

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(85.2715, 0.3817, 0.4429)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(85.2715, 0.3817, 0.4429)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4F482
RGB	244, 244, 130
RGB Percent	96%, 96%, 51%
CMY	0.0433, 0.0431, 0.4901
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.47, 0.04
HSL	60°, 84%, 73%
HSV	60°, 47%, 96%
XYZ	73.6782, 85.5462, 33.7515
YIQ	231.0040, 36.5940, -35.4540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

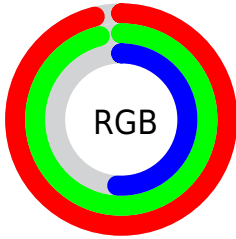
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	130, 244, 130
Decimal	16053378
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.12, -15.34, 54.50
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 56.621, 105.718
Yxy	85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294243458 (0xFFFF4F482)
YUV	231.0040, -49.7950, 11.3975
Hunter-Lab	92.4912, -19.6671, 43.1080

# Details

The Yxy color **85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **27.2532, 0.2237, 0.1818**, and the grayscale version is **80.2707, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.2828, 0.3544, 0.3979**, and **46.9414, 0.3937, 0.4670** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.9683, 0.3940, 0.4635**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.2873, 0.3680, 0.4204**.

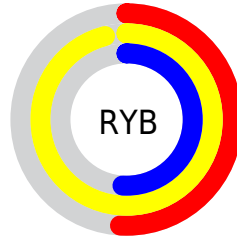
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (96%)

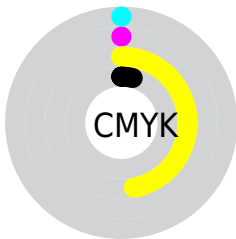
Blue (51%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (51%)

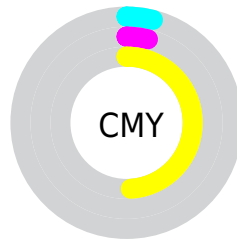


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (4%)

Magenta (4%)


Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.5462, 0.3818,  
0.4433

 85.5462, 0.3818,  
0.4433

513.4337, 0.3531,  
0.3920


 64.2928, 0.3873,  
0.4542


 141.1360, 0.3726,  
0.4261

 46.8879, 0.3935,  
0.4672


 176.2413, 0.3688,  
0.4192

 32.9470, 0.4005,  
0.4829


 216.7326, 0.3655,  
0.4132

 22.0859, 0.4079,  
0.5017

262.9943, 0.3624,  
0.4079

 13.9200, 0.4149,  
0.5242

315.4109, 0.3597,  
0.4033

 8.0650, 0.4235,  
0.5557

374.3667, 0.3573,

 4.1366, 0.4184,

0.3991

0.5816

440.2462, 0.3551,  
0.3954

■ 1.7503, 0.3946,  
0.6054

■ 0.4559, 0.1143,  
0.8857

■ 85.5462, 0.3818,  
0.4433

■ 85.5462, 0.3818,  
0.4433

■ 84.9683, 0.3940,  
0.4635

■ 86.2873, 0.3680,  
0.4204

■ 84.5307, 0.4040,  
0.4801


■ 87.1899, 0.3531,  
0.3959


■ 84.2247, 0.4115,  
0.4926


■ 88.2671, 0.3379,  
0.3706


■ 84.0355, 0.4164,  
0.5006


■ 89.5276, 0.3227,  
0.3455

 83.9442, 0.4188,  
0.5045

 90.9791, 0.3080,  
0.3211

 83.9259, 0.4192,  
0.5053

 91.1717, 0.3062,  
0.3182

 91.1740, 0.3062,  
0.3182

 91.1763, 0.3062,  
0.3182

 91.1786, 0.3062,  
0.3182

# Harmonies

## Analogous

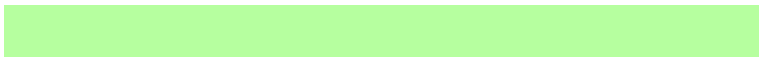
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.5462, 0.4270, 0.4118



85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



85.5462, 0.3207, 0.4410

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



85.5462, 0.1991, 0.2719



85.5462, 0.3599, 0.2727

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



27.2532, 0.2237, 0.1818

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.5462, 0.2939, 0.2418



85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



85.5462, 0.2069, 0.2380

# Square

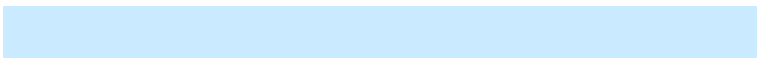
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



85.5462, 0.2173, 0.3296



85.5462, 0.2394, 0.2290



85.5462, 0.4164, 0.3162



# Rectangle

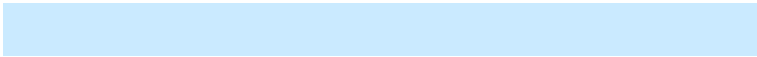
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



85.5462, 0.2794, 0.4152



85.5462, 0.2394, 0.2290



85.5462, 0.3377, 0.2607

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.5501, 0.3818, 0.4433



97.9068, 0.3338, 0.3638



36.8172, 0.4413, 0.3294



20.8948, 0.3371, 0.3693



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

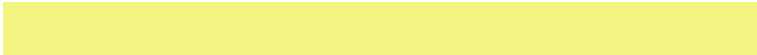


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

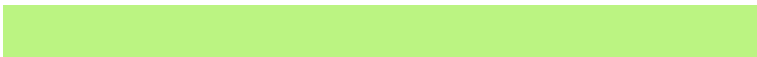
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.5501, 0.3818, 0.4433



93.9402, 0.3933, 0.4624



76.8912, 0.3411, 0.4611



19.3131, 0.3268, 0.3524



45.6268, 0.4192, 0.5053



4.0103, 0.4192, 0.5053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27.2532, 0.2237, 0.1818



22.3153, 0.2036, 0.1486



33.0684, 0.2675, 0.1974



15.9272, 0.2979, 0.3045



3.5522, 0.1500, 0.0600

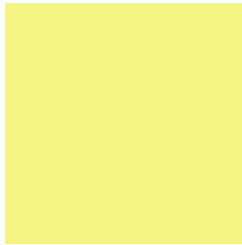


0.3123, 0.1501, 0.0600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

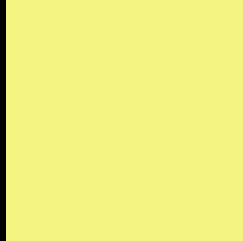
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

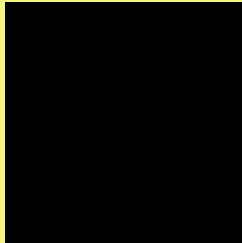
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433.

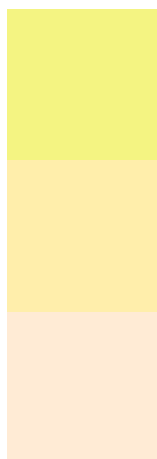


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433

### Protanopia

85.3493, 0.3676, 0.3963

### Deuteranopia

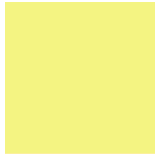
85.4808, 0.3407, 0.3510



## Tritanopia

85.1891, 0.3182, 0.3125

# Trichromacy



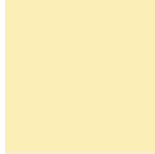
## Original Color

85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



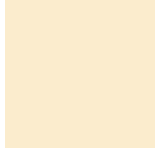
## Protanomaly

85.2297, 0.3735, 0.4137



## Deuteranomaly

85.0772, 0.3570, 0.3849



## Tritanomaly

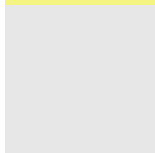
84.9079, 0.3430, 0.3604

# Monochromacy



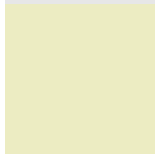
## Original Color

85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433



## Achromatopsia

79.9103, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

81.7188, 0.3395, 0.3732

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 244, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 244, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 244, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 244, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 244, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 244, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 244, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 244, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 244, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 244,  
130) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 85.5462, 0.3818, 0.4433 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 244, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
244, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor