

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(85.3759, 0.3301, 0.3328)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(85.3759, 0.3301, 0.3328)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE9E5
RGB	255, 233, 229
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 90%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0863, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	9°, 100%, 95%
HSV	9°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.5298, 85.1950, 86.1160
YIQ	239.1220, 14.3960, 3.4200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 234, 229
Decimal	16771557
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	93.97, 6.84, 4.64
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 8.263, 34.172
Yxy	85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294961637 (0xFFFE9E5)
YUV	239.1220, -4.9901, 13.9250
Hunter-Lab	92.3011, 1.9441, 9.2938

# Details

The Yxy color **85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **92.8741, 0.2969, 0.3250**, and the grayscale version is **86.4449, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, 0.3127, 0.3290**, and **46.5060, 0.3339, 0.3329** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.3913, 0.3516, 0.3372**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99.6977, 0.3130, 0.3291**.

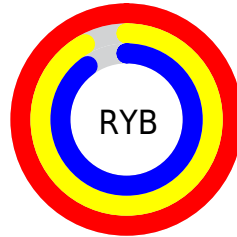
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

Blue (90%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (90%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)


Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 85.1950, 0.3304,  
0.3330

 85.1950, 0.3304,  
0.3330


512.2731, 0.3224,  
0.3313

 64.0025, 0.3322,  
0.3334

140.6456, 0.3277,  
0.3324

 46.6527, 0.3344,  
0.3338


175.6725, 0.3266,  
0.3322

 32.7612, 0.3371,  
0.3344


216.0796, 0.3257,  
0.3320

 21.9436, 0.3406,  
0.3351

262.2514, 0.3248,  
0.3318

 13.8154, 0.3453,  
0.3360

314.5723, 0.3241,  
0.3316

 7.9924, 0.3519,  
0.3371

373.4266, 0.3235,

 4.0901, 0.3619,

0.3315

0.3388

439.1987, 0.3229,  
0.3314

■ 1.7241, 0.3786,  
0.3412

■ 0.4392, 0.4964,  
0.3731

■ 85.1950, 0.3304,  
0.3330

■ 85.1950, 0.3304,  
0.3330

■ 72.3913, 0.3516,  
0.3372

99.6977, 0.3130,  
0.3291

■ 61.2303, 0.3774,  
0.3416

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

■ 51.6434, 0.4085,  
0.3459

■ 43.5592, 0.4451,  
0.3497

■ 36.9010, 0.4865,  
0.3523

■ 31.5853, 0.5303,  
0.3530

■ 27.5196, 0.5721,  
0.3511

■ 24.5994, 0.6059,  
0.3462

■ 22.7242, 0.6277,  
0.3398

# Harmonies

## Analogous

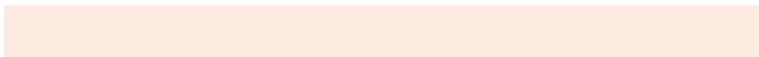
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.1950, 0.3250, 0.3247



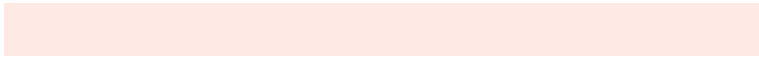
85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330



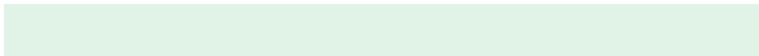
85.1950, 0.3309, 0.3404

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330



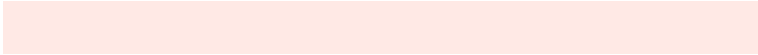
85.1950, 0.3089, 0.3408



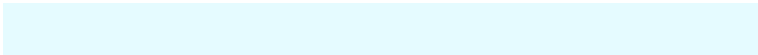
85.1950, 0.2990, 0.3134

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



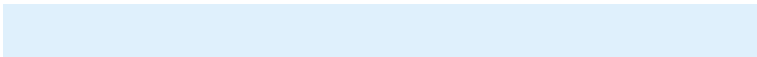
85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330



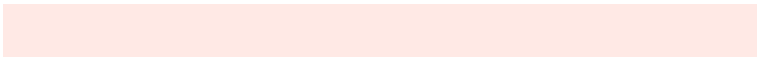
92.8741, 0.2969, 0.3250

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.1950, 0.2948, 0.3174



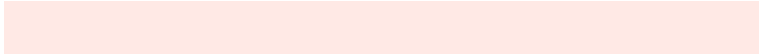
85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330



85.1950, 0.3005, 0.3332

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330



85.1950, 0.3184, 0.3451



85.1950, 0.2954, 0.3246

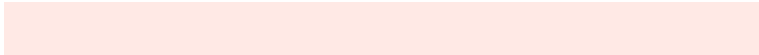


85.1950, 0.3068, 0.3135



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



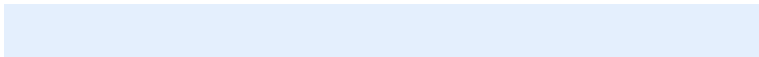
85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330



85.1950, 0.3285, 0.3438



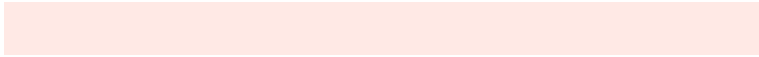
85.1950, 0.2954, 0.3246



85.1950, 0.2971, 0.3143

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.1928, 0.3304, 0.3330



95.4557, 0.3175, 0.3301



84.2695, 0.3164, 0.3075



20.1772, 0.3189, 0.3305



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

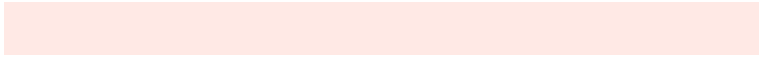


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

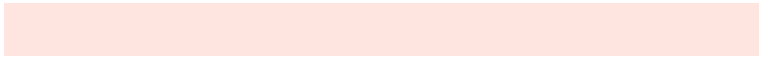


# Same Dimension

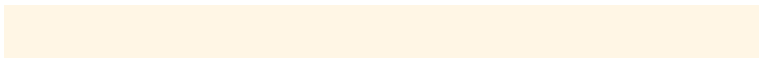
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.1928, 0.3304, 0.3330



82.7598, 0.3339, 0.3337



92.7676, 0.3289, 0.3456



18.4377, 0.3291, 0.3327



12.0073, 0.6256, 0.3415

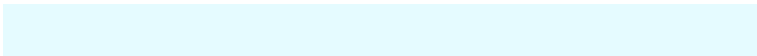


1.2944, 0.6069, 0.3563



# Inverse Universe

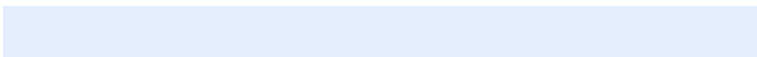
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92.8741, 0.2969, 0.3250



91.6866, 0.2942, 0.3242



85.0849, 0.2968, 0.3119



19.9776, 0.2980, 0.3253



29.5604, 0.2109, 0.2793

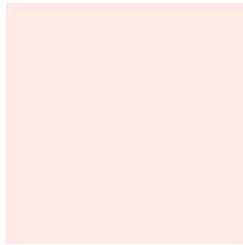


3.0010, 0.2127, 0.2855



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

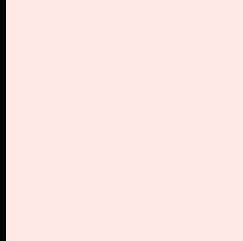
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

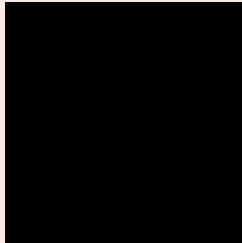
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

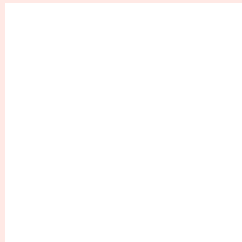
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330.

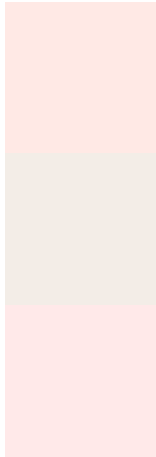


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330

### Protanopia

85.3926, 0.3205, 0.3351

### Deuteranopia

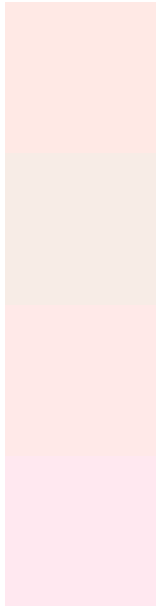
85.4210, 0.3278, 0.3290



## Tritanopia

85.1272, 0.3189, 0.3134

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330

## Protanomaly

85.4782, 0.3239, 0.3350

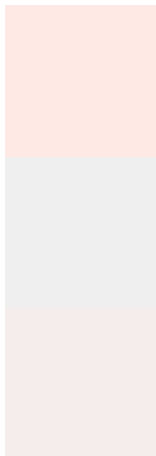
## Deuteranomaly

85.3640, 0.3284, 0.3300

## Tritanomaly

85.2645, 0.3233, 0.3212

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330

## Achromatopsia

86.3157, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

85.9790, 0.3193, 0.3310

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 233, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 233, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 233, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 233, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 233, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 233, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 233, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 233, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 233,  
229) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 85.1950, 0.3304, 0.3330 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 233, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
233, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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