

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(82.8272, 0.3577, 0.3538)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(82.8272, 0.3577, 0.3538)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE3CA
RGB	255, 227, 202
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 79%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1098, 0.2080
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	28°, 100%, 90%
HSV	28°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	79.3726, 80.4624, 67.2034
YIQ	232.5220, 24.7130, -1.8390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

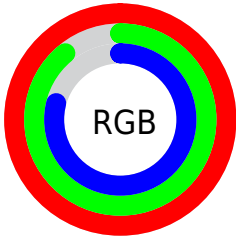
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 249, 202
Decimal	16769994
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	91.89, 5.80, 15.74
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 16.770, 69.779
Yxy	80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294960074 (0xFFFFE3CA)
YUV	232.5220, -15.0473, 19.7132
Hunter-Lab	89.7008, 0.9709, 18.3709

# Details

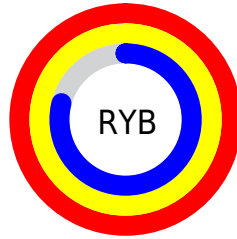
The Yxy color **80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **76.3469, 0.2798, 0.3022**, and the grayscale version is **81.2057, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **43.6489, 0.3580, 0.3602** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.2730, 0.3713, 0.3673**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.4258, 0.3305, 0.3418**.

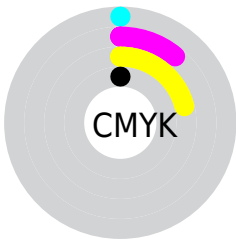
# Distribution



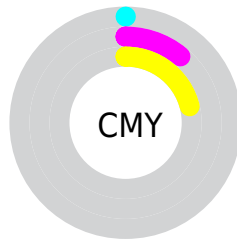
- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 80.4624, 0.3496,  
0.3544

 80.4624, 0.3496,  
0.3544

496.4898, 0.3328,  
0.3431

 60.0989, 0.3534,  
0.3569


134.0156, 0.3438,  
0.3505

 43.4984, 0.3580,  
0.3599


167.9742, 0.3415,  
0.3490

 30.2763, 0.3639,  
0.3637


207.2333, 0.3396,  
0.3477

 20.0484, 0.3714,  
0.3684

252.1772, 0.3379,  
0.3465

 12.4303, 0.3815,  
0.3747

303.1905, 0.3364,  
0.3455

 7.0374, 0.3957,  
0.3831

360.6574, 0.3350,

 3.4855, 0.4168,

0.3446

0.3950

424.9623, 0.3338,  
0.3438

■ 1.3902, 0.4689,  
0.4284

■ 0.2094, 0.6192,  
0.3808

■ 80.4624, 0.3496,  
0.3544

■ 80.4624, 0.3496,  
0.3544

■ 72.2730, 0.3713,  
0.3673

■ 89.4258, 0.3305,  
0.3418

■ 64.8370, 0.3957,  
0.3802

■ 99.1871, 0.3139,  
0.3299

■ 58.1293, 0.4226,  
0.3921

■ 100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 52.1242, 0.4513,  
0.4020

■ 46.7941, 0.4804,  
0.4087

■ 42.1085, 0.5084,  
0.4108

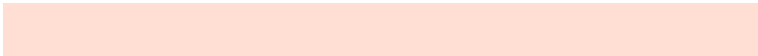
■ 38.0336, 0.5330,  
0.4075

■ 34.7826, 0.5519,  
0.3999

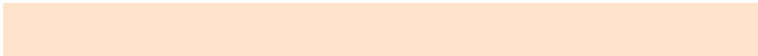
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.4624, 0.3506, 0.3398



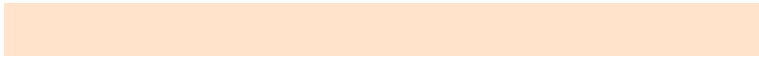
80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544



80.4624, 0.3385, 0.3627

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544



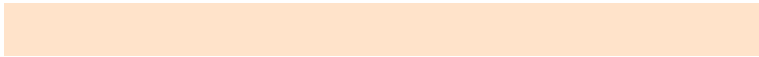
80.4624, 0.2850, 0.3342



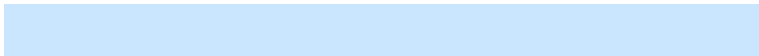
80.4624, 0.3039, 0.2986

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544



76.3469, 0.2798, 0.3022

# Split Complementary

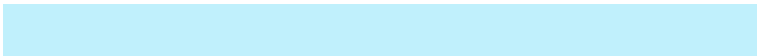
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.4624, 0.2869, 0.2964



80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544



80.4624, 0.2763, 0.3163

# Square

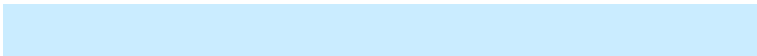
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544



80.4624, 0.3011, 0.3512



80.4624, 0.2770, 0.3026



80.4624, 0.3237, 0.3083



# Rectangle

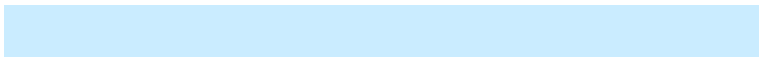
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544



80.4624, 0.3270, 0.3632



80.4624, 0.2770, 0.3026



80.4624, 0.2977, 0.2970

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.4617, 0.3496, 0.3544



94.0075, 0.3223, 0.3360



69.2132, 0.3330, 0.3006



19.9856, 0.3234, 0.3368



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.4617, 0.3496, 0.3544



76.9268, 0.3584, 0.3598



95.9200, 0.3445, 0.3794



19.4011, 0.3282, 0.3402



18.4683, 0.5493, 0.4021

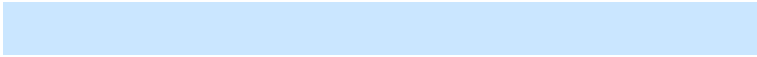


2.0149, 0.5306, 0.4169

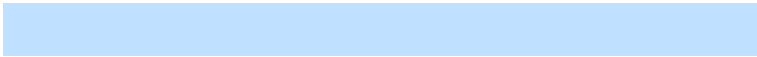


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.3469, 0.2798, 0.3022



72.1290, 0.2729, 0.2960



62.8321, 0.2778, 0.2730



18.9653, 0.2979, 0.3175



13.0744, 0.1797, 0.1668

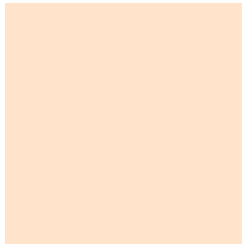


1.4919, 0.1852, 0.1866



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

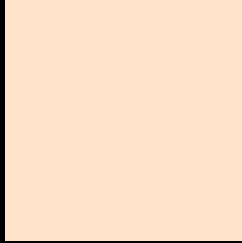
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

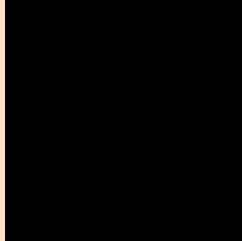
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544.

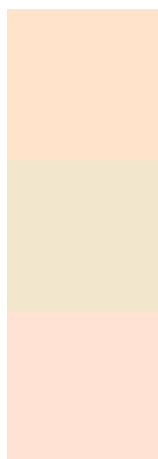


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544

### Protanopia

80.3887, 0.3380, 0.3571

### Deuteranopia

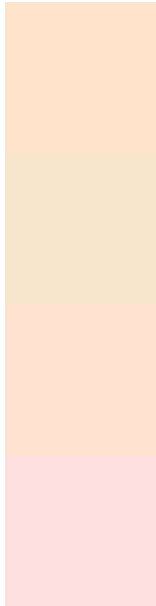
80.4062, 0.3428, 0.3432



## Tritanopia

80.2084, 0.3254, 0.3142

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544

**Protanomaly**

80.6796, 0.3425, 0.3568

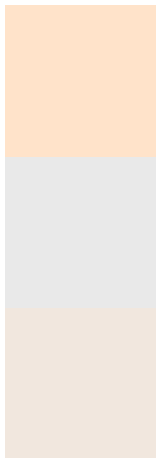
**Deuteranomaly**

80.2068, 0.3456, 0.3472

**Tritanomaly**

80.0076, 0.3341, 0.3281

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544

**Achromatopsia**

81.4847, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

81.1265, 0.3254, 0.3383

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 227, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 227, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 227, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 227, 202) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 227, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 227, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 227, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 227, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 227, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 227,  
202) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.4624, 0.3496, 0.3544 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 227, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
227, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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