

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(83.7954, 0.2058, 0.2222)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(83.7954, 0.2058, 0.2222)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CF5FF
RGB	108, 245, 255
RGB Percent	42%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.5763, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.58, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 71%
HSV	184°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	56.8922, 75.7130, 106.2370
YIQ	205.1770, -84.8620, -25.9340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

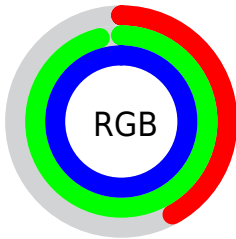
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">108, 179, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7140863</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">89.73, -34.33, -16.08</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">90, 37.913, 205.096</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285330943</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF6CF5FF</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">205.1770, 24.5627, -85.2242</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">87.0132, -35.5637, -11.4797</a>

# Details

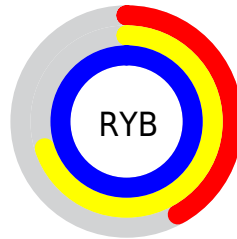
The Yxy color **75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **35.3114, 0.4845, 0.3392**, and the grayscale version is **61.0578, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **87.3979, 0.2657, 0.3289**, and **40.2258, 0.2221, 0.3132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2969, 0.2306, 0.3147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.6098, 0.2478, 0.3193**.

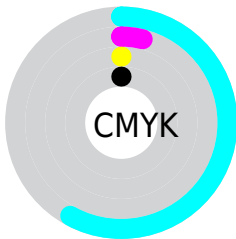
# Distribution



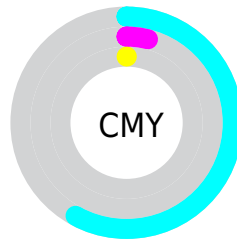
- Red (42%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 75.7130, 0.2382,  
0.3170


 75.7130, 0.2382,  
0.3170


480.3647, 0.2715,  
0.3235


 56.1972, 0.2309,  
0.3153


 127.3211, 0.2495,  
0.3194

 40.3611, 0.2221,  
0.3131


 160.1823, 0.2539,  
0.3203

 27.8202, 0.2112,  
0.3102


 198.2606, 0.2578,  
0.3211

 18.1901, 0.1975,  
0.3062

241.9406, 0.2612,  
0.3217

 11.0866, 0.1797,  
0.3003

291.6066, 0.2642,  
0.3223

 6.1251, 0.1558,  
0.2911

347.6430, 0.2669,

 2.9213, 0.1229,

0.3227

0.2755

410.4342, 0.2693,  
0.3231

■ 1.0908, 0.0433,  
0.2548

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 75.7130, 0.2382,  
0.3170

■ 75.7130, 0.2382,  
0.3170

■ 73.2969, 0.2306,  
0.3147

■ 78.6098, 0.2478,  
0.3193

■ 71.3144, 0.2249,  
0.3123

■ 82.0192, 0.2590,  
0.3216

■ 69.7174, 0.2211,  
0.3100

■ 85.9763, 0.2719,  
0.3237

■ 68.4408, 0.2190,  
0.3077

■ 90.5115, 0.2859,  
0.3258

68.1624, 0.2187,  
0.3072

95.6531, 0.3009,  
0.3277

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.7130, 0.2652, 0.3617



75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



75.7130, 0.2302, 0.2803

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



75.7130, 0.3145, 0.2714



75.7130, 0.3863, 0.3979

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



35.3114, 0.4845, 0.3392

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.7130, 0.4026, 0.3685



75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



75.7130, 0.3598, 0.2981

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



75.7130, 0.2717, 0.2576



75.7130, 0.3930, 0.3325



75.7130, 0.3504, 0.4106

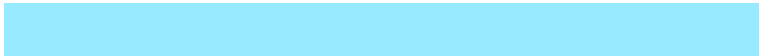


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



75.7130, 0.2358, 0.2648



75.7130, 0.3930, 0.3325



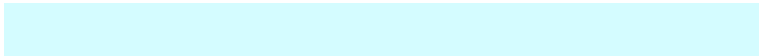
75.7130, 0.3944, 0.3894

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



75.7147, 0.2382, 0.3170



90.8171, 0.2868, 0.3259



76.0152, 0.3002, 0.5047



19.2317, 0.2839, 0.3255



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



75.7147, 0.2382, 0.3170



73.0005, 0.2297, 0.3144



39.8115, 0.2176, 0.2224



20.2572, 0.2980, 0.3273



35.7064, 0.2188, 0.3076



3.5377, 0.2195, 0.3102



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.5870, 0.3283, 0.2008



33.3318, 0.3316, 0.1835



59.7447, 0.4326, 0.4125



18.2778, 0.3149, 0.3072



14.3326, 0.3388, 0.1640

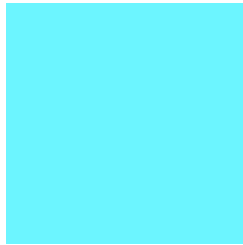


1.4017, 0.3366, 0.1628



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

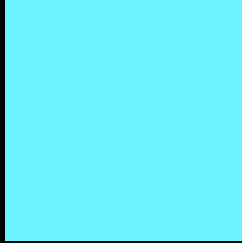
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170.

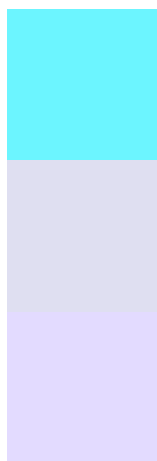


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170

### Protanopia

74.8142, 0.3012, 0.3100

### Deuteranopia

74.2139, 0.2952, 0.2919



## Tritanopia

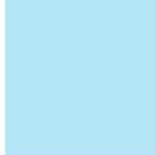
75.1560, 0.2518, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



## Protanomaly

73.6294, 0.2724, 0.3121



## Deuteranomaly

72.8972, 0.2690, 0.2992



## Tritanomaly

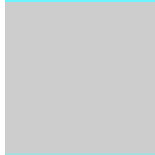
75.1171, 0.2463, 0.3126

# Monochromacy



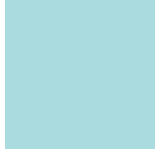
## Original Color

75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170



## Achromatopsia

61.0496, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

65.0602, 0.2775, 0.3253

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 245, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 245, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 245,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 75.7130, 0.2382, 0.3170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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