

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(86.0226, 0.3053, 0.3975)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(86.0226, 0.3053, 0.3975)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBFFC2
RGB	187, 255, 194
RGB Percent	73%, 100%, 76%
CMY	0.2668, 0.0000, 0.2391
CMYK	0.27, 0.00, 0.24, 0.00
HSL	126°, 100%, 87%
HSV	126°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	65.9870, 85.9798, 64.1714
YIQ	227.7140, -20.9470, -33.3870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

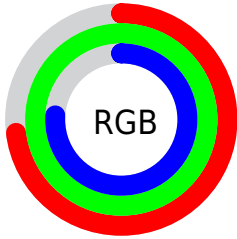
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">187, 249, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12320706</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">94.30, -32.71, 22.50</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">94, 39.701, 145.485</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290510786 (0xFFBBFFC2)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">227.7140, -16.6210, -35.7062</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">92.7253, -35.2416, 23.8755</a>

# Details

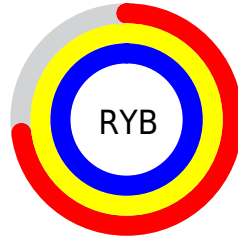
The Yxy color **85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **63.5600, 0.3211, 0.2687**, and the grayscale version is **77.4922, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.7181, 0.3082, 0.3329**, and **47.1872, 0.3028, 0.4149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.0925, 0.3026, 0.4289**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.5900, 0.3081, 0.3694**.

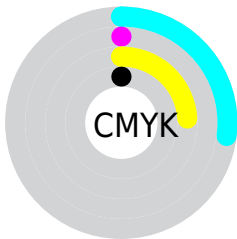
# Distribution



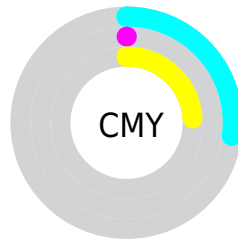
- Red (73%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 85.9798, 0.3053,  
0.3978

 85.9798, 0.3053,  
0.3978

514.8646, 0.3094,  
0.3655

 64.6513, 0.3042,  
0.4053


 141.7413, 0.3068,  
0.3865

 47.1784, 0.3028,  
0.4146

176.9431, 0.3074,  
0.3821

 33.1767, 0.3009,  
0.4264


217.5380, 0.3079,  
0.3784

 22.2618, 0.2982,  
0.4419

263.9106, 0.3083,  
0.3751

 14.0494, 0.2941,  
0.4632

316.4451, 0.3086,  
0.3723

 8.1550, 0.2875,  
0.4940

375.5260, 0.3089,

 4.1943, 0.2755,

0.3697

0.5420

441.5377, 0.3091,  
0.3675

1.7828, 0.2675,  
0.6751

0.4764, 0.0000,  
1.0000

85.9798, 0.3053,  
0.3978

85.9798, 0.3053,  
0.3978

82.0925, 0.3026,  
0.4289

90.5900, 0.3081,  
0.3694

78.8997, 0.3001,  
0.4618

95.9668, 0.3109,  
0.3442

76.3576, 0.2982,  
0.4951

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

74.4212, 0.2969,  
0.5269

■ 73.0398, 0.2965,  
0.5548

■ 72.1540, 0.2969,  
0.5766

■ 71.6904, 0.2981,  
0.5910

■ 71.5967, 0.2984,  
0.5943

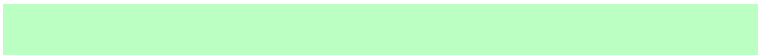
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.9798, 0.3500, 0.4109



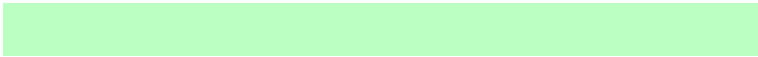
85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



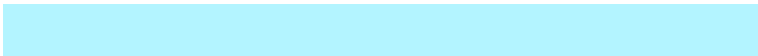
85.9798, 0.2645, 0.3612

# Triad

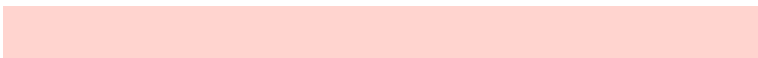
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



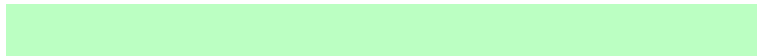
85.9798, 0.2419, 0.2596



85.9798, 0.3936, 0.3330

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



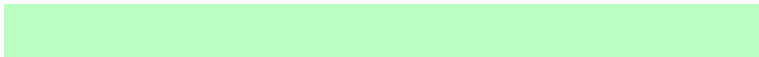
63.5600, 0.3211, 0.2687

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.9798, 0.3605, 0.2984



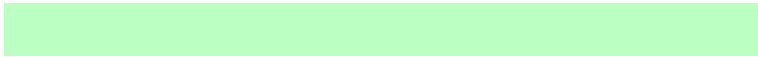
85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



85.9798, 0.2720, 0.2574

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



85.9798, 0.2299, 0.2797



85.9798, 0.3151, 0.2715

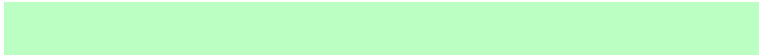


85.9798, 0.4029, 0.3690



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



85.9798, 0.2447, 0.3311



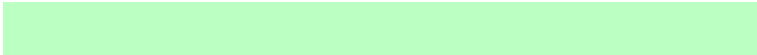
85.9798, 0.3151, 0.2715



85.9798, 0.3848, 0.3210

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.9768, 0.3053, 0.3978



95.2121, 0.3105, 0.3473



95.0988, 0.3486, 0.3970



20.1988, 0.3101, 0.3510



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

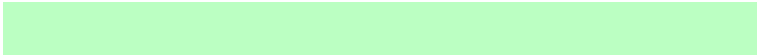


21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

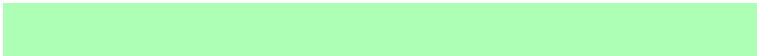


# Same Dimension

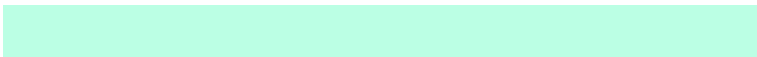
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.9768, 0.3053, 0.3978



83.8219, 0.3038, 0.4140



87.6702, 0.2874, 0.3588



20.1988, 0.3101, 0.3510



37.4207, 0.2980, 0.5929



3.6532, 0.2943, 0.5793



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.5600, 0.3211, 0.2687



57.9873, 0.3230, 0.2567



61.6507, 0.3476, 0.3012



18.2660, 0.3154, 0.3080



14.0644, 0.3490, 0.1696

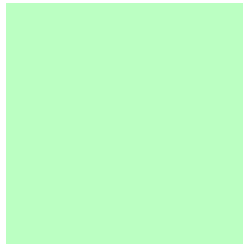


1.3784, 0.3454, 0.1676



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

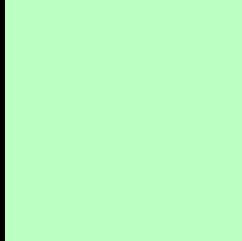
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

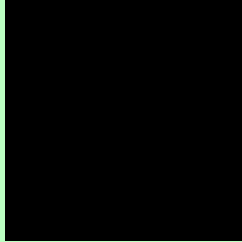
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

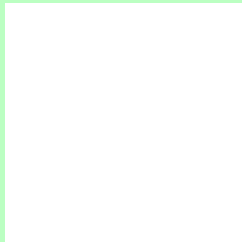
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## **Tritanopia**

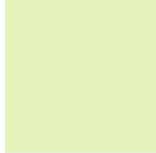
85.9201, 0.2889, 0.3166

# Trichromacy



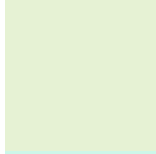
## Original Color

85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



## Protanomaly

85.0335, 0.3364, 0.3873



## Deuteranomaly

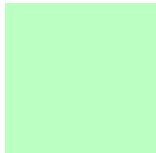
85.0807, 0.3231, 0.3605



## Tritanomaly

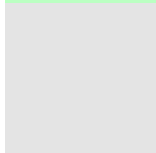
85.3839, 0.2946, 0.3439

# Monochromacy



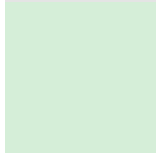
## Original Color

85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978



## Achromatopsia

77.5822, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

80.2531, 0.3096, 0.3529

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 255, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 255, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 255, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 255, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 255, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 255, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 255, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 255, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 255, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 255,  
194) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 85.9798, 0.3053, 0.3978 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 255, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
255, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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