

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(83.6981, 0.3002, 0.3314)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.6981, 0.3002, 0.3314)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBF0EE
RGB	219, 240, 238
RGB Percent	86%, 94%, 93%
CMY	0.1411, 0.0588, 0.0668
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.01, 0.06
HSL	174°, 41%, 90%
HSV	174°, 9%, 94%
XYZ	75.8061, 83.5533, 92.9912
YIQ	233.4930, -11.8740, -5.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

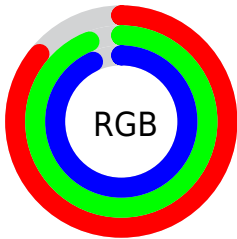
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 230, 240
Decimal	14414062
CIE Lab	93.26, -7.24, -1.38
CIE LCh	93, 7.375, 190.795
Yxy	83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292604142 (0xFFDBF0EE)
YUV	233.4930, 2.2220, -12.7104
Hunter-Lab	91.4075, -11.9294, 3.6680

# Details

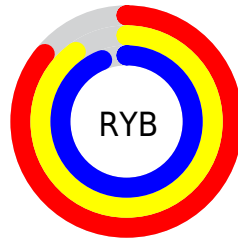
The Yxy color **83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **74.4244, 0.3265, 0.3269**, and the grayscale version is **81.8690, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **45.5509, 0.2978, 0.3317** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.9620, 0.2870, 0.3337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.6901, 0.3145, 0.3287**.

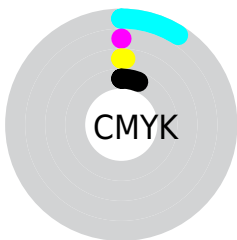
# Distribution



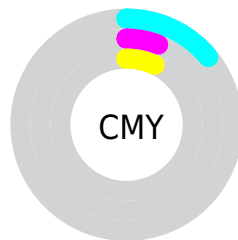
- Red (86%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 83.5533, 0.3004,  
0.3311

 83.5533, 0.3004,  
0.3311

506.8287, 0.3060,  
0.3302

 62.6467, 0.2992,  
0.3313


138.3501, 0.3023,  
0.3308

 45.5555, 0.2977,  
0.3315


173.0092, 0.3030,  
0.3307

 31.8952, 0.2958,  
0.3318


213.0211, 0.3037,  
0.3306

 21.2814, 0.2933,  
0.3322

258.7704, 0.3043,  
0.3305

 13.3299, 0.2901,  
0.3327

310.6414, 0.3048,  
0.3304

 7.6561, 0.2856,  
0.3334

369.0185, 0.3052,

 3.8757, 0.2787,

0.3303

434.2861, 0.3056,  
0.3302

0.3344

1.6043, 0.2674,  
0.3359

0.3605, 0.1633,  
0.3550

83.5533, 0.3004,  
0.3311

83.5533, 0.3004,  
0.3311

79.9620, 0.2870,  
0.3337

87.6901, 0.3145,  
0.3287

76.8828, 0.2745,  
0.3366


90.0313, 0.3210,  
0.3265

74.2947, 0.2633,  
0.3396


90.1729, 0.3196,  
0.3242

72.1712, 0.2537,  
0.3428


90.3164, 0.3181,  
0.3220

 70.4832, 0.2459,  
0.3460

 90.4616, 0.3167,  
0.3197


 69.1986, 0.2399,  
0.3494

 90.6087, 0.3152,  
0.3175

 68.2805, 0.2359,  
0.3528

 90.7576, 0.3138,  
0.3153

 67.6854, 0.2338,  
0.3561

 90.8024, 0.3134,  
0.3146

 67.3493, 0.2333,  
0.3594

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.5533, 0.3075, 0.3383



83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311



83.5533, 0.2966, 0.3235

# Triad

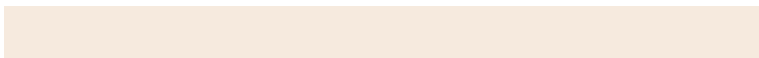
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311



83.5533, 0.3093, 0.3156



83.5533, 0.3286, 0.3404

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



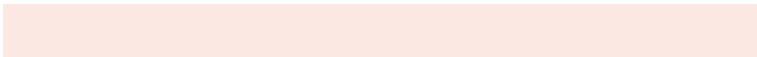
83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311



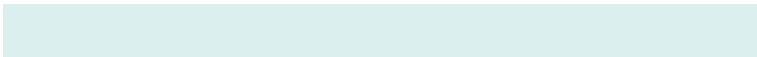
74.4244, 0.3265, 0.3269

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.5533, 0.3291, 0.3342



83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311



83.5533, 0.3179, 0.3200

# Square

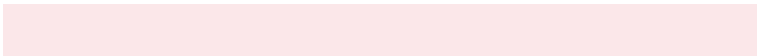
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311



83.5533, 0.3017, 0.3146



83.5533, 0.3252, 0.3268



83.5533, 0.3237, 0.3436

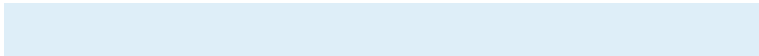


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



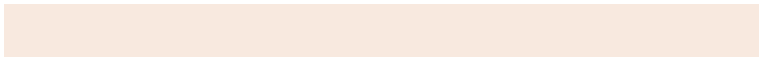
83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311



83.5533, 0.2965, 0.3192



83.5533, 0.3252, 0.3268



83.5533, 0.3293, 0.3386

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.5568, 0.3004, 0.3311



98.5300, 0.3084, 0.3297



82.8291, 0.3130, 0.3513



21.0075, 0.3073, 0.3299



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.5568, 0.3004, 0.3311



95.3217, 0.2986, 0.3314



78.8496, 0.2992, 0.3201



17.9009, 0.2994, 0.3313



36.8588, 0.2331, 0.3593



3.0739, 0.2319, 0.3549

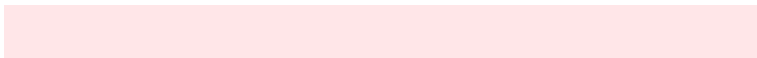


# Inverse Universe

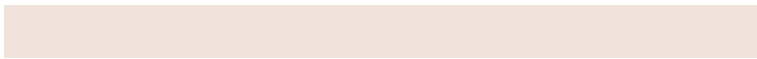
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.4244, 0.3265, 0.3269



83.4008, 0.3288, 0.3266



78.8070, 0.3270, 0.3377



15.7838, 0.3278, 0.3267



10.1842, 0.6289, 0.3238

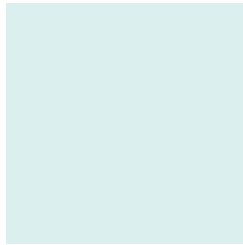


0.8556, 0.6046, 0.3105



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

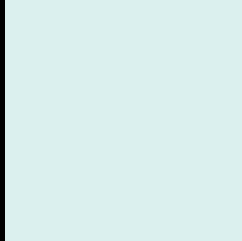
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

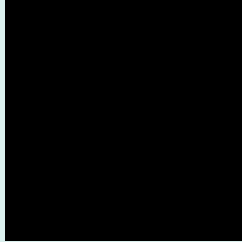
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

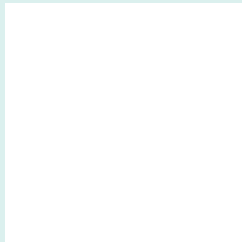
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311.

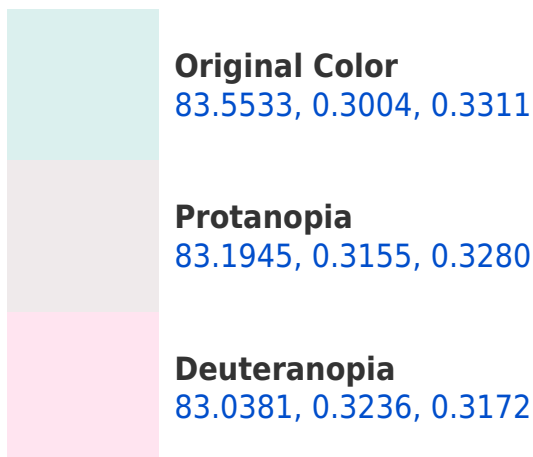


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

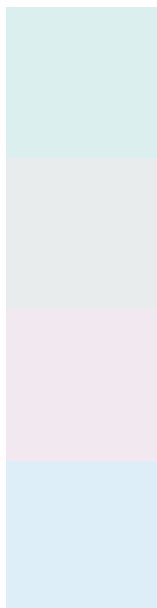




## Tritanopia

83.4763, 0.2930, 0.3105

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311

## Protanomaly

83.2028, 0.3101, 0.3290

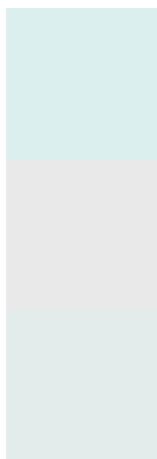
## Deuteranomaly

82.8225, 0.3151, 0.3219

## Tritanomaly

83.5182, 0.2959, 0.3176

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311

## Achromatopsia

81.4847, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

82.4830, 0.3080, 0.3300

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 240, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 240, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 240, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 240, 238) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 240, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 240, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 240, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 240, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 240, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 240,  
238) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 83.5533, 0.3004, 0.3311 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 240, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
240, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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