

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(83.0344, 0.2645, 0.3584)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.0344, 0.2645, 0.3584)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FFFE6
RGB	143, 255, 230
RGB Percent	56%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.4392, 0.0000, 0.0980
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	167°, 100%, 78%
HSV	167°, 44%, 100%
XYZ	61.3704, 83.0728, 87.6686
YIQ	218.6620, -58.7270, -31.5190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

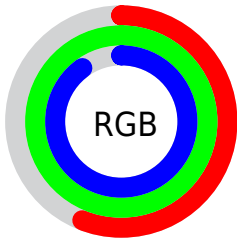
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	143, 206, 255
Decimal	9437158
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	93.05, -37.87, 1.95
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 37.918, 177.054
Yxy	83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287627238 (0xFF8FFFE6)
YUV	218.6620, 5.5896, -66.3556
Hunter-Lab	91.1443, -39.3128, 6.7719

# Details

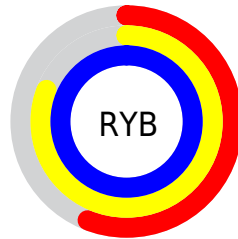
The Yxy color **83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **43.7301, 0.4029, 0.3031**, and the grayscale version is **70.5822, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.2966, 0.2816, 0.3289**, and **45.3681, 0.2535, 0.3641** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.7355, 0.2567, 0.3657**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.9379, 0.2737, 0.3504**.

# Distribution



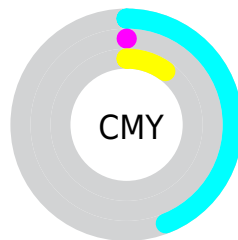
- Red (56%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.0728, 0.2644,  
0.3579


 83.0728, 0.2644,  
0.3579

505.2291, 0.2862,  
0.3448

 62.2502, 0.2596,  
0.3608


 137.6774, 0.2718,  
0.3534

 45.2349, 0.2537,  
0.3644


 172.2282, 0.2748,  
0.3516

 31.6425, 0.2463,  
0.3690


212.1239, 0.2773,  
0.3501

 21.0886, 0.2368,  
0.3748

257.7489, 0.2795,  
0.3488

 13.1888, 0.2243,  
0.3826

309.4875, 0.2815,  
0.3476

 7.5587, 0.2069,  
0.3935

367.7241, 0.2832,

 3.8139, 0.1814,

0.3465

432.8432, 0.2848,  
0.3456

0.4099

1.5700, 0.1268,  
0.4440

0.3372, 0.0000,  
0.5935

83.0728, 0.2644,  
0.3579

83.0728, 0.2644,  
0.3579

80.7355, 0.2567,  
0.3657

85.9379, 0.2737,  
0.3504

78.8901, 0.2508,  
0.3739

89.3628, 0.2842,  
0.3435

77.4966, 0.2468,  
0.3822

93.3772, 0.2957,  
0.3370

76.5086, 0.2448,  
0.3905

98.0086, 0.3078,  
0.3311

■ 75.8693, 0.2448,  
0.3988

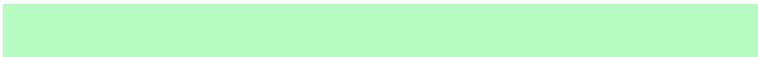
100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 75.6020, 0.2455,  
0.4038

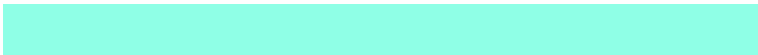
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.0728, 0.3034, 0.3939



83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



83.0728, 0.2392, 0.3148

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



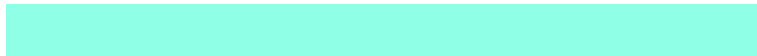
83.0728, 0.2753, 0.2600



83.0728, 0.3996, 0.3696

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



43.7301, 0.4029, 0.3031

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.0728, 0.3919, 0.3349



83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



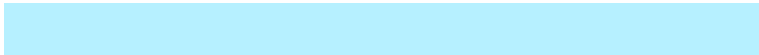
83.0728, 0.3174, 0.2744

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



83.0728, 0.2453, 0.2613



83.0728, 0.3610, 0.3010

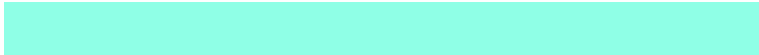


83.0728, 0.3824, 0.3973



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



83.0728, 0.2327, 0.2900



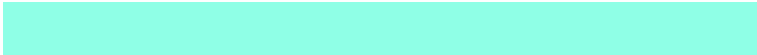
83.0728, 0.3610, 0.3010



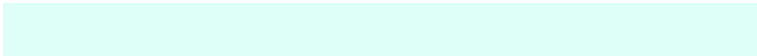
83.0728, 0.4000, 0.3584

# Sweetspot

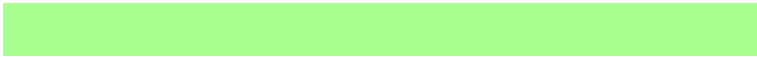
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.0729, 0.2644, 0.3579



93.7786, 0.2968, 0.3365



81.9524, 0.3211, 0.4608



19.8690, 0.2942, 0.3378



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

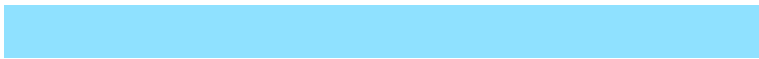
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.0729, 0.2644, 0.3579



80.9302, 0.2573, 0.3650



66.9810, 0.2472, 0.2939



20.4080, 0.3010, 0.3344



39.5272, 0.2451, 0.4024



3.8649, 0.2425, 0.3930



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.7301, 0.4029, 0.3031



36.8590, 0.4329, 0.2986



53.0777, 0.4152, 0.3606



18.0534, 0.3259, 0.3237



11.2808, 0.6016, 0.3088

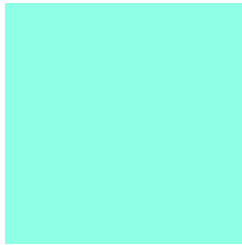


1.1139, 0.5709, 0.2919



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

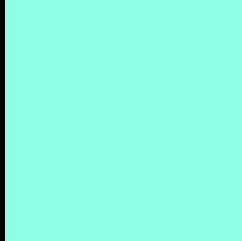
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

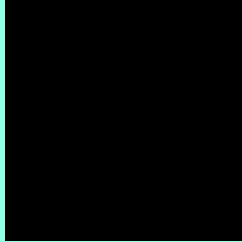
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579.

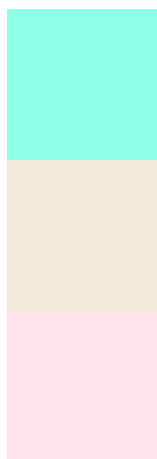


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579

### Protanopia

82.2170, 0.3285, 0.3444

### Deuteranopia

81.7088, 0.3265, 0.3192



## Tritanopia

82.6586, 0.2757, 0.3161

# Trichromacy



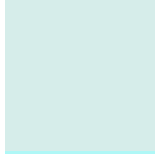
## Original Color

83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



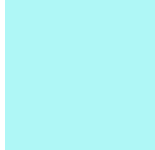
## Protanomaly

81.3063, 0.3015, 0.3497



## Deuteranomaly

80.8050, 0.2995, 0.3322



## Tritanomaly

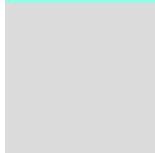
82.2893, 0.2710, 0.3300

# Monochromacy



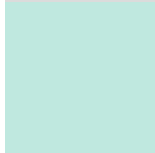
## Original Color

83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579



## Achromatopsia

70.8376, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

74.1173, 0.2913, 0.3391

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 255, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 255, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 255, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 255, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 255, 230) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 255, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 255, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 255, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 255, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 255,  
230) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 83.0728, 0.2644, 0.3579 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 255, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
255, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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