

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(80.8500, 0.3170, 0.3265)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.8500, 0.3170, 0.3265)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFE6E9
RGB	239, 230, 233
RGB Percent	94%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.0625, 0.0981, 0.0862
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.06
HSL	340°, 22%, 92%
HSV	340°, 4%, 94%
XYZ	78.6202, 80.8275, 88.5655
YIQ	233.0330, 4.4010, 2.8410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

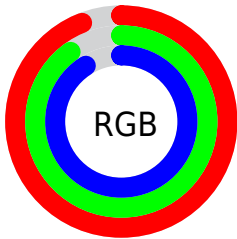
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 230, 233
Decimal	15722217
CIE Lab	92.05, 3.60, -0.39
CIE LCh	92, 3.623, 353.773
Yxy	80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293912297 (0xFFEFE6E9)
YUV	233.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331
Hunter-Lab	89.9041, -1.2359, 4.5257

# Details

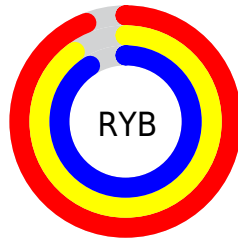
The Yxy color **80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **84.6494, 0.3086, 0.3321**, and the grayscale version is **81.5183, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.9015, 0.3182, 0.3264** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.5578, 0.3300, 0.3174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.0107, 0.3064, 0.3339**.

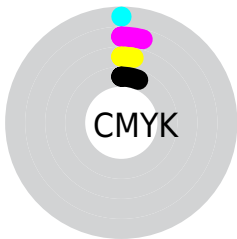
# Distribution



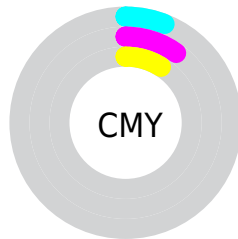
- Red (94%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80.8275, 0.3170,  
0.3259

 80.8275, 0.3170,  
0.3259


497.7172, 0.3151,  
0.3273

 60.3995, 0.3174,  
0.3256


134.5285, 0.3163,  
0.3264

 43.7408, 0.3180,  
0.3252


168.5704, 0.3161,  
0.3266

 30.4668, 0.3186,  
0.3247


207.9190, 0.3158,  
0.3267

 20.1931, 0.3195,  
0.3241


252.9588, 0.3156,  
0.3269

 12.5355, 0.3207,  
0.3232

304.0741, 0.3155,  
0.3270

 7.1095, 0.3223,  
0.3220

361.6493, 0.3153,

 3.5307, 0.3248,

0.3271

426.0689, 0.3152,  
0.3272

0.3202

■ 1.4147, 0.3291,  
0.3171

■ 0.2275, 0.3770,  
0.2820

■ 80.8275, 0.3170,  
0.3259

■ 80.8275, 0.3170,  
0.3259

■ 67.5578, 0.3300,  
0.3174

■ 96.0107, 0.3064,  
0.3339

■ 56.1152, 0.3459,  
0.3084

■ 97.1022, 0.3030,  
0.3290

■ 46.4222, 0.3653,  
0.2992

■ 38.3915, 0.3887,  
0.2903

■ 31.9285, 0.4162,  
0.2825

■ 26.9288, 0.4477,  
0.2768

■ 23.2752, 0.4819,  
0.2745

■ 20.8323, 0.5169,  
0.2766

■ 19.4356, 0.5494,  
0.2838

# Harmonies

## Analogous

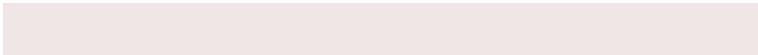
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8275, 0.3129, 0.3231



80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259



80.8275, 0.3200, 0.3296

# Triad

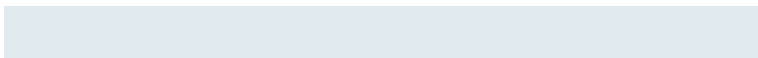
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259



80.8275, 0.3167, 0.3363



80.8275, 0.3045, 0.3249

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



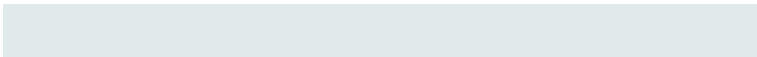
80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259



84.6494, 0.3086, 0.3321

# Split Complementary

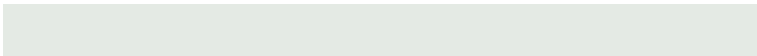
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8275, 0.3055, 0.3284



80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259



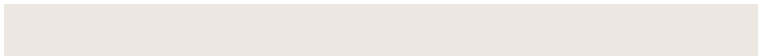
80.8275, 0.3125, 0.3351

# Square

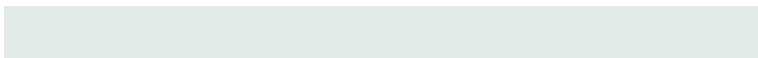
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



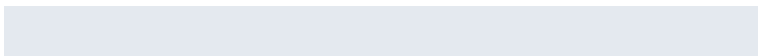
80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259



80.8275, 0.3198, 0.3356



80.8275, 0.3084, 0.3322



80.8275, 0.3057, 0.3224

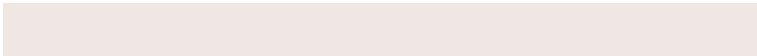


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



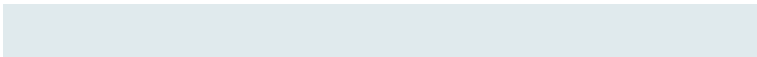
80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259



80.8275, 0.3209, 0.3320



80.8275, 0.3084, 0.3322



80.8275, 0.3046, 0.3260

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8310, 0.3170, 0.3259



98.2750, 0.3138, 0.3282



80.6336, 0.3110, 0.3197



21.0531, 0.3138, 0.3282



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

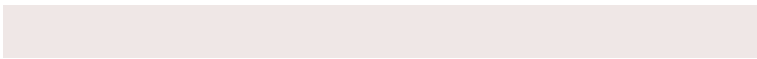
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8310, 0.3170, 0.3259



91.5990, 0.3184, 0.3249



81.4199, 0.3189, 0.3304



16.9560, 0.3193, 0.3243



10.4831, 0.5634, 0.2877



0.8899, 0.5265, 0.2674



# Inverse Universe

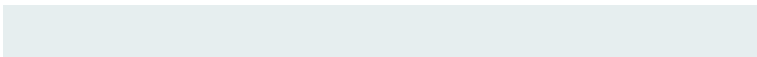
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8310, 0.3170, 0.3259



91.5990, 0.3184, 0.3249



84.0327, 0.3068, 0.3276



16.9560, 0.3193, 0.3243



10.4831, 0.5634, 0.2877

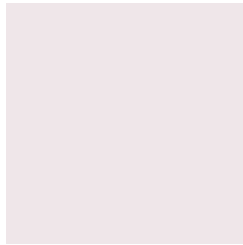


0.8899, 0.5265, 0.2674



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

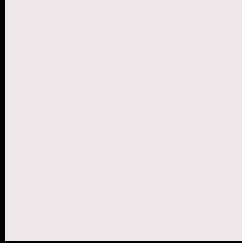
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

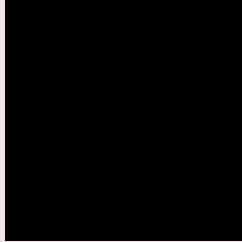
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

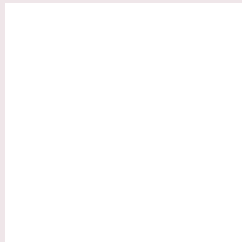
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259.

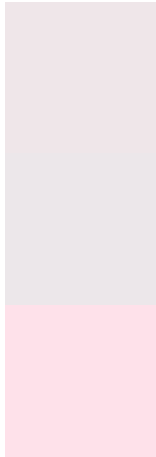


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259

### Protanopia

80.9252, 0.3142, 0.3259

### Deuteranopia

80.8618, 0.3272, 0.3201



## Tritanopia

80.8414, 0.3102, 0.3109

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259

## Protanomaly

81.0969, 0.3149, 0.3259

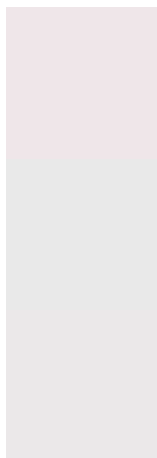
## Deuteranomaly

81.0184, 0.3235, 0.3220

## Tritanomaly

80.9148, 0.3126, 0.3168

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259

## Achromatopsia

81.4847, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

81.2586, 0.3141, 0.3280

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 230, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 230, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 230, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 230, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 230, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 230, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 230, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 230, 233); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 230, 233);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 230,  
233) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.8275, 0.3170, 0.3259 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 230, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
230, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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