

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(85.0707, 0.2680, 0.3914)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(85.0707, 0.2680, 0.3914)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7FFFD2
RGB	127, 255, 210
RGB Percent	50%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.5023, 0.0000, 0.1765
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	159°, 100%, 75%
HSV	159°, 50%, 100%
XYZ	56.1325, 80.6852, 73.5740
YIQ	211.5980, -61.8430, -41.1310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

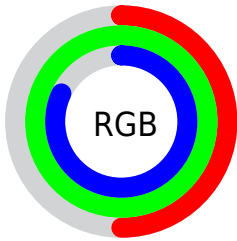
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">127, 205, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8388562</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.99, -45.98, 10.69</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 47.210, 166.914</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286578642</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF7FFFD2</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">211.5980, -0.7878, -74.1924</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.8249, -45.6472, 14.3141</a>

# Details

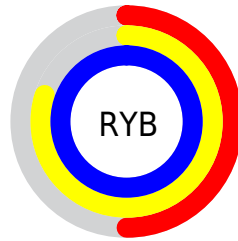
The Yxy color **80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **39.3906, 0.4039, 0.2828**, and the grayscale version is **65.5722, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **89.3048, 0.2736, 0.3289**, and **43.8785, 0.2559, 0.3967** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.5282, 0.2613, 0.3967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.3462, 0.2739, 0.3709**.

# Distribution



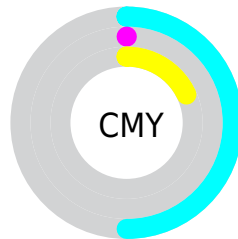
- Red (50%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80.6852, 0.2668,  
0.3835


 80.6852, 0.2668,  
0.3835


497.2390, 0.2880,  
0.3578


 60.2824, 0.2620,  
0.3895


 134.3287, 0.2742,  
0.3745

 43.6463, 0.2560,  
0.3969


 168.3381, 0.2770,  
0.3710

 30.3925, 0.2485,  
0.4064


 207.6518, 0.2795,  
0.3680

 20.1367, 0.2386,  
0.4190

252.6542, 0.2816,  
0.3655

 12.4945, 0.2253,  
0.4363

303.7298, 0.2835,  
0.3632

 7.0814, 0.2064,  
0.4617

361.2628, 0.2852,

 3.5130, 0.1775,

0.3612

425.6378, 0.2867,  
0.3594

0.5021

1.4051, 0.0621,  
0.6266

0.2205, 0.0000,  
1.0000

80.6852, 0.2668,  
0.3835

80.6852, 0.2668,  
0.3835

78.5282, 0.2613,  
0.3967

83.3462, 0.2739,  
0.3709

76.8610, 0.2576,  
0.4103

86.5702, 0.2824,  
0.3590

75.6313, 0.2560,  
0.4241

90.3805, 0.2918,  
0.3481

74.7866, 0.2565,  
0.4378

94.8062, 0.3020,  
0.3382

 74.2504, 0.2586,  
0.4508

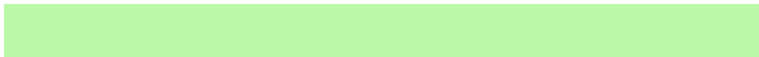
99.8744, 0.3125,  
0.3292

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.6852, 0.3184, 0.4220



80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



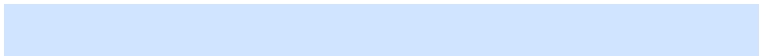
80.6852, 0.2296, 0.3281

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



80.6852, 0.2514, 0.2424



80.6852, 0.4224, 0.3635

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



39.3906, 0.4039, 0.2828

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6852, 0.4022, 0.3205



80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



80.6852, 0.2992, 0.2541

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



80.6852, 0.2218, 0.2501



80.6852, 0.3554, 0.2818

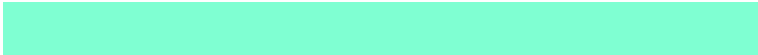


80.6852, 0.4099, 0.4028



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



80.6852, 0.2167, 0.2938



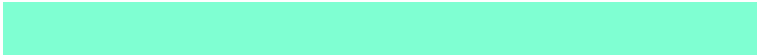
80.6852, 0.3554, 0.2818



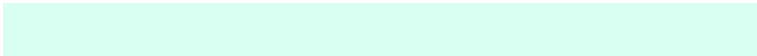
80.6852, 0.4193, 0.3491

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6771, 0.2668, 0.3835



92.6176, 0.2971, 0.3428



82.0342, 0.3316, 0.4772



19.6267, 0.2949, 0.3449



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

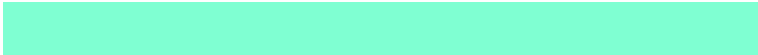


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6771, 0.2668, 0.3835



78.5725, 0.2614, 0.3964



72.8280, 0.2432, 0.3088



20.3667, 0.3027, 0.3375



38.8268, 0.2580, 0.4486



3.8012, 0.2537, 0.4333



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.3906, 0.4039, 0.2828



33.1554, 0.4326, 0.2760



42.7323, 0.4469, 0.3470



18.0925, 0.3239, 0.3207



11.5167, 0.5578, 0.2846

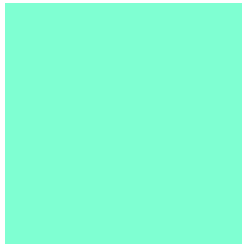


1.1411, 0.5263, 0.2673



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

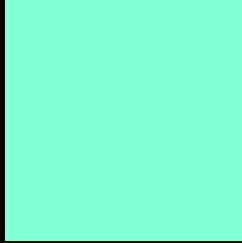
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

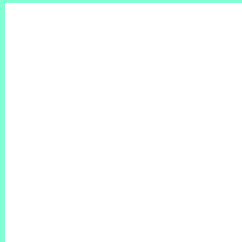
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835.

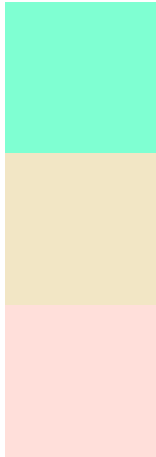


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835

### Protanopia

79.5021, 0.3429, 0.3635

### Deuteranopia

79.0973, 0.3391, 0.3341



## Tritanopia

79.8339, 0.2684, 0.3136

# Trichromacy



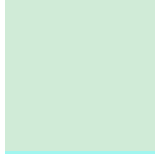
## Original Color

80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



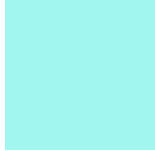
## Protanomaly

78.2766, 0.3095, 0.3707



## Deuteranomaly

77.7329, 0.3070, 0.3510



## Tritanomaly

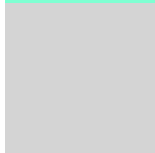
79.7206, 0.2672, 0.3368

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835



## Achromatopsia

65.8375, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

70.0137, 0.2919, 0.3490

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 255, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 255, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 255, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 255, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 255, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 255, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 255, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 255, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 255, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 255,  
210) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 80.6852, 0.2668, 0.3835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 255, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
255, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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