

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(80.9019, 0.3143, 0.3120)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(80.9019, 0.3143, 0.3120)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5E3F4
RGB	245, 227, 244
RGB Percent	96%, 89%, 96%
CMY	0.0392, 0.1098, 0.0431
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	303°, 47%, 93%
HSV	303°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	81.4526, 80.8823, 96.9032
YIQ	234.3200, 5.2710, 9.1030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

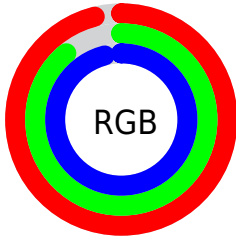
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	245, 227, 244
Decimal	16114676
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.08, 9.07, -6.03
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 10.891, 326.352
Yxy	80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294304756 (0xFF5E3F4)
YUV	234.3200, 4.7722, 9.3664
Hunter-Lab	89.9346, 4.2797, -0.9299

# Details

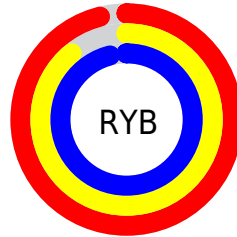
The Yxy color **80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87.2369, 0.3112, 0.3466**, and the grayscale version is **82.4963, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.9547, 0.3146, 0.3085** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **68.3409, 0.3164, 0.2882**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.3382, 0.3122, 0.3350**.

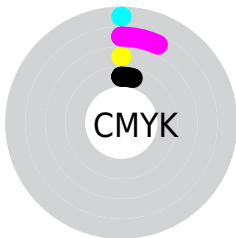
# Distribution



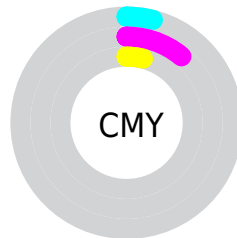
- Red (96%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80.8823, 0.3142,  
0.3120

 80.8823, 0.3142,  
0.3120

497.9013, 0.3136,  
0.3196

 60.4447, 0.3143,  
0.3103


134.6055, 0.3140,  
0.3146

 43.7771, 0.3145,  
0.3083


168.6598, 0.3139,  
0.3156

 30.4953, 0.3147,  
0.3057


208.0219, 0.3138,  
0.3165

 20.2149, 0.3149,  
0.3024

253.0760, 0.3138,  
0.3173

 12.5513, 0.3152,  
0.2980

304.2066, 0.3137,  
0.3180

 7.1203, 0.3155,  
0.2920

361.7981, 0.3137,

 3.5375, 0.3160,

0.3186

0.2829

426.2349, 0.3136,  
0.3191

■ 1.4184, 0.3165,  
0.2681

■ 0.2302, 0.3277,  
0.1714

■ 80.8823, 0.3142,  
0.3120

■ 80.8823, 0.3142,  
0.3120

■ 68.3409, 0.3164,  
0.2882

■ 95.3382, 0.3122,  
0.3350

■ 57.6233, 0.3188,  
0.2643

■ 97.6300, 0.3113,  
0.3371

■ 48.6473, 0.3213,  
0.2410

■ 97.7143, 0.3105,  
0.3357

■ 41.3203, 0.3239,  
0.2193

■ 97.7992, 0.3097,  
0.3344

35.5409, 0.3264,  
0.2001

97.8846, 0.3089,  
0.3331

31.1967, 0.3289,  
0.1844

97.9707, 0.3082,  
0.3317

28.1603, 0.3313,  
0.1729

98.0575, 0.3074,  
0.3304

26.2816, 0.3333,  
0.1657

98.1448, 0.3066,  
0.3291

25.3648, 0.3352,  
0.1627

98.1519, 0.3066,  
0.3290

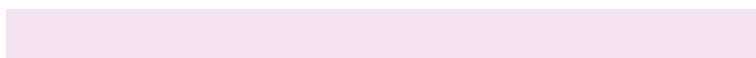
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8823, 0.3017, 0.3077



80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120



80.8823, 0.3265, 0.3206

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120



80.8823, 0.3334, 0.3492



80.8823, 0.2908, 0.3260

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



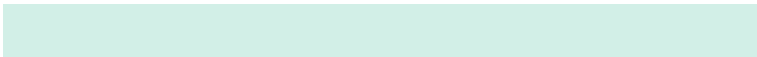
80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120



87.2369, 0.3112, 0.3466

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.8823, 0.2989, 0.3376



80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120



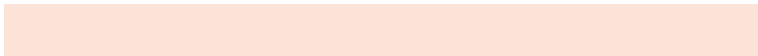
80.8823, 0.3235, 0.3512

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



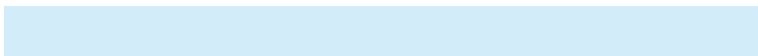
80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120



80.8823, 0.3377, 0.3418



80.8823, 0.3109, 0.3469



80.8823, 0.2884, 0.3155

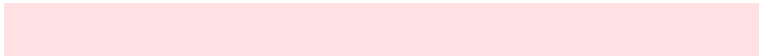


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



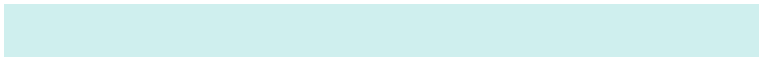
80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120



80.8823, 0.3329, 0.3277



80.8823, 0.3109, 0.3469



80.8823, 0.2929, 0.3299

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.8858, 0.3142, 0.3120



96.7708, 0.3131, 0.3244



78.0136, 0.3020, 0.3104



20.7468, 0.3131, 0.3246



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.8858, 0.3142, 0.3120



86.1395, 0.3146, 0.3081



80.3584, 0.3200, 0.3208



16.7515, 0.3147, 0.3070



13.5848, 0.3354, 0.1621



1.1987, 0.3334, 0.1610



# Inverse Universe

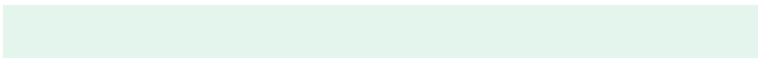
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8858, 0.3142, 0.3120



86.1395, 0.3146, 0.3081



87.7437, 0.3060, 0.3373



16.7515, 0.3147, 0.3070



13.5848, 0.3354, 0.1621

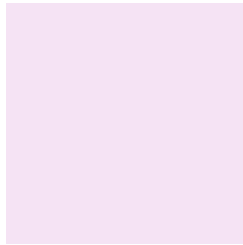


1.1987, 0.3334, 0.1610



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

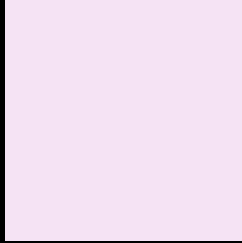
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

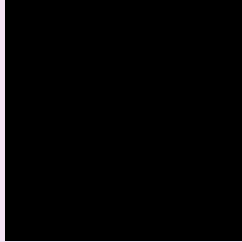
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120

### Protanopia

80.9615, 0.3041, 0.3136

### Deuteranopia

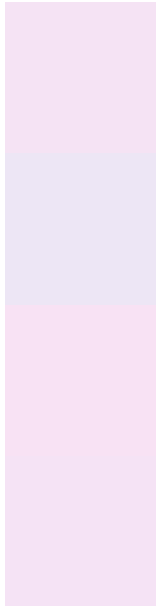
80.5218, 0.3171, 0.3101



## Tritanopia

80.9432, 0.3136, 0.3110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120

## Protanomaly

81.1907, 0.3080, 0.3138

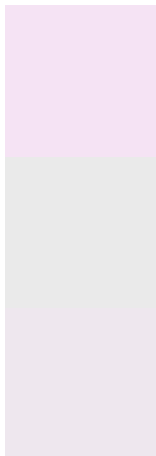
## Deuteranomaly

80.8808, 0.3163, 0.3111

## Tritanomaly

80.9432, 0.3136, 0.3110

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120

## Achromatopsia

82.2786, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

81.5020, 0.3131, 0.3219

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 227, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 227, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 227, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 227, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 227, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 227, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 227, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 227, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 227, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 227,  
244) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.8823, 0.3142, 0.3120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 227, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
227, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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