

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(80.7480, 0.3277, 0.3192)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.7480, 0.3277, 0.3192)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FFE0EA
RGB	255, 224, 234
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1216, 0.0822
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	341°, 100%, 94%
HSV	341°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	82.7574, 80.5118, 89.0398
YIQ	234.4090, 15.2660, 9.6820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

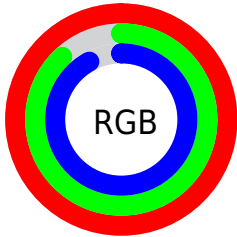
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 224, 234
Decimal	16769258
CIE Lab	91.91, 12.30, -0.97
CIE LCh	92, 12.339, 355.498
Yxy	80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959338 (0xFFFFE0EA)
YUV	234.4090, -0.2016, 18.0583
Hunter-Lab	89.7284, 7.6076, 3.9748

# Details

The Yxy color **80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93.9568, 0.2995, 0.3391**, and the grayscale version is **82.5968, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.5961, 0.3316, 0.3177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.8724, 0.3437, 0.3104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.2993, 0.3152, 0.3273**.

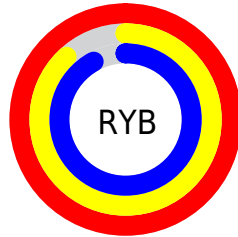
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

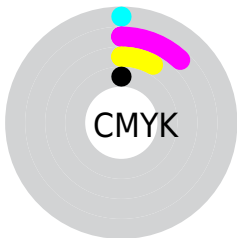
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (92%)

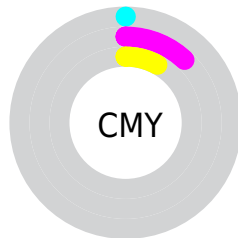


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (8%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.5118, 0.3280,  
0.3191

 80.5118, 0.3280,  
0.3191


496.6560, 0.3211,  
0.3236

 60.1396, 0.3296,  
0.3181

134.0851, 0.3256,  
0.3206

 43.5312, 0.3315,  
0.3169


168.0549, 0.3247,  
0.3212

 30.3021, 0.3339,  
0.3153

207.3261, 0.3239,  
0.3218

 20.0680, 0.3370,  
0.3133

252.2830, 0.3232,  
0.3222

 12.4445, 0.3411,  
0.3107

303.3101, 0.3225,  
0.3226

 7.0472, 0.3470,  
0.3069

360.7917, 0.3220,

 3.4916, 0.3560,

0.3230

0.3012

425.1122, 0.3215,  
0.3233

■ 1.3935, 0.3712,  
0.2917

■ 0.2119, 0.4957,  
0.2094

■ 80.5118, 0.3280,  
0.3191

■ 80.5118, 0.3280,  
0.3191

■ 66.8724, 0.3437,  
0.3104

■ 96.2993, 0.3152,  
0.3273

■ 55.2929, 0.3629,  
0.3015

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 45.6704, 0.3862,  
0.2929

■ 37.8954, 0.4137,  
0.2851

■ 31.8475, 0.4454,  
0.2793

■ 27.3919, 0.4802,  
0.2766

■ 24.3735, 0.5159,  
0.2782

■ 22.6054, 0.5495,  
0.2849

■ 21.8771, 0.5726,  
0.2928

# Harmonies

## Analogous

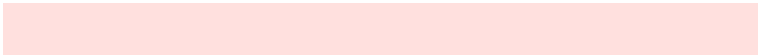
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.5118, 0.3140, 0.3096



80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191



80.5118, 0.3380, 0.3313

# Triad

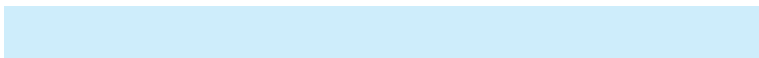
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191



80.5118, 0.3253, 0.3542



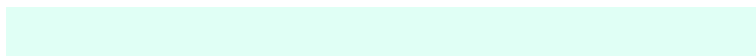
80.5118, 0.2851, 0.3139

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191



93.9568, 0.2995, 0.3391

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.5118, 0.2880, 0.3259



80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191



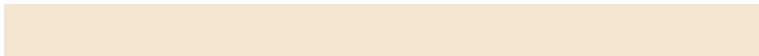
80.5118, 0.3110, 0.3496

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



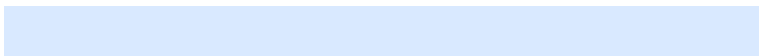
80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191



80.5118, 0.3364, 0.3517



80.5118, 0.2974, 0.3391



80.5118, 0.2894, 0.3064

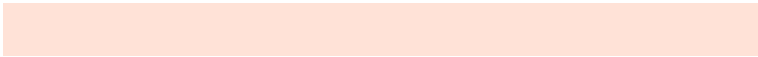


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



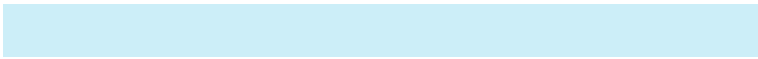
80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191



80.5118, 0.3410, 0.3394



80.5118, 0.2974, 0.3391



80.5118, 0.2853, 0.3175

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.5099, 0.3280, 0.3191



93.2274, 0.3173, 0.3258



79.8800, 0.3071, 0.2983



19.6904, 0.3182, 0.3252



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

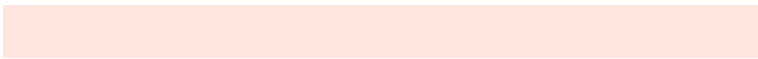
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.5099, 0.3280, 0.3191



76.4212, 0.3321, 0.3167



82.7694, 0.3342, 0.3342



18.0840, 0.3243, 0.3213



11.4554, 0.5683, 0.2904



1.1344, 0.5364, 0.2729



# Inverse Universe

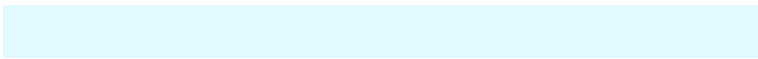
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.5099, 0.3280, 0.3191



76.4212, 0.3321, 0.3167



91.3333, 0.2939, 0.3237



18.0840, 0.3243, 0.3213



11.4554, 0.5683, 0.2904

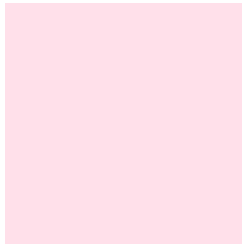


1.1344, 0.5364, 0.2729



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

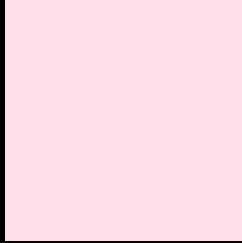
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

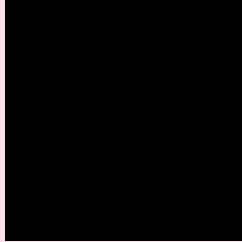
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

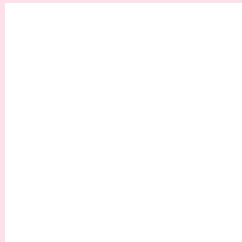
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191.

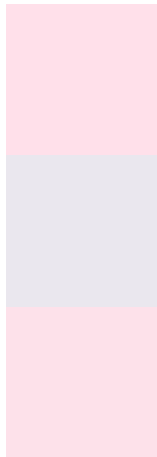


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191

### Protanopia

80.8173, 0.3103, 0.3218

### Deuteranopia

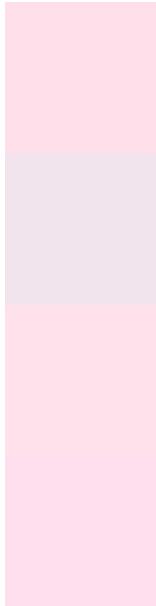
80.6736, 0.3265, 0.3201



## Tritanopia

80.3266, 0.3240, 0.3123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191

## Protanomaly

80.4785, 0.3166, 0.3199

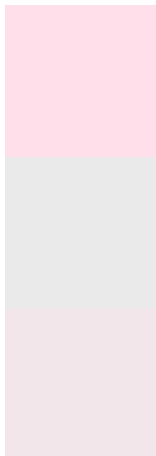
## Deuteranomaly

80.8618, 0.3272, 0.3201

## Tritanomaly

80.2084, 0.3254, 0.3142

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191

## Achromatopsia

82.2786, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

81.4114, 0.3184, 0.3250

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
234) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.5118, 0.3280, 0.3191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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