

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B9F8FE
RGB	185, 248, 254
RGB Percent	73%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.2741, 0.0275, 0.0039
CMYK	0.27, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	185°, 97%, 86%
HSV	185°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	71.4837, 84.6048, 106.3333
YIQ	229.8470, -39.4740, -11.4900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

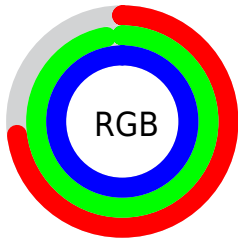
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	185, 218, 254
Decimal	12187902
CIE Lab	93.71, -18.20, -9.27
CIE LCh	94, 20.421, 206.987
Yxy	84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290377982 (0xFFB9F8FE)
YUV	229.8470, 11.9074, -39.3308
Hunter-Lab	91.9809, -22.2437, -4.1549

# Details

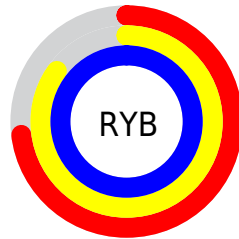
The Yxy color **84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **61.8985, 0.3702, 0.3355**, and the grayscale version is **78.9610, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.6172, 0.3047, 0.3290**, and **46.4763, 0.2641, 0.3219** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.3665, 0.2594, 0.3196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.4305, 0.2866, 0.3250**.

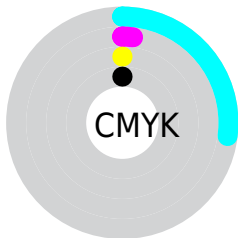
# Distribution



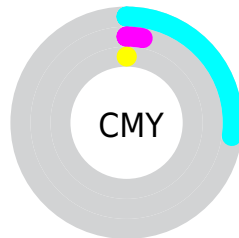
- Red (73%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 84.6048, 0.2724,  
0.3224

 84.6048, 0.2724,  
0.3224

510.3195, 0.2903,  
0.3257

 63.5149, 0.2685,  
0.3216


 139.8209, 0.2785,  
0.3236

 46.2579, 0.2637,  
0.3206


174.7159, 0.2809,  
0.3240

 32.4494, 0.2578,  
0.3193


214.9813, 0.2830,  
0.3244

 21.7050, 0.2503,  
0.3176

261.0016, 0.2848,  
0.3247

 13.6403, 0.2404,  
0.3152

313.1612, 0.2864,  
0.3250

 7.8709, 0.2269,  
0.3115

371.8444, 0.2879,

 4.0124, 0.2073,

0.3253

0.3056

437.4357, 0.2892,  
0.3255

■ 1.6805, 0.1769,  
0.2947

■ 0.4110, 0.0000,  
0.2718

■ 84.6048, 0.2724,  
0.3224

■ 84.6048, 0.2724,  
0.3224

■ 80.3665, 0.2594,  
0.3196

■ 89.4305, 0.2866,  
0.3250

■ 76.6753, 0.2478,  
0.3167

■ 94.8614, 0.3016,  
0.3274

■ 73.5018, 0.2379,  
0.3138

99.7103, 0.3133,  
0.3296

■ 70.8095, 0.2299,  
0.3107

99.9362, 0.3133,  
0.3299

■ 68.5569, 0.2239,  
0.3077

■ 66.6955, 0.2198,  
0.3047

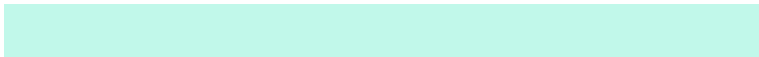
■ 65.1628, 0.2174,  
0.3017

■ 64.7560, 0.2169,  
0.3008

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.6048, 0.2868, 0.3445



84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



84.6048, 0.2684, 0.3033

# Triad

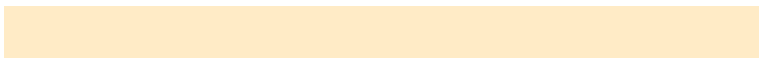
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



84.6048, 0.3157, 0.2985



84.6048, 0.3505, 0.3663

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



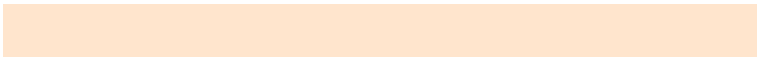
84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



61.8985, 0.3702, 0.3355

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.6048, 0.3591, 0.3523



84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



84.6048, 0.3386, 0.3138

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



84.6048, 0.2927, 0.2906



84.6048, 0.3547, 0.3332



84.6048, 0.3318, 0.3704

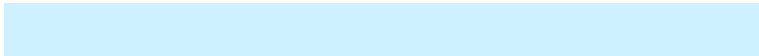


# Rectangle

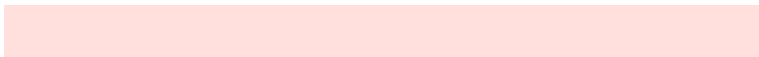
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



84.6048, 0.2720, 0.2947



84.6048, 0.3547, 0.3332



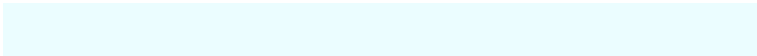
84.6048, 0.3547, 0.3625

# Sweetspot

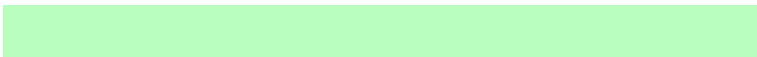
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.6082, 0.2724, 0.3224



95.2014, 0.3003, 0.3272



84.9708, 0.3059, 0.4008



20.1937, 0.2980, 0.3269



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.6082, 0.2724, 0.3224



82.7762, 0.2646, 0.3208



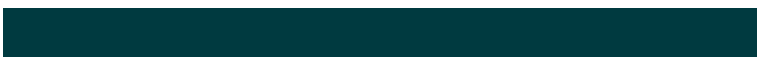
65.4837, 0.2686, 0.2840



20.1937, 0.2980, 0.3269



34.2492, 0.2170, 0.3013



3.4112, 0.2180, 0.3047



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.5913, 0.3204, 0.2667



57.0843, 0.3223, 0.2532



78.5917, 0.3610, 0.3701



18.2714, 0.3151, 0.3076



14.1854, 0.3443, 0.1670

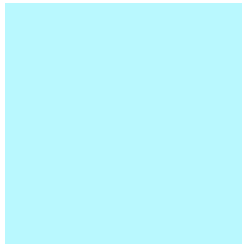


1.3889, 0.3413, 0.1654



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

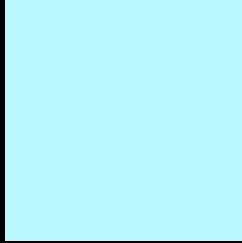
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

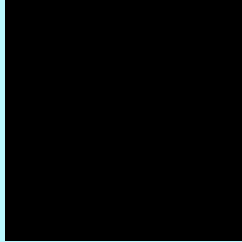
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224.

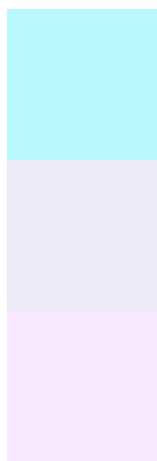


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224

### Protanopia

84.0750, 0.3073, 0.3179

### Deuteranopia

84.1460, 0.3085, 0.3054



## Tritanopia

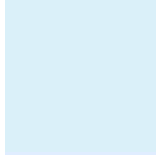
84.1342, 0.2842, 0.3153

# Trichromacy



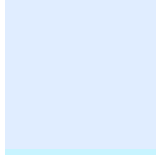
## Original Color

84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



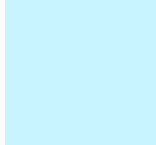
## Protanomaly

84.0652, 0.2934, 0.3196



## Deuteranomaly

83.6357, 0.2936, 0.3106



## Tritanomaly

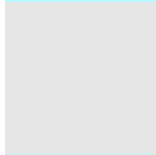
84.2007, 0.2797, 0.3173

# Monochromacy



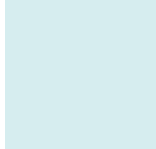
## Original Color

84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224



## Achromatopsia

79.1298, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

81.0965, 0.2966, 0.3268

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 248, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 248, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 248, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 248, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

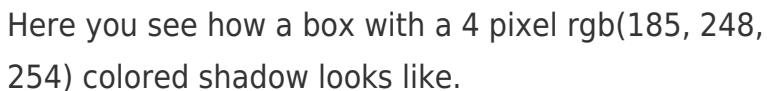
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 248, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 248, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 248, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 248, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 248, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 248,  
254) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 84.6048, 0.2724, 0.3224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 248, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
248, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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