

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(81.5850, 0.2524, 0.3431)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(81.5850, 0.2524, 0.3431)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FFE1
RGB	127, 254, 241
RGB Percent	50%, 100%, 95%
CMY	0.5017, 0.0039, 0.0550
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	174°, 98%, 75%
HSV	174°, 50%, 100%
XYZ	60.0742, 81.7465, 95.8145
YIQ	214.5450, -71.5190, -30.9670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

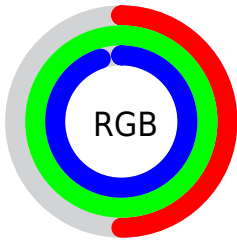
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	127, 194, 254
Decimal	8388337
CIELab	92.46, -38.42, -4.65
CIElCh	92, 38.698, 186.902
Yxy	81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286578417 (0xFF7FFE1)
YUV	214.5450, 13.0423, -76.7770
Hunter-Lab	90.4138, -39.6223, 0.4580

# Details

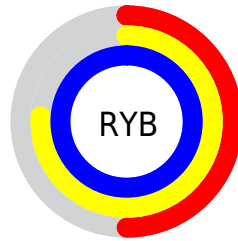
The Yxy color **81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **38.1592, 0.4406, 0.3160**, and the grayscale version is **67.5875, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.3048, 0.2736, 0.3289**, and **44.4594, 0.2399, 0.3473** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.8836, 0.2452, 0.3475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.1096, 0.2622, 0.3406**.

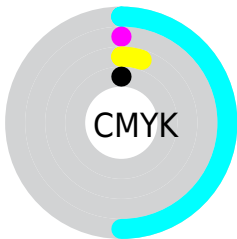
# Distribution



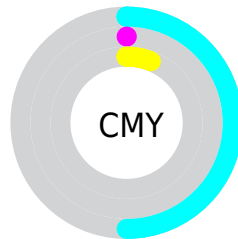
- Red (50%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 81.7465, 0.2528,  
0.3440


 81.7465, 0.2528,  
0.3440


500.7994, 0.2796,  
0.3376

 61.1566, 0.2469,  
0.3453


 135.8185, 0.2619,  
0.3419

 44.3516, 0.2398,  
0.3469


 170.0693, 0.2655,  
0.3410

 30.9470, 0.2309,  
0.3488


 209.6426, 0.2686,  
0.3403

 20.5585, 0.2196,  
0.3511

254.9227, 0.2714,  
0.3396

 12.8017, 0.2048,  
0.3540

306.2940, 0.2738,  
0.3390

 7.2921, 0.1847,  
0.3575

364.1410, 0.2759,

 3.6454, 0.1559,

0.3385

428.8480, 0.2778,  
0.3380

0.3616

1.4773, 0.0943,  
0.3729

0.2727, 0.0000,  
0.3048

81.7465, 0.2528,  
0.3440

81.7465, 0.2528,  
0.3440

79.8836, 0.2452,  
0.3475

84.1096, 0.2622,  
0.3406

78.4735, 0.2396,  
0.3511

86.9971, 0.2732,  
0.3374

77.4765, 0.2359,  
0.3546

90.4428, 0.2854,  
0.3344

76.8410, 0.2341,  
0.3582

94.4753, 0.2987,  
0.3316

■ 76.4831, 0.2338,  
0.3617

99.1210, 0.3127,  
0.3290

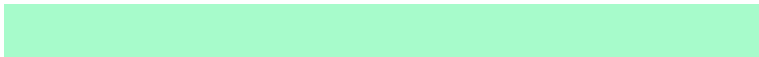
■ 76.4824, 0.2338,  
0.3617

99.3638, 0.3128,  
0.3281

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.7465, 0.2889, 0.3855



81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



81.7465, 0.2330, 0.3011

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



81.7465, 0.2876, 0.2616



81.7465, 0.3987, 0.3811

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



38.1592, 0.4406, 0.3160

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.7465, 0.3995, 0.3468



81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



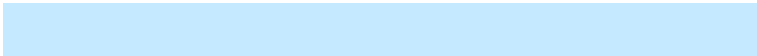
81.7465, 0.3327, 0.2808

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



81.7465, 0.2519, 0.2573



81.7465, 0.3748, 0.3111

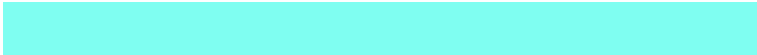


81.7465, 0.3737, 0.4051



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



81.7465, 0.2307, 0.2788



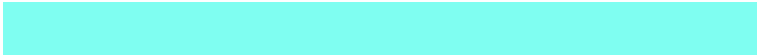
81.7465, 0.3748, 0.3111



81.7465, 0.4019, 0.3703

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.7497, 0.2528, 0.3440



93.2033, 0.2919, 0.3329



78.1563, 0.3129, 0.4852



19.7687, 0.2892, 0.3335



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

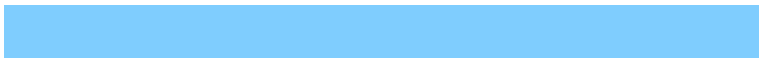
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.7497, 0.2528, 0.3440



80.5950, 0.2452, 0.3475



55.4962, 0.2358, 0.2694



20.4475, 0.2994, 0.3314



40.3353, 0.2337, 0.3611



3.9362, 0.2325, 0.3571



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.1592, 0.4406, 0.3160



32.0634, 0.4830, 0.3145



53.5443, 0.4268, 0.3798



18.0173, 0.3278, 0.3266



11.1580, 0.6284, 0.3236

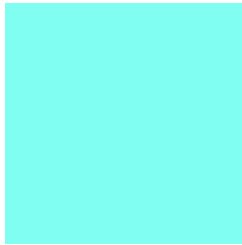


1.0960, 0.6068, 0.3116



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

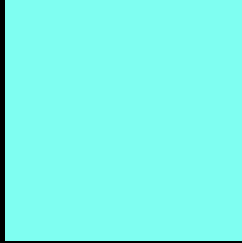
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

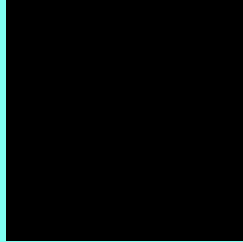
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

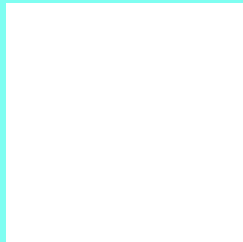
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440.

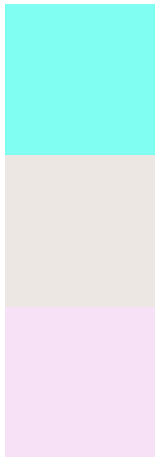


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440

### Protanopia

80.7578, 0.3187, 0.3321

### Deuteranopia

80.3400, 0.3137, 0.3071



## Tritanopia

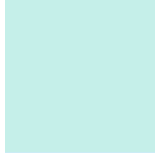
81.3885, 0.2702, 0.3159

# Trichromacy



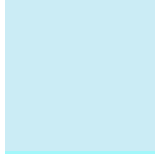
## Original Color

81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



## Protanomaly

79.4865, 0.2896, 0.3355



## Deuteranomaly

79.2800, 0.2863, 0.3193



## Tritanomaly

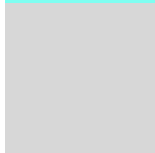
81.2102, 0.2630, 0.3255

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440



## Achromatopsia

67.9542, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

71.4877, 0.2856, 0.3347

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 254, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 254, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 254, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 254, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 254, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 254, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 254, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 254, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 254, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 254,  
241) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 81.7465, 0.2528, 0.3440 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 254, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
254, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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