

# Converting Colors

Yxy(81.4913, 0.3015, 0.3391)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(81.4913, 0.3015, 0.3391)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**Yxy(81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D5EFE5
RGB	213, 239, 229
RGB Percent	84%, 94%, 90%
CMY	0.1649, 0.0627, 0.1020
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.04, 0.06
HSL	157°, 45%, 89%
HSV	157°, 11%, 94%
XYZ	72.4394, 81.5363, 86.0488
YIQ	230.0860, -12.2860, -8.6220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

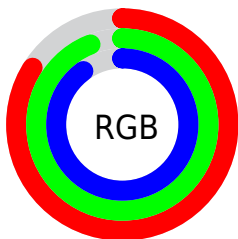
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	213, 229, 239
Decimal	14020581
CIE Lab	92.37, -10.39, 1.94
CIE LCh	92, 10.571, 169.450
Yxy	81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292210661 (0xFFD5EFE5)
YUV	230.0860, -0.5354, -14.9844
Hunter-Lab	90.2975, -14.8224, 6.7079

# Details

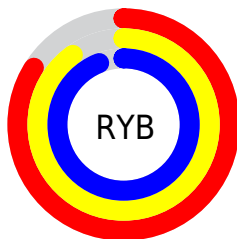
The Yxy color **81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **71.2446, 0.3251, 0.3185**, and the grayscale version is **79.2049, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **44.1921, 0.2989, 0.3415** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.7264, 0.2922, 0.3507**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.9070, 0.3118, 0.3298**.

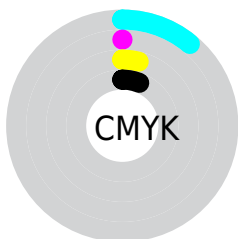
# Distribution



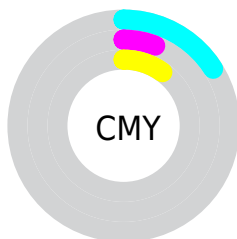
- Red (84%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 81.5363, 0.3018,  
0.3397

 81.5363, 0.3018,  
0.3397

500.0953, 0.3068,  
0.3348

 60.9834, 0.3007,  
0.3408


135.5235, 0.3035,  
0.3380

 44.2118, 0.2993,  
0.3422


169.7267, 0.3042,  
0.3374

 30.8370, 0.2976,  
0.3439


209.2487, 0.3048,  
0.3368

 20.4748, 0.2954,  
0.3461

254.4739, 0.3053,  
0.3363

 12.7406, 0.2923,  
0.3491

305.7868, 0.3057,  
0.3359

 7.2502, 0.2881,  
0.3533

363.5717, 0.3061,

 3.6191, 0.2816,

0.3355

0.3599

428.2131, 0.3065,  
0.3351

■ 1.4628, 0.2704,  
0.3714

■ 0.2624, 0.0000,  
0.6357

■ 81.5363, 0.3018,  
0.3397

■ 81.5363, 0.3018,  
0.3397

■ 77.7264, 0.2922,  
0.3507

■ 85.9070, 0.3118,  
0.3298

■ 74.4435, 0.2832,  
0.3627

■ 89.7418, 0.3181,  
0.3209

■ 71.6660, 0.2752,  
0.3757

■ 90.2234, 0.3134,  
0.3137

■ 69.3667, 0.2684,  
0.3896

■ 67.5159, 0.2633,  
0.4041

■ 66.0803, 0.2600,  
0.4191

■ 65.0219, 0.2588,  
0.4342

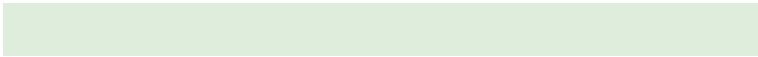
■ 64.2952, 0.2596,  
0.4492

■ 63.8553, 0.2618,  
0.4624

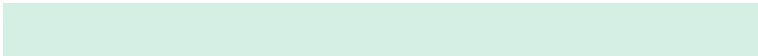
# Harmonies

## Analogous

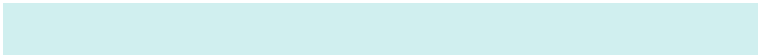
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.5363, 0.3138, 0.3478



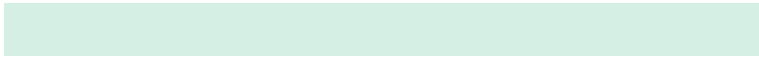
81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397



81.5363, 0.2928, 0.3287

# Triad

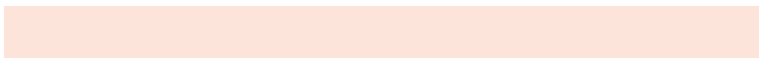
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397



81.5363, 0.2996, 0.3082



81.5363, 0.3369, 0.3393

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397



71.2446, 0.3251, 0.3185

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5363, 0.3330, 0.3288



81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397



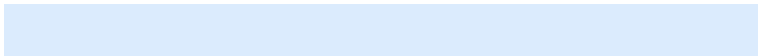
81.5363, 0.3113, 0.3112

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



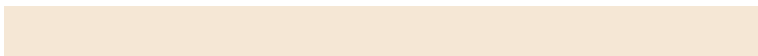
81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397



81.5363, 0.2916, 0.3106



81.5363, 0.3235, 0.3186



81.5363, 0.3342, 0.3473

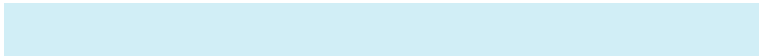


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



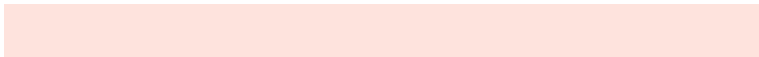
81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397



81.5363, 0.2897, 0.3213



81.5363, 0.3235, 0.3186



81.5363, 0.3363, 0.3359

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.5397, 0.3018, 0.3397



98.3899, 0.3097, 0.3318



82.2933, 0.3183, 0.3568



20.9696, 0.3089, 0.3326



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

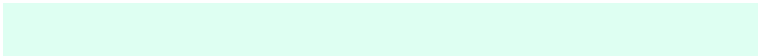


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.5397, 0.3018, 0.3397



93.4524, 0.2997, 0.3420



80.6002, 0.2959, 0.3262



17.8200, 0.3032, 0.3382



35.3083, 0.2611, 0.4601



2.9567, 0.2558, 0.4408



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.2446, 0.3251, 0.3185



79.3973, 0.3278, 0.3164



72.0417, 0.3318, 0.3318



15.8594, 0.3233, 0.3200



10.5902, 0.5441, 0.2771

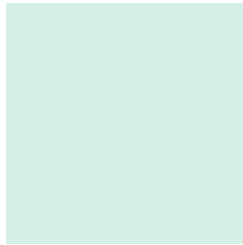


0.8999, 0.5086, 0.2576



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

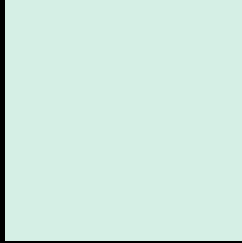
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

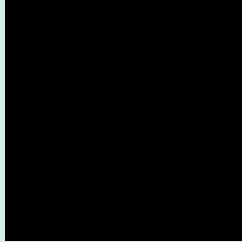
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

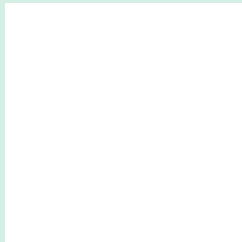
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397.

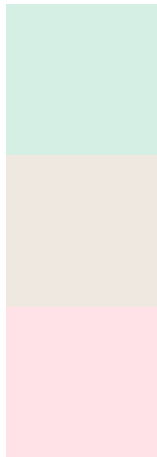


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397

### Protanopia

81.5002, 0.3220, 0.3362

### Deuteranopia

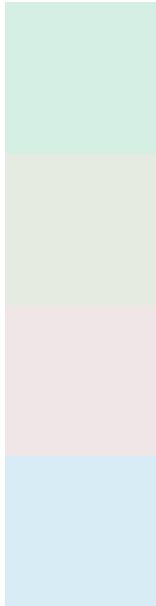
80.9366, 0.3292, 0.3221



## Tritanopia

81.3241, 0.2898, 0.3092

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397

**Protanomaly**

81.7306, 0.3150, 0.3384

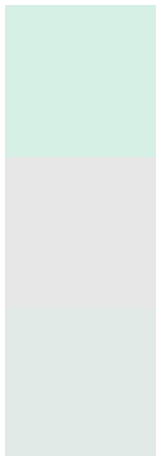
**Deuteranomaly**

80.8884, 0.3189, 0.3280

**Tritanomaly**

81.1824, 0.2944, 0.3195

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397

**Achromatopsia**

79.1298, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

79.8383, 0.3085, 0.3322

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 239, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 239, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 239, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 239, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

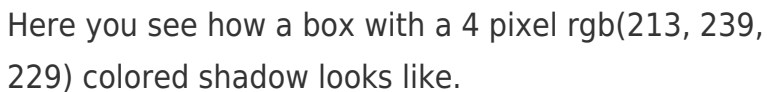
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 239, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 239, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(213, 239, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 239, 229); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 239, 229); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 239, 229) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 81.5363, 0.3018, 0.3397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 239, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213,  
239, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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