

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(83.2578, 0.3337, 0.3382)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.2578, 0.3337, 0.3382)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDE7DE
RGB	253, 231, 222
RGB Percent	99%, 91%, 87%
CMY	0.0081, 0.0940, 0.1294
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.12, 0.01
HSL	18°, 88%, 93%
HSV	18°, 12%, 99%
XYZ	82.2489, 83.3084, 80.8444
YIQ	236.5520, 16.0010, 1.8650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

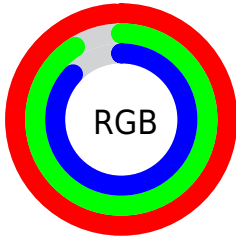
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 235, 222
Decimal	16639966
CIE Lab	93.15, 6.00, 7.09
CIE LCh	93, 9.282, 49.754
Yxy	83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294830046 (0xFFFDE7DE)
YUV	236.5520, -7.1741, 14.4249
Hunter-Lab	91.2734, 1.1225, 11.3760

# Details

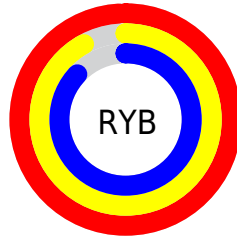
The Yxy color **83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **87.2519, 0.2937, 0.3197**, and the grayscale version is **84.3690, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **45.1857, 0.3385, 0.3393** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.5396, 0.3547, 0.3461**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.3132, 0.3162, 0.3306**.

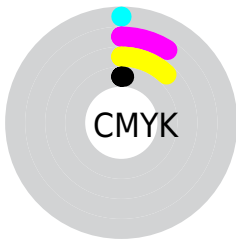
# Distribution



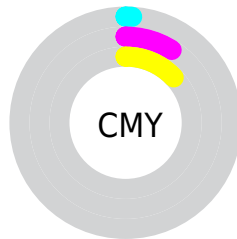
- Red (99%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83.3084, 0.3338,  
0.3381

 83.3084, 0.3338,  
0.3381

506.0138, 0.3242,  
0.3341

 62.4446, 0.3359,  
0.3390


138.0073, 0.3305,  
0.3367

 45.3920, 0.3386,  
0.3400


172.6112, 0.3292,  
0.3362

 31.7663, 0.3419,  
0.3414


212.5640, 0.3281,  
0.3357

 21.1831, 0.3461,  
0.3431

258.2499, 0.3271,  
0.3353

 13.2579, 0.3519,  
0.3453

310.0535, 0.3263,  
0.3350

 7.6064, 0.3599,  
0.3483

368.3590, 0.3255,

 3.8441, 0.3721,

0.3346

0.3526

433.5510, 0.3248,  
0.3343

■ 1.5868, 0.3927,  
0.3593

■ 0.3486, 0.5781,  
0.4219

■ 83.3084, 0.3338,  
0.3381

■ 83.3084, 0.3338,  
0.3381

■ 72.5396, 0.3547,  
0.3461

■ 95.3132, 0.3162,  
0.3306

■ 62.9560, 0.3795,  
0.3542

99.6099, 0.3114,  
0.3290

■ 54.5195, 0.4084,  
0.3622

■ 47.1857, 0.4415,  
0.3694

■ 40.9071, 0.4779,  
0.3747

■ 35.6326, 0.5158,  
0.3770

■ 31.3065, 0.5520,  
0.3750

■ 27.8662, 0.5827,  
0.3684

■ 25.7538, 0.6013,  
0.3608

# Harmonies

## Analogous

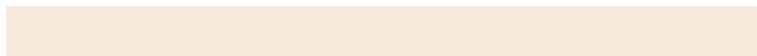
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.3084, 0.3304, 0.3290



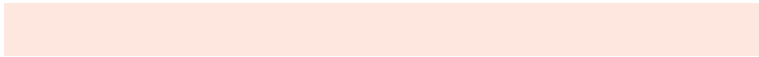
83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381



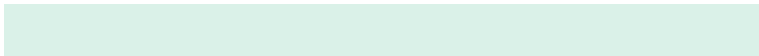
83.3084, 0.3314, 0.3450

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381



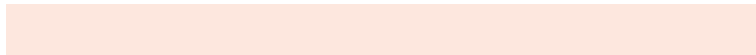
83.3084, 0.3031, 0.3382



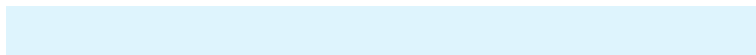
83.3084, 0.3014, 0.3108

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



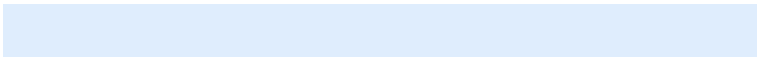
83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381



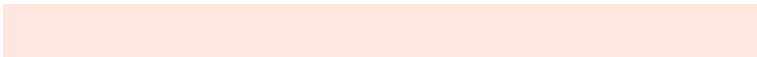
87.2519, 0.2937, 0.3197

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.3084, 0.2943, 0.3129



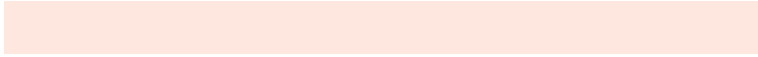
83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381



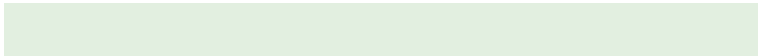
83.3084, 0.2953, 0.3287

# Square

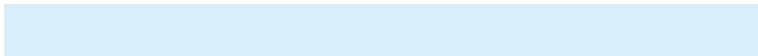
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381



83.3084, 0.3136, 0.3453



83.3084, 0.2921, 0.3194



83.3084, 0.3116, 0.3134



# Rectangle

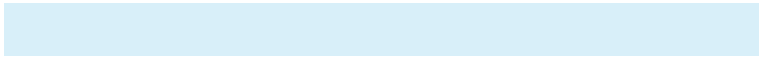
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381



83.3084, 0.3269, 0.3474



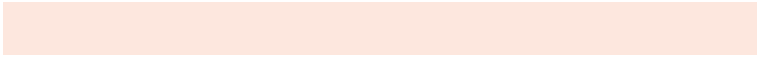
83.3084, 0.2921, 0.3194



83.3084, 0.2986, 0.3110

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.3121, 0.3338, 0.3381



94.8400, 0.3191, 0.3319



79.6490, 0.3199, 0.3071



20.0969, 0.3204, 0.3324



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

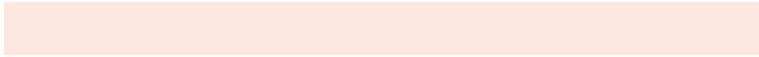


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

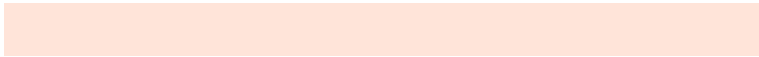


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.3121, 0.3338, 0.3381



81.7024, 0.3392, 0.3403



92.1936, 0.3319, 0.3529



18.8516, 0.3287, 0.3360



13.9252, 0.5985, 0.3630

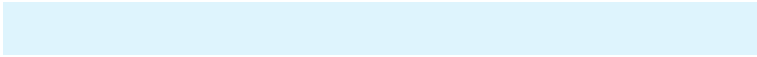


1.5348, 0.5764, 0.3805

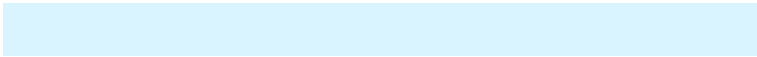


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.2519, 0.2937, 0.3197



86.5294, 0.2894, 0.3175



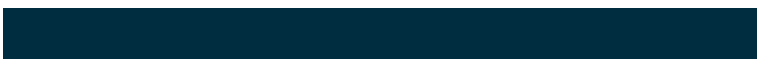
78.4852, 0.2934, 0.3039



19.5322, 0.2980, 0.3219



21.2050, 0.1974, 0.2307

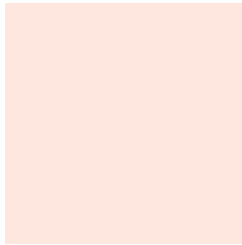


2.2536, 0.2009, 0.2432



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

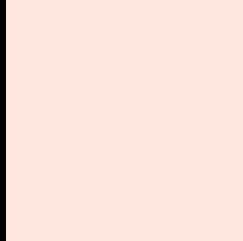
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

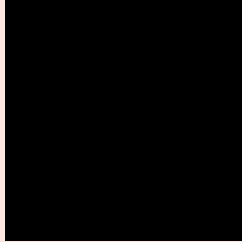
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381.

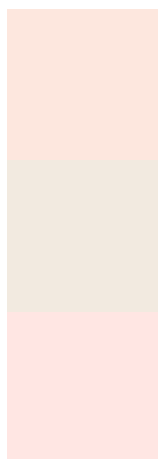


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381

### Protanopia

83.1047, 0.3245, 0.3392

### Deuteranopia

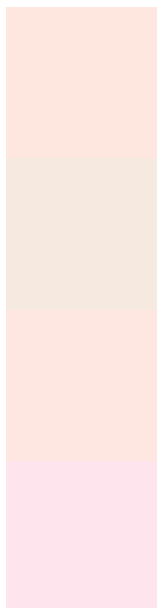
83.3997, 0.3320, 0.3320



## Tritanopia

83.3394, 0.3204, 0.3124

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381

## Protanomaly

83.1984, 0.3280, 0.3392

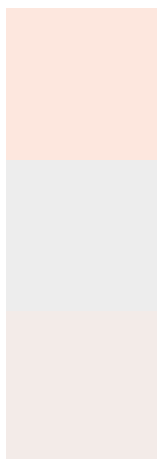
## Deuteranomaly

83.1007, 0.3327, 0.3340

## Tritanomaly

83.2239, 0.3248, 0.3211

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381

## Achromatopsia

84.6873, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

84.2975, 0.3200, 0.3321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 231, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 231, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 231, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 231, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 231, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 231, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 231, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 231, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 231, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 231,  
222) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 83.3084, 0.3338, 0.3381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 231, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
231, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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