

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(83.5246, 0.3236, 0.4482)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.5246, 0.3236, 0.4482)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B4FF98
RGB	180, 255, 152
RGB Percent	71%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.2938, 0.0000, 0.4039
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	104°, 100%, 80%
HSV	104°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	60.2644, 83.4903, 42.6492
YIQ	220.8330, -11.6370, -47.9330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

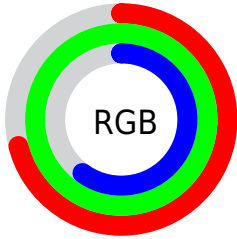
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	152, 255, 227
Decimal	11861912
CIELab	93.23, -41.27, 41.99
CIELCh	93, 58.874, 134.501
Yxy	83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290051992 (0xFFB4FF98)
YUV	220.8330, -33.9347, -35.8105
Hunter-Lab	91.3730, -42.1745, 36.2870

# Details

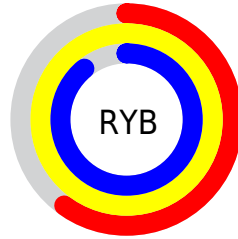
The Yxy color **83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **45.9985, 0.2941, 0.2220**, and the grayscale version is **72.4456, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.2021, 0.3300, 0.3778**, and **45.5741, 0.3227, 0.4782** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.6656, 0.3243, 0.4812**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.7998, 0.3214, 0.4152**.

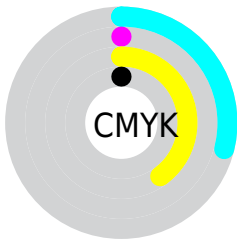
# Distribution



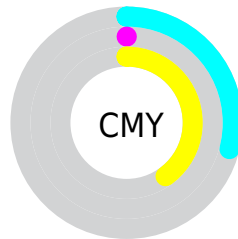
- Red (71%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 83.4903, 0.3233,  
0.4479


 83.4903, 0.3233,  
0.4479


506.6191, 0.3208,  
0.3912

 62.5947, 0.3232,  
0.4611


 138.2620, 0.3229,  
0.4280

 45.5134, 0.3228,  
0.4774


 172.9068, 0.3226,  
0.4203

 31.8620, 0.3217,  
0.4981

212.9035, 0.3223,  
0.4137

 21.2561, 0.3193,  
0.5250

258.6365, 0.3220,  
0.4080

 13.3113, 0.3142,  
0.5611

310.4902, 0.3217,  
0.4030

 7.6433, 0.3034,  
0.6108

368.8489, 0.3213,

 3.8676, 0.2911,

0.3986

0.7089

434.0971, 0.3210,  
0.3947

■ 1.5998, 0.1938,  
0.8062

■ 0.3574, 0.0000,  
1.0000

■ 83.4903, 0.3233,  
0.4479

■ 83.4903, 0.3233,  
0.4479

■ 80.6656, 0.3243,  
0.4812

■ 86.7998, 0.3214,  
0.4152

■ 78.2914, 0.3240,  
0.5132

■ 90.6049, 0.3189,  
0.3842

■ 76.3460, 0.3224,  
0.5420

■ 94.9296, 0.3160,  
0.3557

■ 74.8010, 0.3195,  
0.5654

■ 99.7929, 0.3128,  
0.3299

■ 73.6240, 0.3153,  
0.5819

99.9935, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 72.7971, 0.3107,  
0.5915

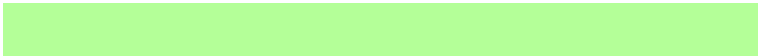
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.4903, 0.3869, 0.4478



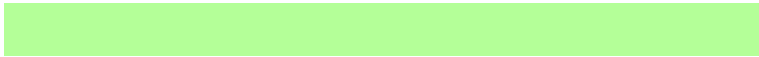
83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



83.4903, 0.2602, 0.4025

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



83.4903, 0.2016, 0.2349



83.4903, 0.4196, 0.3133

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



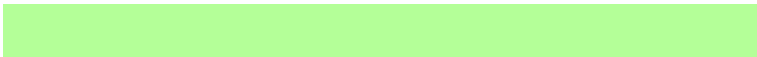
45.9985, 0.2941, 0.2220

# Split Complementary

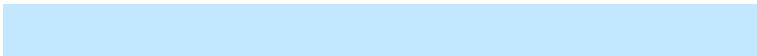
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.4903, 0.3592, 0.2687



83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



83.4903, 0.2343, 0.2247

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



83.4903, 0.1946, 0.2709



83.4903, 0.2902, 0.2373

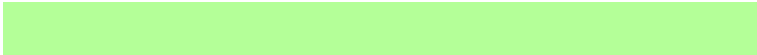


83.4903, 0.4471, 0.3641



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



83.4903, 0.2270, 0.3561



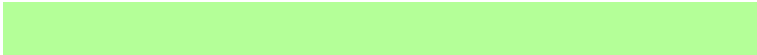
83.4903, 0.2902, 0.2373



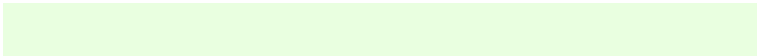
83.4903, 0.4021, 0.2974

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.4939, 0.3233, 0.4479



94.2035, 0.3164, 0.3601



77.8166, 0.3843, 0.4038



20.0385, 0.3168, 0.3637



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

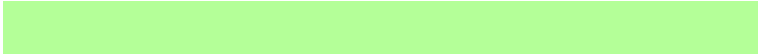


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

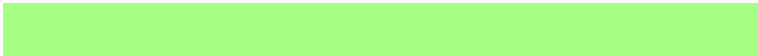


# Same Dimension

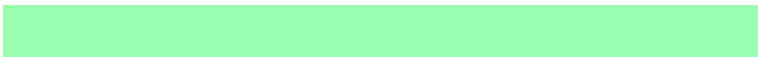
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.4939, 0.3233, 0.4479



81.3052, 0.3241, 0.4733



81.2589, 0.2959, 0.4264



20.4076, 0.3157, 0.3533



38.1042, 0.3117, 0.5907



3.7613, 0.3196, 0.5844



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45.9985, 0.2941, 0.2220



39.3583, 0.2892, 0.2019



49.5837, 0.3363, 0.2484



18.0368, 0.3094, 0.3053



9.2722, 0.2527, 0.1166

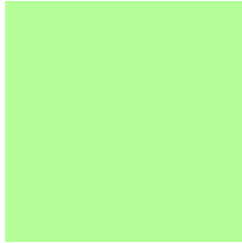


0.9569, 0.2607, 0.1210



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

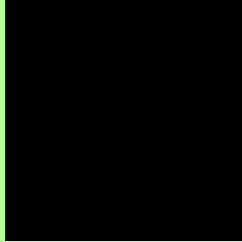
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

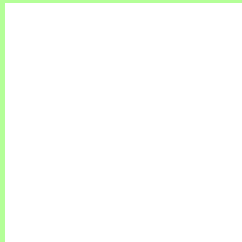
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479.

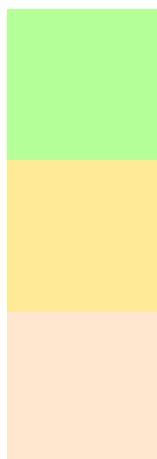


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479

### Protanopia

82.9110, 0.3813, 0.4131

### Deuteranopia

82.3586, 0.3456, 0.3522



## Tritanopia

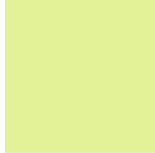
82.9501, 0.2840, 0.3132

# Trichromacy



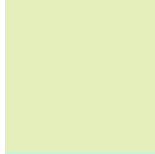
## Original Color

83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



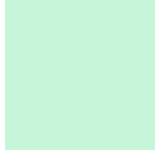
## Protanomaly

82.2326, 0.3591, 0.4259



## Deuteranomaly

81.8148, 0.3378, 0.3847



## Tritanomaly

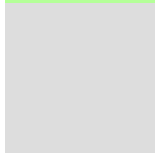
82.3725, 0.2988, 0.3588

# Monochromacy



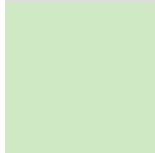
## Original Color

83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479



## Achromatopsia

72.3055, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

75.3852, 0.3175, 0.3708

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 255, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 255, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 255, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 255, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 255, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 255, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(180, 255, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 255, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 255, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 255,  
152) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 83.4903, 0.3233, 0.4479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 255, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180,  
255, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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