

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(83.2892, 0.2771, 0.3703)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.2892, 0.2771, 0.3703)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9EFEDA
RGB	158, 254, 218
RGB Percent	62%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.3804, 0.0039, 0.1450
CMYK	0.38, 0.00, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	158°, 98%, 81%
HSV	158°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	62.1977, 83.2147, 79.1281
YIQ	221.1920, -45.6600, -31.5480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

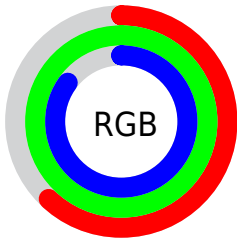
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">158, 217, 254</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10419930</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">93.11, -36.20, 8.31</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">93, 37.143, 167.079</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288610010 (0xFF9EFEDA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">221.1920, -1.5737, -55.4194</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">91.2221, -37.9325, 12.4260</a>

# Details

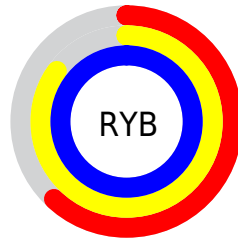
The Yxy color **83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **49.4161, 0.3707, 0.2915**, and the grayscale version is **72.4848, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93.3389, 0.2894, 0.3289**, and **45.4016, 0.2690, 0.3809** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.4189, 0.2697, 0.3839**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.5781, 0.2855, 0.3582**.

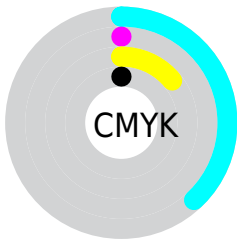
# Distribution



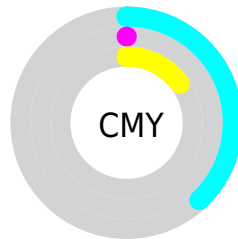
- Red (62%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.2147, 0.2770,  
0.3706

 83.2147, 0.2770,  
0.3706


505.7018, 0.2934,  
0.3513

 62.3673, 0.2733,  
0.3750


 137.8761, 0.2826,  
0.3639

 45.3295, 0.2688,  
0.3805


 172.4589, 0.2849,  
0.3613

 31.7171, 0.2630,  
0.3875


212.3890, 0.2868,  
0.3590

 21.1455, 0.2556,  
0.3967

258.0507, 0.2884,  
0.3571

 13.2304, 0.2456,  
0.4092

309.8284, 0.2899,  
0.3553

 7.5874, 0.2314,  
0.4273

368.1066, 0.2912,

 3.8321, 0.2097,

0.3538

0.4557

433.2696, 0.2923,  
0.3525

■ 1.5801, 0.1611,  
0.5138

■ 0.3441, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 83.2147, 0.2770,  
0.3706

■ 83.2147, 0.2770,  
0.3706

■ 80.4189, 0.2697,  
0.3839

■ 86.5781, 0.2855,  
0.3582

■ 78.1472, 0.2640,  
0.3980

■ 90.5297, 0.2948,  
0.3467

■ 76.3656, 0.2601,  
0.4125

■ 95.1012, 0.3047,  
0.3364

■ 75.0319, 0.2581,  
0.4273

99.3668, 0.3128,  
0.3281

■ 74.0964, 0.2583,  
0.4419

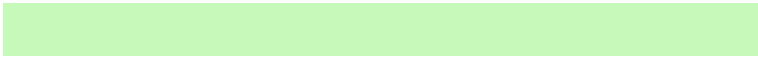
■ 73.4928, 0.2604,  
0.4562

■ 73.3835, 0.2609,  
0.4594

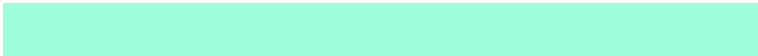
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.2147, 0.3178, 0.3998



83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



83.2147, 0.2470, 0.3289

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



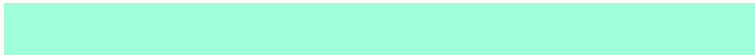
83.2147, 0.2647, 0.2599



83.2147, 0.3981, 0.3579

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



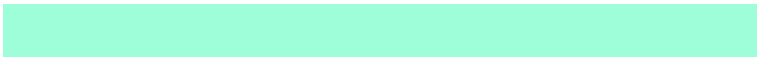
49.4161, 0.3707, 0.2915

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.2147, 0.3823, 0.3234



83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



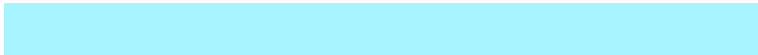
83.2147, 0.3029, 0.2692

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



83.2147, 0.2404, 0.2669



83.2147, 0.3465, 0.2918

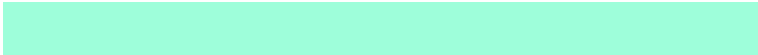


83.2147, 0.3890, 0.3883



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



83.2147, 0.2364, 0.3023



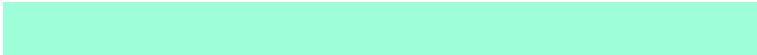
83.2147, 0.3465, 0.2918



83.2147, 0.3956, 0.3465

# Sweetspot

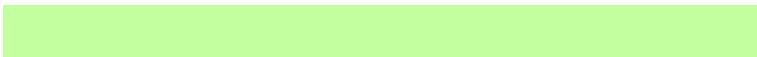
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.2181, 0.2770, 0.3706



94.4041, 0.3015, 0.3396



84.9300, 0.3296, 0.4370



20.0704, 0.3002, 0.3410



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

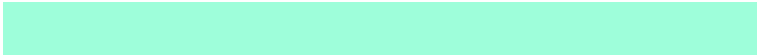


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

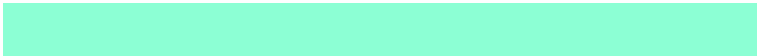


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.2181, 0.2770, 0.3706



81.8705, 0.2716, 0.3801



78.4077, 0.2581, 0.3163



20.3592, 0.3030, 0.3381



38.7166, 0.2603, 0.4570



3.7909, 0.2558, 0.4407



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.4161, 0.3707, 0.2915



43.5188, 0.3872, 0.2845



51.9876, 0.4020, 0.3411



18.0997, 0.3235, 0.3201



11.5724, 0.5486, 0.2796

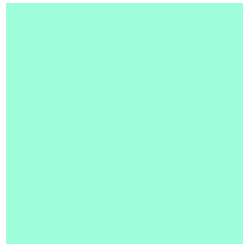


1.1471, 0.5177, 0.2625



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

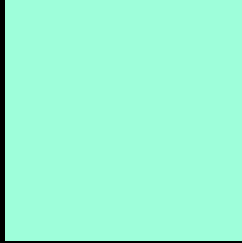
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

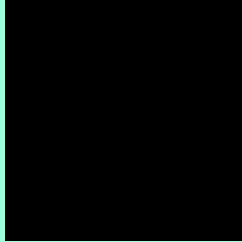
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706.

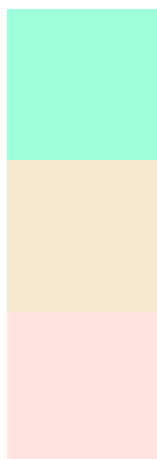


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706

### Protanopia

82.0159, 0.3371, 0.3558

### Deuteranopia

82.2378, 0.3330, 0.3311



## Tritanopia

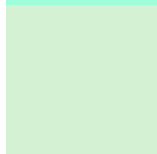
82.5946, 0.2778, 0.3151

# Trichromacy



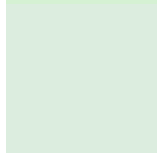
## Original Color

83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



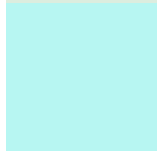
## Protanomaly

81.7599, 0.3125, 0.3616



## Deuteranomaly

81.1117, 0.3100, 0.3439



## Tritanomaly

82.3896, 0.2772, 0.3333

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706



## Achromatopsia

72.3055, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

75.4509, 0.2975, 0.3435

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 254, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 254, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 254, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 254, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 254, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 254, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 254, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 254, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 254, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 254,  
218) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 83.2147, 0.2770, 0.3706 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 254, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
254, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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