

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(80.7561, 0.2702, 0.3799)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.7561, 0.2702, 0.3799)  
contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>Yxy(80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805)</b> .....      | 3  |
| <b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....                | 4  |
| <b><i>Details</i></b> .....                    | 6  |
| <b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....                  | 12 |
| <b><i>Previews</i></b> .....                   | 24 |
| <b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> ..... | 27 |
| <b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....               | 30 |

# Color

**Yxy(80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                        |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex         | 89FED3                       |
| RGB         | 137, 254, 211                |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 100%, 83%               |
| CMY         | 0.4627, 0.0039, 0.1726       |
| CMYK        | 0.46, 0.00, 0.17, 0.00       |
| HSL         | 158°, 98%, 77%               |
| HSV         | 158°, 46%, 100%              |
| XYZ         | 57.5160, 80.9051, 74.2073    |
| YIQ         | 214.1150, -55.9290, -38.1770 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

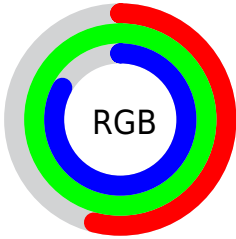
| Format                              | Color                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 137, 209, 254                  |
| Decimal                             | 9043667                        |
| CIELab                              | 92.09, -42.99, 10.36           |
| CIELCh                              | 92, 44.217, 166.455            |
| Yxy                                 | 80.9051, 0.2705,<br>0.3805     |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4287233747<br>(0xFF89FED3)     |
| YUV                                 | 214.1150, -1.5357,<br>-67.6299 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 89.9473, -43.2675,<br>14.0483  |

# Details

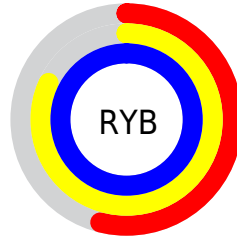
The Yxy color **80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **42.2615, 0.3907, 0.2844**, and the grayscale version is **67.3679, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.4758, 0.2784, 0.3289**, and **43.9106, 0.2607, 0.3944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.5535, 0.2644, 0.3942**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7956, 0.2781, 0.3676**.

# Distribution



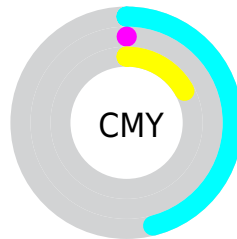
- Red (54%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.9051, 0.2705,  
0.3805

 80.9051, 0.2705,  
0.3805

497.9779, 0.2900,  
0.3563

 60.4634, 0.2661,  
0.3861


 134.6375, 0.2773,  
0.3720

 43.7923, 0.2606,  
0.3931


 168.6971, 0.2799,  
0.3687

 30.5072, 0.2536,  
0.4021

208.0647, 0.2822,  
0.3659

 20.2239, 0.2446,  
0.4138

253.1248, 0.2841,  
0.3635

 12.5579, 0.2323,  
0.4301

304.2618, 0.2859,  
0.3614

 7.1248, 0.2148,  
0.4539


361.8600, 0.2874,


 3.5403, 0.1880,


0.3595


0.4919


426.3039, 0.2888,  
0.3578


 1.4199, 0.0937,  
0.5976

 0.2313, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 80.9051, 0.2705,  
0.3805


 80.9051, 0.2705,  
0.3805


 78.5535, 0.2644,  
0.3942


 83.7956, 0.2781,  
0.3676


 76.6946, 0.2601,  
0.4083

 87.2482, 0.2868,  
0.3556

 75.2905, 0.2577,  
0.4228

 91.2964, 0.2964,  
0.3446

 74.2930, 0.2575,  
0.4372

 95.9682, 0.3064,  
0.3346

■ 73.6424, 0.2592,  
0.4513

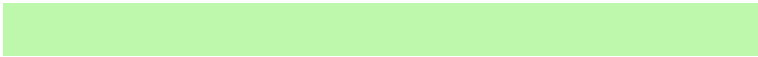
99.3664, 0.3128,  
0.3281

■ 73.4465, 0.2602,  
0.4567

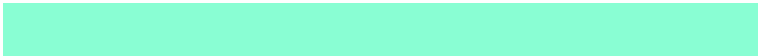
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.9051, 0.3191, 0.4158



80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



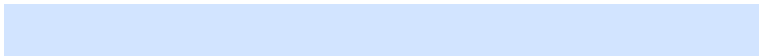
80.9051, 0.2350, 0.3292

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



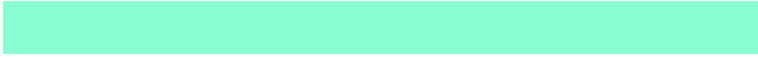
80.9051, 0.2545, 0.2473



80.9051, 0.4153, 0.3613

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



42.2615, 0.3907, 0.2844

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.9051, 0.3959, 0.3207



80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



80.9051, 0.2994, 0.2580

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



80.9051, 0.2268, 0.2552



80.9051, 0.3519, 0.2842

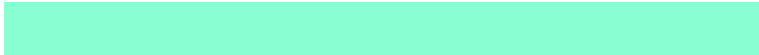


80.9051, 0.4043, 0.3982



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



80.9051, 0.2225, 0.2971



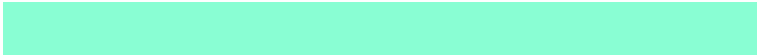
80.9051, 0.3519, 0.2842



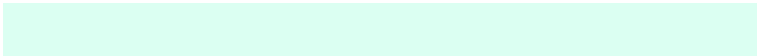
80.9051, 0.4122, 0.3478

# Sweetspot

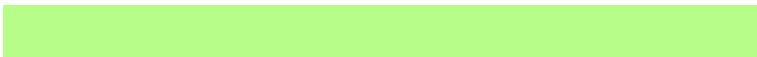
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.9084, 0.2705, 0.3805



93.0300, 0.2984, 0.3424



82.6205, 0.3321, 0.4633



19.7064, 0.2963, 0.3447



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

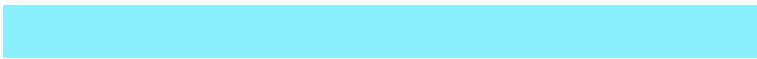
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.9084, 0.2705, 0.3805



79.4807, 0.2650, 0.3927



75.0045, 0.2482, 0.3131



20.3615, 0.3029, 0.3379



38.7498, 0.2596, 0.4545



3.7940, 0.2551, 0.4384



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2615, 0.3907, 0.2844



36.2291, 0.4147, 0.2769



44.9013, 0.4316, 0.3436



18.0975, 0.3236, 0.3203



11.5549, 0.5514, 0.2811

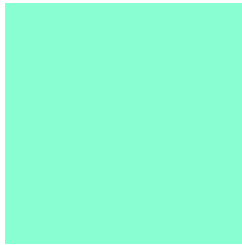


1.1453, 0.5203, 0.2640



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

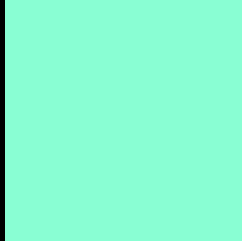
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

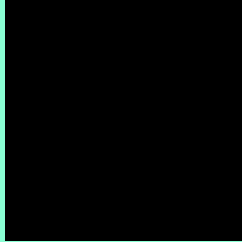
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805

### Protanopia

79.5944, 0.3415, 0.3614

### Deuteranopia

79.6858, 0.3383, 0.3341



## Tritanopia

80.1979, 0.2700, 0.3137

# Trichromacy



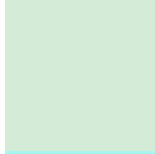
## Original Color

80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



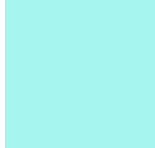
## Protanomaly

78.8822, 0.3115, 0.3692



## Deuteranomaly

78.3716, 0.3091, 0.3498



## Tritanomaly

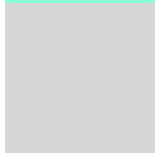
80.2505, 0.2697, 0.3368

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805



## Achromatopsia

67.2443, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

71.2818, 0.2939, 0.3476

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 254, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 254, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 254, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 254, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 254, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 254, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 254, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 254, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 254, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 254,  
211) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.9051, 0.2705, 0.3805 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 254, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
254, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor