

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(85.1720, 0.3229, 0.3203)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(85.1720, 0.3229, 0.3203)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE8F1
RGB	255, 232, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0903, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	336°, 100%, 95%
HSV	336°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	85.9903, 85.3241, 95.1569
YIQ	239.9030, 10.8190, 7.6750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

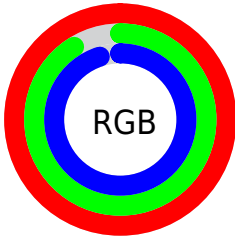
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 232, 241
Decimal	16771313
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.02, 9.35, -1.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 9.474, 350.758
Yxy	85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961393 (0xFFFFE8F1)
YUV	239.9030, 0.5408, 13.2401
Hunter-Lab	92.3710, 4.5203, 3.5816

# Details

The Yxy color **85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **95.3262, 0.3037, 0.3380**, and the grayscale version is **87.0395, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **46.5592, 0.3247, 0.3178** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.1001, 0.3360, 0.3099**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

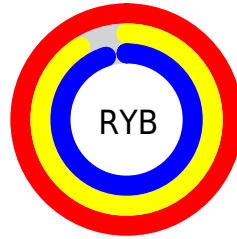
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

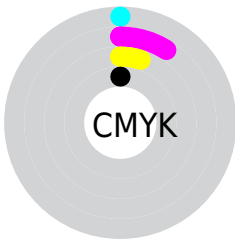
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (95%)

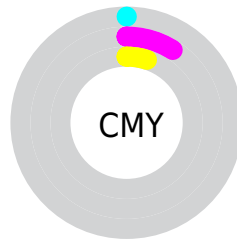


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)


Yellow (5%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.3241, 0.3227,  
0.3202

 85.3241, 0.3227,  
0.3202


512.6999, 0.3182,  
0.3241

 64.1092, 0.3237,  
0.3193


140.8259, 0.3212,  
0.3215

 46.7391, 0.3249,  
0.3183


175.8816, 0.3206,  
0.3221

 32.8295, 0.3264,  
0.3169


216.3197, 0.3200,  
0.3225

 21.9958, 0.3284,  
0.3152

262.5246, 0.3196,  
0.3229

 13.8538, 0.3309,  
0.3130

314.8807, 0.3192,  
0.3233

 8.0191, 0.3345,  
0.3099

373.7723, 0.3188,

 4.1072, 0.3399,

0.3236

0.3052

439.5839, 0.3185,  
0.3239

■ 1.7337, 0.3488,  
0.2977

■ 0.4453, 0.3860,  
0.2638

■ 85.3241, 0.3227,  
0.3202

■ 85.3241, 0.3227,  
0.3202

■ 71.1001, 0.3360,  
0.3099

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 58.9543, 0.3522,  
0.2992

■ 48.7811, 0.3717,  
0.2886

■ 40.4747, 0.3949,  
0.2787

■ 33.9194, 0.4217,  
0.2704

■ 28.9863, 0.4515,  
0.2651

■ 25.5287, 0.4832,  
0.2640

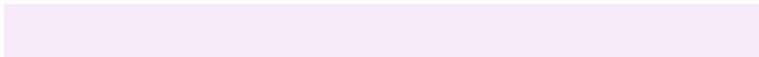
■ 23.3725, 0.5145,  
0.2681

■ 22.2618, 0.5433,  
0.2772

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.3241, 0.3119, 0.3134



85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



85.3241, 0.3309, 0.3293

# Triad

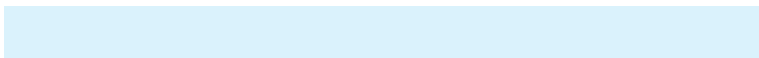
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



85.3241, 0.3238, 0.3480



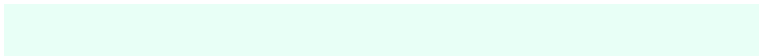
85.3241, 0.2918, 0.3190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



95.3262, 0.3037, 0.3380

# Split Complementary

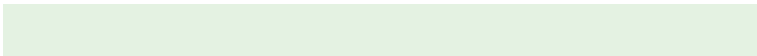
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.3241, 0.2949, 0.3283



85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



85.3241, 0.3132, 0.3453

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



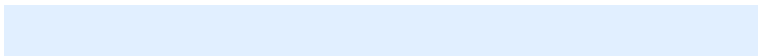
85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



85.3241, 0.3315, 0.3454



85.3241, 0.3027, 0.3380



85.3241, 0.2942, 0.3126

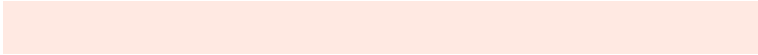


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



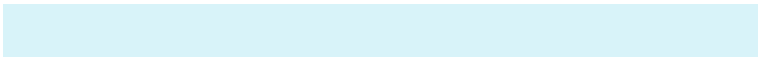
85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



85.3241, 0.3336, 0.3356



85.3241, 0.3027, 0.3380



85.3241, 0.2923, 0.3219

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.3162, 0.3227, 0.3202



94.9197, 0.3158, 0.3261



84.4808, 0.3076, 0.3064



20.0333, 0.3167, 0.3254



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

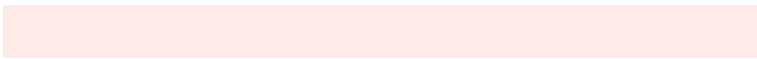
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.3162, 0.3227, 0.3202



82.3403, 0.3251, 0.3182



86.0947, 0.3283, 0.3313



18.1049, 0.3232, 0.3197



11.6159, 0.5418, 0.2758



1.1517, 0.5113, 0.2590



# Inverse Universe

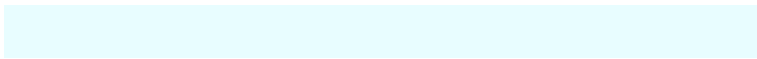
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.3162, 0.3227, 0.3202



82.3403, 0.3251, 0.3182



94.4338, 0.2987, 0.3267



18.1049, 0.3232, 0.3197



11.6159, 0.5418, 0.2758

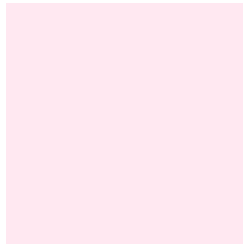


1.1517, 0.5113, 0.2590



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

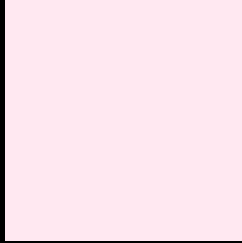
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

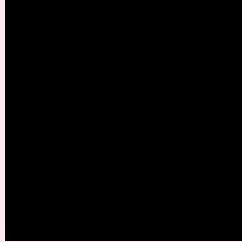
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202.

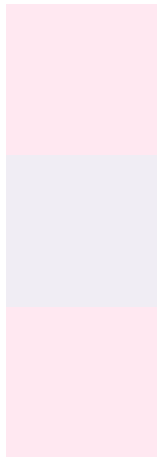


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202

### Protanopia

85.6253, 0.3104, 0.3220

### Deuteranopia

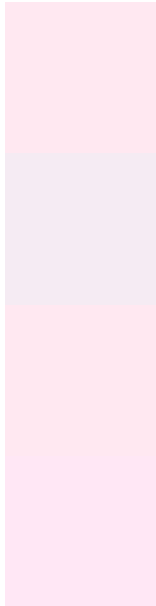
85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202



## Tritanopia

85.1891, 0.3182, 0.3125

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202

## Protanomaly

85.3002, 0.3144, 0.3210

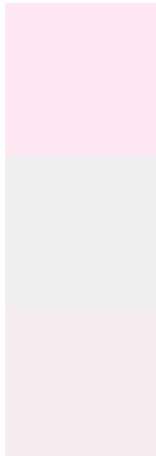
## Deuteranomaly

85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202

## Tritanomaly

85.0044, 0.3202, 0.3154

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202

## Achromatopsia

87.1367, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

86.2721, 0.3162, 0.3260

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 232, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 232, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 232, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 232, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 232, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 232, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 232, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 232,  
241) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 85.3241, 0.3227, 0.3202 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 232, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
232, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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