

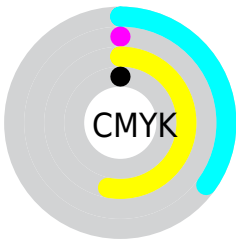
# Distribution



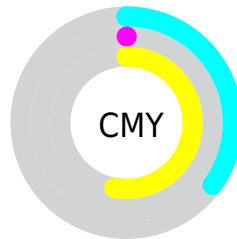
- Red (65%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.8998, 0.3288,  
0.4860


 80.8998, 0.3288,  
0.4860


497.9601, 0.3257,  
0.4105

 60.4591, 0.3283,  
0.5034


 134.6301, 0.3287,  
0.4595

 43.7888, 0.3269,  
0.5249


 168.6884, 0.3284,  
0.4493

 30.5045, 0.3240,  
0.5518

 208.0547, 0.3279,  
0.4405

 20.2218, 0.3184,  
0.5860

253.1134, 0.3275,  
0.4329

 12.5564, 0.3073,  
0.6300

304.2489, 0.3270,  
0.4262

 7.1238, 0.2931,  
0.7048


361.8456, 0.3266,


 3.5396, 0.2427,


0.4204


0.7573


426.2879, 0.3261,  
0.4151

 1.4195, 0.0362,  
0.9638


 0.2311, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 80.8998, 0.3288,  
0.4860


 80.8998, 0.3288,  
0.4860


 78.6415, 0.3288,  
0.5168


 83.5746, 0.3273,  
0.4536


 76.7689, 0.3273,  
0.5439


 86.6792, 0.3248,  
0.4212


 75.2588, 0.3240,  
0.5656

 90.2355, 0.3215,  
0.3903

 74.0815, 0.3194,  
0.5806

 94.2619, 0.3177,  
0.3615

 73.3921, 0.3155,  
0.5877

 98.7755, 0.3137,  
0.3352

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

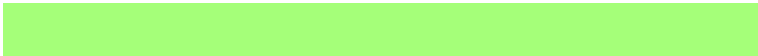
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8998, 0.4074, 0.4750



80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



80.8998, 0.2503, 0.4315

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



80.8998, 0.1749, 0.2138



80.8998, 0.4443, 0.3027

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



34.7532, 0.2796, 0.1878

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8998, 0.3641, 0.2507



80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



80.8998, 0.2112, 0.2011

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



80.8998, 0.1684, 0.2583



80.8998, 0.2770, 0.2148



80.8998, 0.4821, 0.3629



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



80.8998, 0.2088, 0.3698



80.8998, 0.2770, 0.2148



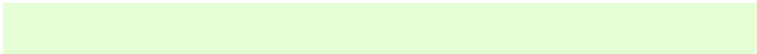
80.8998, 0.4207, 0.2841

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.9024, 0.3288, 0.4860



92.8132, 0.3191, 0.3712



68.9043, 0.4122, 0.4187



19.6874, 0.3199, 0.3771



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.9024, 0.3288, 0.4860



78.5464, 0.3288, 0.5181



77.5813, 0.2952, 0.4709



20.4577, 0.3165, 0.3532



38.4207, 0.3165, 0.5869



3.7973, 0.3250, 0.5802



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.7532, 0.2796, 0.1878



27.8798, 0.2705, 0.1622



40.8068, 0.3392, 0.2206



17.9840, 0.3085, 0.3052



8.3973, 0.2393, 0.1092

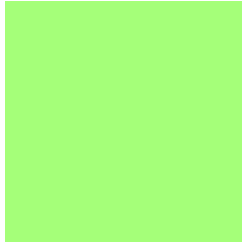


0.8770, 0.2488, 0.1144



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

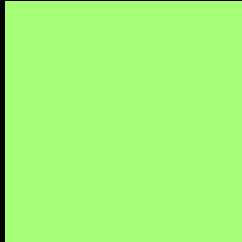
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

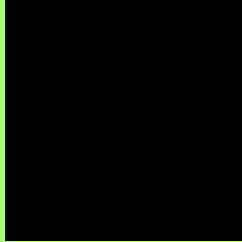
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860.

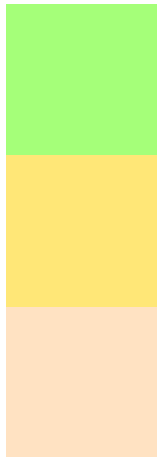


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860

### Protanopia

79.7437, 0.4022, 0.4384

### Deuteranopia

79.5478, 0.3553, 0.3616



## Tritanopia

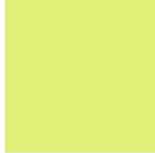
80.5551, 0.2764, 0.3118

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



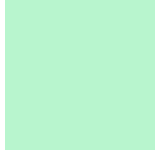
## Protanomaly

79.2058, 0.3727, 0.4564



## Deuteranomaly

78.8880, 0.3464, 0.4056



## Tritanomaly

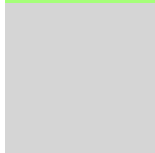
79.9514, 0.2970, 0.3736

# Monochromacy



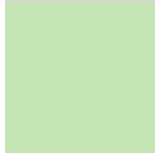
## Original Color

80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860



## Achromatopsia

66.5387, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

70.5179, 0.3211, 0.3854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 255, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 255, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 255, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 255, 121) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 255, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 255, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(165, 255, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 255, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 255, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 255,  
121) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.8998, 0.3288, 0.4860 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 255, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
255, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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