

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(83.3410, 0.3559, 0.3855)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.3410, 0.3559, 0.3855)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7ECB5
RGB	247, 236, 181
RGB Percent	97%, 93%, 71%
CMY	0.0313, 0.0745, 0.2902
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.27, 0.03
HSL	50°, 81%, 84%
HSV	50°, 27%, 97%
XYZ	76.7006, 83.1013, 55.7098
YIQ	233.0190, 24.2110, -14.7730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

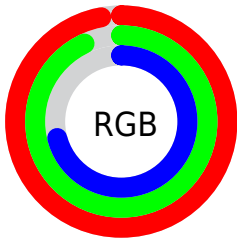
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	194, 247, 181
Decimal	16247989
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	93.06, -4.58, 28.07
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	93, 28.440, 99.261
Y <sub>xy</sub>	83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294438069 (0xFFFF7ECB5)
Y <sub>UV</sub>	233.0190, -25.6454, 12.2613
Hunter-Lab	91.1599, -9.3426, 27.5786

# Details

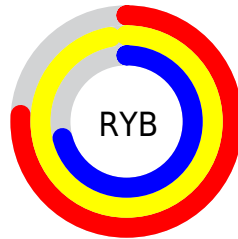
The Yxy color **83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **54.2510, 0.2674, 0.2652**, and the grayscale version is **81.6881, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.8944, 0.3232, 0.3464**, and **45.1482, 0.3651, 0.3976** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.8303, 0.3732, 0.4069**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.6144, 0.3390, 0.3640**.

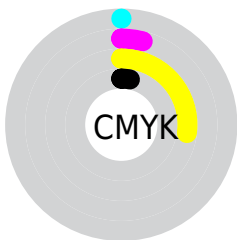
# Distribution



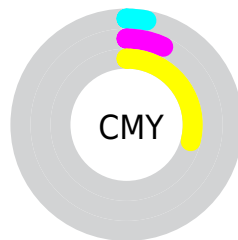
- Red (97%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (3%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.1013, 0.3559,  
0.3856

 83.1013, 0.3559,  
0.3856

505.3241, 0.3367,  
0.3599

 62.2737, 0.3601,  
0.3913

 137.7173, 0.3494,  
0.3768

 45.2539, 0.3651,  
0.3982


172.2746, 0.3468,  
0.3734

 31.6575, 0.3713,  
0.4069


212.1772, 0.3446,  
0.3704

 21.1000, 0.3791,  
0.4178

257.8095, 0.3426,  
0.3678

 13.1971, 0.3890,  
0.4322

309.5559, 0.3409,  
0.3655

 7.5644, 0.4019,  
0.4515

367.8009, 0.3393,

 3.8175, 0.4189,

0.3634

0.4787

432.9288, 0.3379,  
0.3616

■ 1.5720, 0.4595,  
0.5405

■ 0.3386, 0.3829,  
0.6171

■ 83.1013, 0.3559,  
0.3856

■ 83.1013, 0.3559,  
0.3856

■ 79.8303, 0.3732,  
0.4069

■ 86.6144, 0.3390,  
0.3640

■ 76.7805, 0.3904,  
0.4271

■ 90.3677, 0.3229,  
0.3428

■ 73.9447, 0.4068,  
0.4452

■ 94.3667, 0.3080,  
0.3226

■ 71.3112, 0.4216,  
0.4600

■ 96.9374, 0.3079,  
0.3266

■ 68.8664, 0.4342,  
0.4709

■ 98.5194, 0.3078,  
0.3290

■ 66.5949, 0.4441,  
0.4771

■ 64.4767, 0.4510,  
0.4787

■ 63.8078, 0.4529,  
0.4786

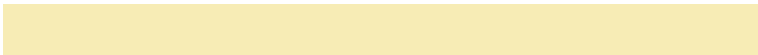
# Harmonies

## Analogous

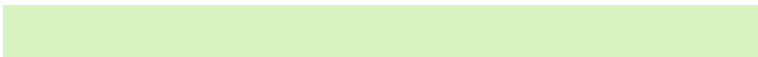
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.1013, 0.3749, 0.3701



83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856



83.1013, 0.3258, 0.3854

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856



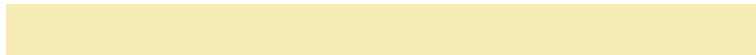
83.1013, 0.2528, 0.3072



83.1013, 0.3303, 0.2946

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856



54.2510, 0.2674, 0.2652

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.1013, 0.2970, 0.2792



83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856



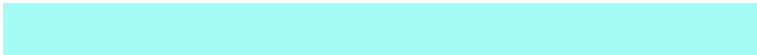
83.1013, 0.2538, 0.2849

# Square

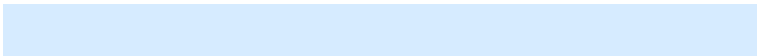
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856



83.1013, 0.2669, 0.3378



83.1013, 0.2695, 0.2754



83.1013, 0.3600, 0.3182

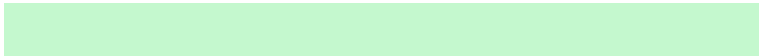


# Rectangle

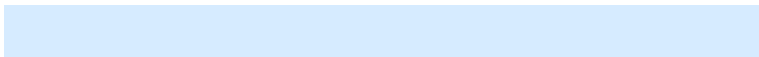
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856



83.1013, 0.3038, 0.3752



83.1013, 0.2695, 0.2754



83.1013, 0.3191, 0.2884

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.1050, 0.3559, 0.3856



96.6000, 0.3250, 0.3455



56.6798, 0.3600, 0.3162



20.5437, 0.3273, 0.3486



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

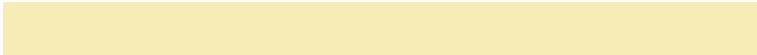


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

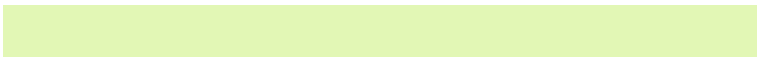
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.1050, 0.3559, 0.3856



87.4217, 0.3651, 0.3970



86.0630, 0.3387, 0.3993



18.8147, 0.3273, 0.3486



33.9184, 0.4522, 0.4791



3.1035, 0.4474, 0.4829



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.2510, 0.2674, 0.2652



51.7039, 0.2572, 0.2502



52.3062, 0.2812, 0.2551



16.3739, 0.2979, 0.3087



4.5366, 0.1541, 0.0746

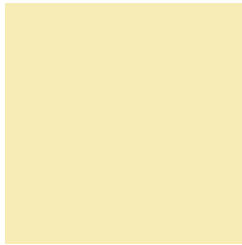


0.5248, 0.1596, 0.0945



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

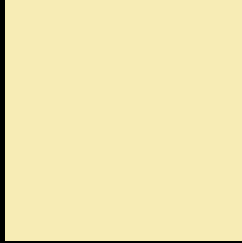
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

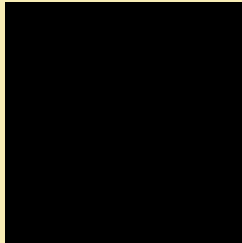
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856.

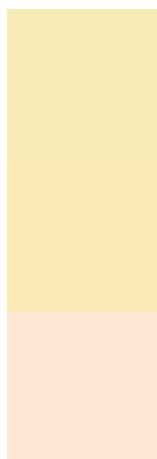


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856

### Protanopia

83.2212, 0.3597, 0.3851

### Deuteranopia

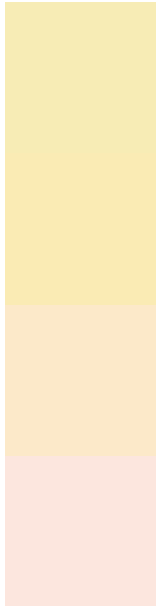
83.1653, 0.3420, 0.3481



## Tritanopia

82.7907, 0.3204, 0.3114

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856

## Protanomaly

83.0359, 0.3590, 0.3853

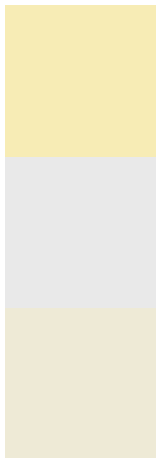
## Deuteranomaly

83.1903, 0.3469, 0.3615

## Tritanomaly

82.5630, 0.3333, 0.3371

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856

## Achromatopsia

81.4847, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

81.8778, 0.3282, 0.3498

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 236, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 236, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 236, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 236, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 236, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 236, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 236, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 236, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 236, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 236,  
181) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 83.1013, 0.3559, 0.3856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 236, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
236, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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