

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(81.0111, 0.3661, 0.4025)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(81.0111, 0.3661, 0.4025)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# **Color**

**Yxy(80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5EAA3
RGB	245, 234, 163
RGB Percent	96%, 92%, 64%
CMY	0.0392, 0.0823, 0.3610
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.33, 0.04
HSL	52°, 80%, 80%
HSV	52°, 33%, 96%
XYZ	73.6884, 80.9025, 46.3592
YIQ	229.1950, 29.3470, -19.7490

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

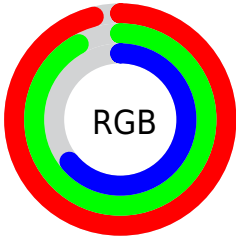
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">176, 245, 163</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16116387</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.09, -6.57, 35.90</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 36.495, 100.370</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294306467 (0xFFF5EAA3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">229.1950, -32.6341, 13.8610</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.9458, -11.1685, 32.4033</a>

# Details

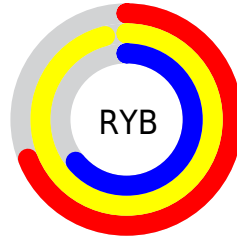
The Yxy color **80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **44.6290, 0.2540, 0.2427**, and the grayscale version is **78.7345, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.8420, 0.3345, 0.3651**, and **43.6579, 0.3787, 0.4189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.2585, 0.3834, 0.4239**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.7587, 0.3499, 0.3804**.

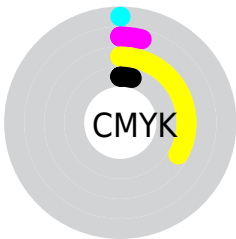
# Distribution



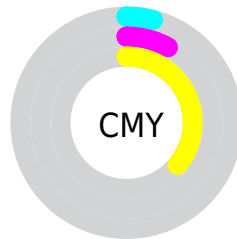
- Red (96%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.9025, 0.3667,  
0.4026


 80.9025, 0.3667,  
0.4026


497.9691, 0.3428,  
0.3691

 60.4613, 0.3718,  
0.4100


 134.6339, 0.3587,  
0.3912

 43.7906, 0.3779,  
0.4190


 168.6928, 0.3555,  
0.3867

 30.5059, 0.3853,  
0.4300


208.0598, 0.3527,  
0.3828

 20.2229, 0.3943,  
0.4440

253.1192, 0.3502,  
0.3794

 12.5572, 0.4053,  
0.4619

304.2555, 0.3481,  
0.3763

 7.1243, 0.4186,  
0.4851

361.8529, 0.3461,


 3.5400, 0.4463,


0.3737


0.5308


426.2960, 0.3444,  
0.3713


 1.4197, 0.4457,  
0.5543


 0.2312, 0.2043,  
0.7957


 80.9025, 0.3667,  
0.4026


 80.9025, 0.3667,  
0.4026


 78.2585, 0.3834,  
0.4239


 83.7587, 0.3499,  
0.3804


 75.8055, 0.3993,  
0.4432

 86.8253, 0.3335,  
0.3581

 73.5362, 0.4137,  
0.4597

 90.1145, 0.3179,  
0.3364

 71.4381, 0.4260,  
0.4723

 93.2448, 0.3068,  
0.3213

■ 69.4970, 0.4356,  
0.4804

■ 95.2732, 0.3067,  
0.3246

■ 67.6954, 0.4424,  
0.4840

■ 97.3372, 0.3066,  
0.3277

■ 66.5810, 0.4456,  
0.4844

■ 98.1539, 0.3066,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

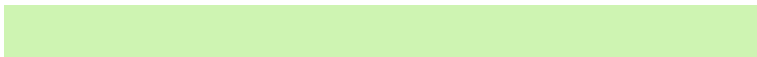
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.9025, 0.3925, 0.3820



80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026



80.9025, 0.3274, 0.4026

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026



80.9025, 0.2360, 0.2987



80.9025, 0.3367, 0.2861

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026



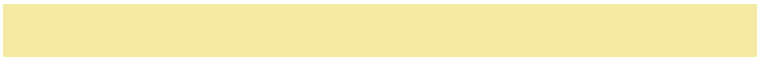
44.6290, 0.2540, 0.2427

# Split Complementary

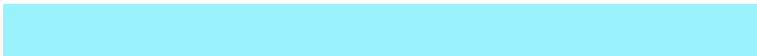
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.9025, 0.2936, 0.2663



80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026



80.9025, 0.2380, 0.2712

# Square

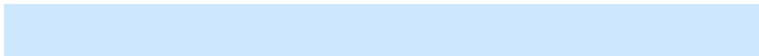
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026



80.9025, 0.2528, 0.3384



80.9025, 0.2583, 0.2605

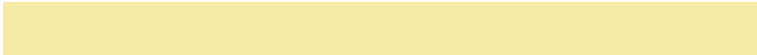


80.9025, 0.3752, 0.3159

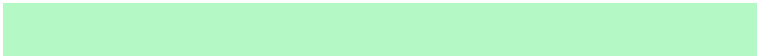


# Rectangle

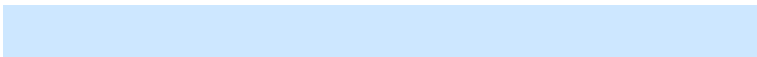
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026



80.9025, 0.2991, 0.3889



80.9025, 0.2583, 0.2605



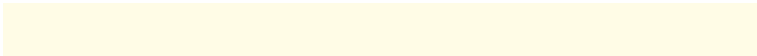
80.9025, 0.3222, 0.2782

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.9062, 0.3667, 0.4026



96.3032, 0.3280, 0.3505



48.6971, 0.3794, 0.3158



20.5059, 0.3303, 0.3536



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

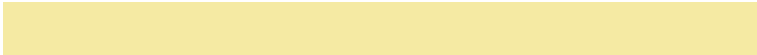


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

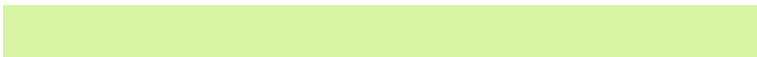
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.9062, 0.3667, 0.4026



86.6631, 0.3777, 0.4168



82.5952, 0.3430, 0.4187



18.9124, 0.3272, 0.3493



36.0152, 0.4451, 0.4848



3.2682, 0.4414, 0.4877



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.6290, 0.2540, 0.2427



41.5108, 0.2407, 0.2223



43.9345, 0.2735, 0.2345



16.2848, 0.2979, 0.3078



4.2450, 0.1529, 0.0703

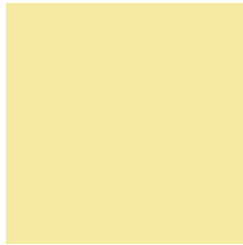


0.4828, 0.1578, 0.0880



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

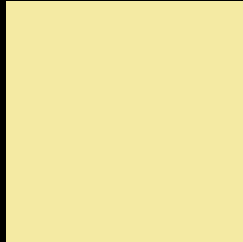
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

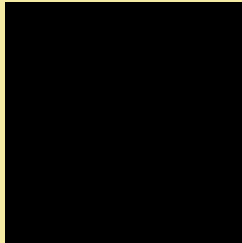
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026

### Protanopia

80.8311, 0.3724, 0.4005

### Deuteranopia

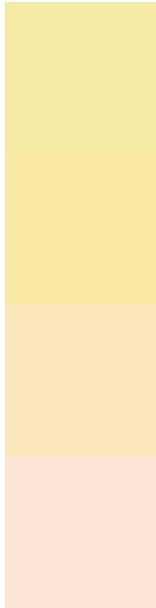
81.0586, 0.3487, 0.3543



## Tritanopia

80.7929, 0.3219, 0.3113

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026

**Protanomaly**

81.0262, 0.3706, 0.4018

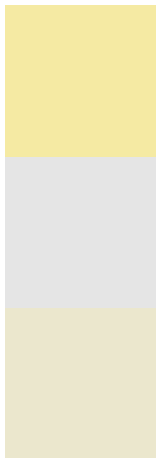
**Deuteranomaly**

80.7337, 0.3556, 0.3721

**Tritanomaly**

80.8001, 0.3389, 0.3443

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026

**Achromatopsia**

78.3538, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

79.2218, 0.3323, 0.3565

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(245, 234, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 234, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 234, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 234, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 234, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 234, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 234, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 234, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 234, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 234,  
163) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.9025, 0.3667, 0.4026 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 234, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
234, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor