

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(85.8406, 0.3462, 0.3954)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(85.8406, 0.3462, 0.3954)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECF4B5
RGB	236, 244, 181
RGB Percent	93%, 96%, 71%
CMY	0.0743, 0.0432, 0.2901
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.26, 0.04
HSL	68°, 74%, 83%
HSV	68°, 26%, 96%
XYZ	75.2997, 85.8704, 56.3334
YIQ	234.4260, 15.4550, -21.2890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

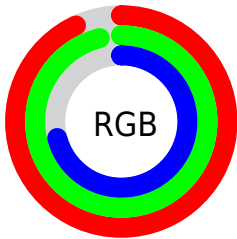
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	181, 244, 189
Decimal	15529141
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.26, -12.59, 29.54
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 32.112, 113.088
Yxy	85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293719221 (0xFFE <sub>CF</sub> 4B5)
YUV	234.4260, -26.3390, 1.3804
Hunter-Lab	92.6663, -17.1186, 28.8230

# Details

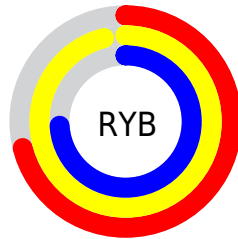
The Yxy color **85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **50.4007, 0.2737, 0.2562**, and the grayscale version is **82.8237, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.8944, 0.3232, 0.3464**, and **47.2283, 0.3529, 0.4095** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.4371, 0.3588, 0.4208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.4958, 0.3332, 0.3687**.

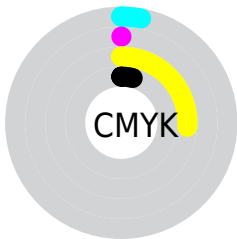
# Distribution



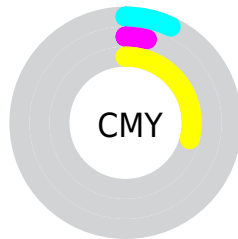
- Red (93%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.8704, 0.3462,  
0.3948

 85.8704, 0.3462,  
0.3948


514.5038, 0.3317,  
0.3647

 64.5608, 0.3493,  
0.4016


 141.5886, 0.3414,  
0.3844

 47.1050, 0.3529,  
0.4098


176.7660, 0.3394,  
0.3804

 33.1187, 0.3573,  
0.4201


217.3349, 0.3377,  
0.3769

 22.2174, 0.3626,  
0.4334

263.6795, 0.3362,  
0.3738

 14.0167, 0.3692,  
0.4509

316.1843, 0.3349,  
0.3711

 8.1323, 0.3771,  
0.4749

375.2337, 0.3337,

 4.1797, 0.3861,

0.3687

0.5093

441.2120, 0.3326,  
0.3666

■ 1.7746, 0.4121,  
0.5879

■ 0.4713, 0.2297,  
0.7703

■ 85.8704, 0.3462,  
0.3948

■ 85.8704, 0.3462,  
0.3948

■ 84.4371, 0.3588,  
0.4208

■ 87.4958, 0.3332,  
0.3687

■ 83.1752, 0.3704,  
0.4457


■ 89.3103, 0.3201,  
0.3433


■ 82.0786, 0.3805,  
0.4684


■ 91.3258, 0.3075,  
0.3190

■ 81.1361, 0.3885,  
0.4880


■ 91.9339, 0.3090,  
0.3183


 80.3352, 0.3941,  
0.5036


 92.5011, 0.3109,  
0.3184

 79.6614, 0.3969,  
0.5146

 93.0775, 0.3129,  
0.3185

 79.0965, 0.3973,  
0.5211

 93.1739, 0.3132,  
0.3185

 78.8803, 0.3969,  
0.5230

# Harmonies

## Analogous

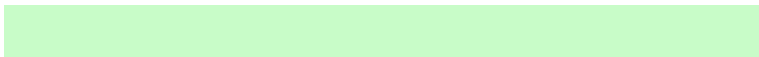
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.8704, 0.3743, 0.3844



85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948



85.8704, 0.3101, 0.3854

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948



85.8704, 0.2446, 0.2914



85.8704, 0.3487, 0.3020

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948



50.4007, 0.2737, 0.2562

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.8704, 0.3119, 0.2803



85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948



85.8704, 0.2533, 0.2731

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



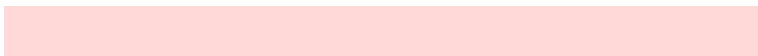
85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948



85.8704, 0.2526, 0.3222



85.8704, 0.2773, 0.2697



85.8704, 0.3765, 0.3305

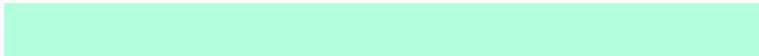


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948



85.8704, 0.2866, 0.3685



85.8704, 0.2773, 0.2697



85.8704, 0.3369, 0.2937

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.8742, 0.3462, 0.3948



98.2712, 0.3230, 0.3488



58.6925, 0.3659, 0.3371



20.9679, 0.3250, 0.3526



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

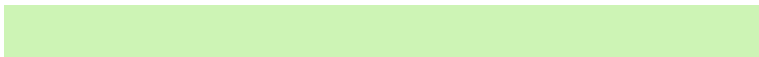
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.8742, 0.3462, 0.3948



94.0736, 0.3529, 0.4086



81.0329, 0.3249, 0.3995



19.2015, 0.3249, 0.3525



42.9374, 0.3973, 0.5227



3.8028, 0.4002, 0.5204



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50.4007, 0.2737, 0.2562



48.6780, 0.2642, 0.2390



54.7806, 0.2968, 0.2609



16.0267, 0.2999, 0.3047



3.7389, 0.1547, 0.0626

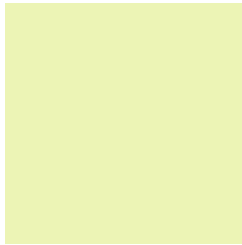


0.3598, 0.1633, 0.0673



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

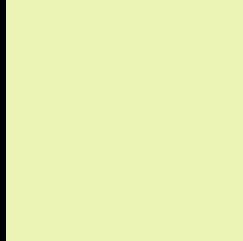
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

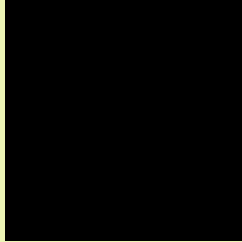
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

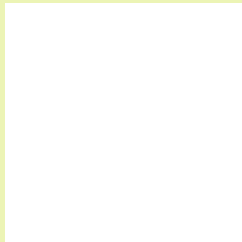
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948.

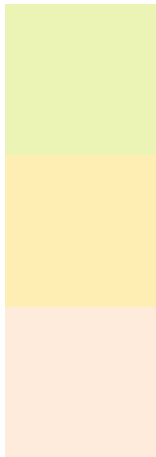


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948

### Protanopia

85.7044, 0.3618, 0.3873

### Deuteranopia

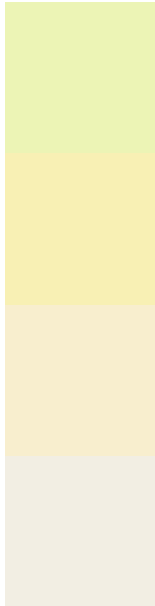
85.8440, 0.3360, 0.3440



## Tritanopia

86.1013, 0.3089, 0.3113

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948

## Protanomaly

85.5719, 0.3562, 0.3903

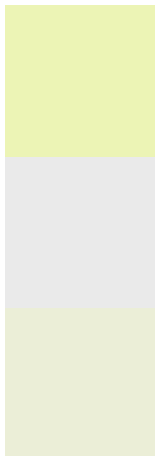
## Deuteranomaly

85.5618, 0.3398, 0.3615

## Tritanomaly

85.5724, 0.3222, 0.3402

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948

## Achromatopsia

82.2786, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

83.7175, 0.3250, 0.3529

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 244, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 244, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 244, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 244, 181) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 244, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 244, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 244, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 244, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 244, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 244,  
181) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 85.8704, 0.3462, 0.3948 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 244, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
244, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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