

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(82.2193, 0.3140, 0.3187)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(82.2193, 0.3140, 0.3187)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2E7F1
RGB	242, 231, 241
RGB Percent	95%, 91%, 95%
CMY	0.0507, 0.0942, 0.0548
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	306°, 30%, 93%
HSV	306°, 5%, 95%
XYZ	81.0883, 82.3799, 94.8570
YIQ	235.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

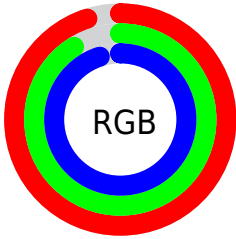
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	242, 231, 241
Decimal	15919089
CIE Lab	92.74, 5.50, -3.53
CIE LCh	93, 6.534, 327.321
Yxy	82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294109169 (0xFF2E7F1)
YUV	235.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628
Hunter-Lab	90.7634, 0.6365, 1.5702

# Details

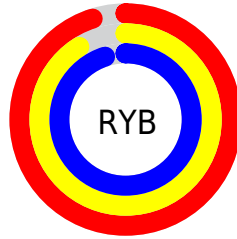
The Yxy color **82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.3561, 0.3116, 0.3393**, and the grayscale version is **83.4069, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **44.6018, 0.3142, 0.3161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.6226, 0.3167, 0.2962**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.8978, 0.3114, 0.3405**.

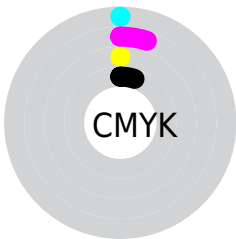
# Distribution



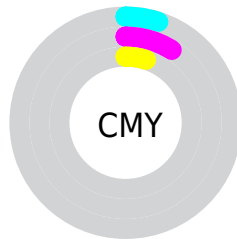
- Red (95%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 82.3799, 0.3139,  
0.3189

 82.3799, 0.3139,  
0.3189

502.9176, 0.3134,  
0.3234

 61.6787, 0.3140,  
0.3179


136.7066, 0.3137,  
0.3205

 44.7732, 0.3141,  
0.3167


171.1010, 0.3137,  
0.3211

 31.2788, 0.3143,  
0.3151


210.8285, 0.3136,  
0.3216

 20.8112, 0.3145,  
0.3131

256.2736, 0.3135,  
0.3221

 12.9861, 0.3148,  
0.3105

307.8206, 0.3135,  
0.3225

 7.4190, 0.3152,  
0.3069

365.8540, 0.3135,

 3.7255, 0.3157,

0.3228

0.3014

430.7582, 0.3134,  
0.3232

■ 1.5212, 0.3165,  
0.2923

■ 0.3036, 0.3243,  
0.2329

■ 82.3799, 0.3139,  
0.3189

■ 82.3799, 0.3139,  
0.3189

■ 69.6226, 0.3167,  
0.2962

■ 96.8978, 0.3114,  
0.3405

■ 58.6607, 0.3199,  
0.2732

■ 97.0372, 0.3101,  
0.3382

■ 49.4162, 0.3233,  
0.2504

■ 97.1783, 0.3088,  
0.3360

■ 41.8010, 0.3270,  
0.2288

■ 97.3212, 0.3075,  
0.3337

35.7193, 0.3308,  
0.2093

97.4657, 0.3062,  
0.3315

31.0653, 0.3346,  
0.1930

97.6121, 0.3049,  
0.3292

27.7198, 0.3383,  
0.1806

97.6284, 0.3048,  
0.3290

25.5443, 0.3418,  
0.1726

24.3690, 0.3450,  
0.1690

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.3799, 0.3064, 0.3163



82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189



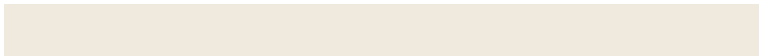
82.3799, 0.3212, 0.3242

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189



82.3799, 0.3249, 0.3411



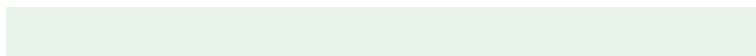
82.3799, 0.2995, 0.3271

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



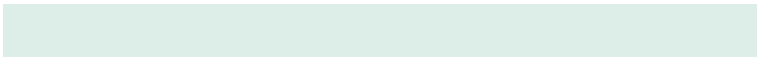
82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189



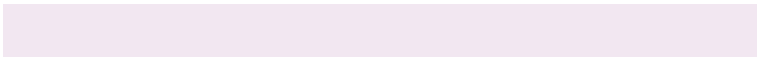
86.3561, 0.3116, 0.3393

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.3799, 0.3043, 0.3339



82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189



82.3799, 0.3190, 0.3421

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189



82.3799, 0.3275, 0.3369



82.3799, 0.3114, 0.3395



82.3799, 0.2981, 0.3209

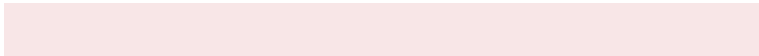


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



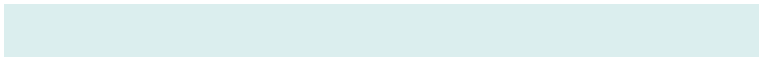
82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189



82.3799, 0.3249, 0.3285



82.3799, 0.3114, 0.3395



82.3799, 0.3007, 0.3294

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.3835, 0.3139, 0.3189



98.3683, 0.3130, 0.3268



80.6983, 0.3064, 0.3176



21.0721, 0.3130, 0.3269



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.3835, 0.3139, 0.3189



92.0558, 0.3140, 0.3179



82.0646, 0.3173, 0.3243



17.0527, 0.3142, 0.3164



12.9030, 0.3462, 0.1681



1.0809, 0.3425, 0.1660



# Inverse Universe

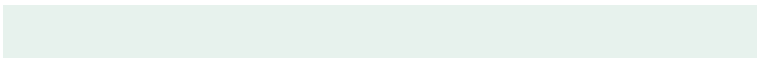
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.3835, 0.3139, 0.3189



92.0558, 0.3140, 0.3179



86.6686, 0.3083, 0.3337



17.0527, 0.3142, 0.3164



12.9030, 0.3462, 0.1681

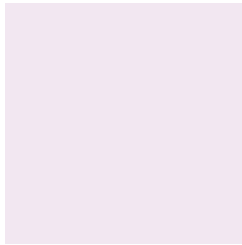


1.0809, 0.3425, 0.1660



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

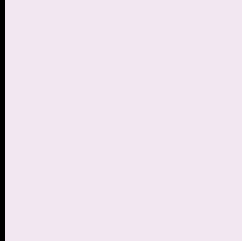
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

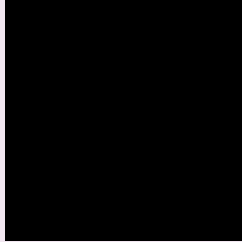
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

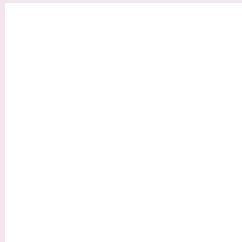
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189.

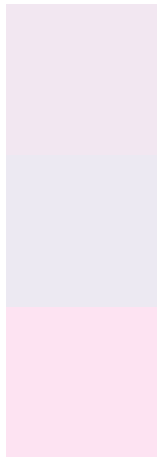


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189

### Protanopia

82.5215, 0.3091, 0.3198

### Deuteranopia

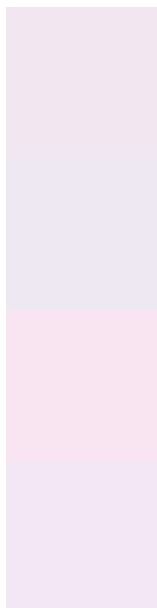
82.2316, 0.3210, 0.3142



## Tritanopia

82.4256, 0.3102, 0.3110

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189

## Protanomaly

82.3012, 0.3105, 0.3189

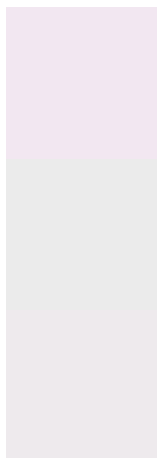
## Deuteranomaly

82.0373, 0.3182, 0.3151

## Tritanomaly

82.2409, 0.3121, 0.3140

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189

## Achromatopsia

83.0770, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

83.1372, 0.3135, 0.3260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 231, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 231, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 231, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 231, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 231, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 231, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 231, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 231, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 231, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 231,  
241) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 82.3799, 0.3139, 0.3189$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 231, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
231, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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